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2nd May	ORIENTAL	8284	HIMALAYA	6898
9th "	CALEDONIA	7358		
16th "	ORIENTAL	8284	MONGOLIA	9003
23rd "	ARABIA	7903		
30th "	ORIENTAL	8284	INDIA	7911
6th June	PERSIA	7917		
13th "	PENINSULAR	5294	VICTORIA	6322
20th "	OCEANA	6610		
27th "	PENINSULAR	5294	BRITANNIA	6325
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OCEANIEN	4,148	Magnan	9th July. "
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IMPERATOR	4140	P. Mosca	16th April 1908.
KOERBER	5301	A. Foresti	1st May 1908.
BOHEMIA	4282	M. Dabovich	16th May 1908.
AFRICA	4506	P. Badersich	1st June 1908.

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Steamers.	Tons	Captain	To sail on or about.
* AUSTRIA	7588	G. Gilhuber	28th Mar. 1908.
* VORWAERTS	5990	B. Beinarz	24th Apr. 1908.
* PERSIA	5695	G. Bartolo	25th May 1908.

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Karachi	44	...	40	...	33	—

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†*City of Glasgow	...	25 Mar.	28 April	...	20 May

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†a Trafford Hall	...	5 Mar.	15 Mar.	7 Apr.	30 Apr.
a** City of Benares	..	12 Apr.	19 Apr.	6 May.	28 "

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PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per P. & O. S. N. Company's s. s. "EGYPT," from LONDON and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, are hereby informed of the Vessel's Arrival, and requested to take immediate delivery of their goods landed at No. 12 Shed, Victoria Dock.

Mr. Whittell, Lloyd's Surveyor, will attend every morning to survey damaged packages. All claims in this respect must be preferred to the Undersigned within 7 days from the date of discharge, and Bills should be presented for payment within one month from the Steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No Surveys will be held on Bag Cargo packed in Single Gunnies only, or on goods removed from the Landing Shed.

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent,
P. & O. S. N. Co.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Iron and Steel, ARRIVED per HANSA LINE s.s. "OCKENFELS," No. 9 Shed, Prince's Dock, are hereby informed that their consignments ex above vessel, are ready for delivery.

E. Y. WATSON,
Superintendent,
Port Trust Docks.

Dated 30TH MARCH, 1908.

NOTICE.

MESSRS. BAUER and KRAUSE'S OFFICE has been REMOVED to STANDARD BUILDING, Hornby Row.

BOMBAY, 30TH MARCH, 1908.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited by 1 o'clock, on THURSDAY, the 9th April, 1908, for the following Services for the Official year 1908-1909 :—

(1). Supply of Road Metal, Sand Stone, Black Sand, Yellow Moorum, Red Hill Earth, Manure, &c.

(2). Supply of ordinary Carts and Bullocks.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the Undersigned. The Undersigned reserves the right to reject all or any Tender and no reason will be given for the acceptance or the rejection of all or any Tender.

E. M. PROES, A. M. Inst., C. E.,
Executive Engineer Presidency.

BOMBAY, 25TH MARCH, 1908.

NOTICE OF SALE OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES.

NOTICE is hereby given that Messrs. YESHWANTRAO KHANDERAO and YESHWANTRAO GUNPATRAO, Receivers, appointed in suite No. 579 of 1905 and 597 of 1906, both of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitants, have contracted to sell to my clients the undermentioned properties.

ALL persons having any claim to or interest in the said properties or either of them, by way of sale, gift, mortgage, lease, inheritance, or otherwise, should, within 14 days from the date hereof, make the same known in writing to the undersigned, at his Office, situated at No. 11 Bell Lane, Fort, otherwise the said purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of pension and tax land or ground situate at Fanaswady 2nd Lane, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay in the City of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 899 and six-ninth Square Yards or thereabouts, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 140, New No. 1185, Old Survey No. 356 and New Survey No. 314, together with the dwelling-house and outhouses standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality under Ward Nos. 4801-2, 4803-4, 4806, and Street Nos. 3, 4, 6, 26, 1-2 and bounded on the East by the said Fanaswady Lane, on the West partly by the property of Jagnath Balaji, partly by the property of Kanoba Balaji and Janardhan Abaji and partly by the property Kashinath Krishnanath, on the North by the property formerly of Anandrao Lakshman and now of Kanji Arjun, on the South by the property secondly described and which said premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the heirs of the said Raghunath Abaji.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of pension and tax land or ground situate in Fanaswady 2nd Lane in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay in the city of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 368 Square Yards or thereabouts registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 140, New No. 1180, Old Survey No. 355, and New Survey No. 315, together with the dwelling-house standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality under Ward No. 4799-4800, Street Nos. 22-24 (1) and bounded on the East by the said Fanaswady 2nd Lane, on the West partly by the property of Narayan Kashinath and partly by the property of Janardhan Abaji, on the North by the property firstly described and on the South by the property of Anandrao Harishanker and which said premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the heir of the late Raghunath Abaji.—Dated this 28th day of March, 1908.

THAKOREDAS A. GANDHI,
Purchaser's Attorney.

THE EMPRESS SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the half year ended 31st December, 1907, of Rs. 15 0 0 per Share of Rs. 500 0 0 paid up.
" 7 8 0 Do. 250 0 0 "
" 3 12 0 Do. 125 0 0 "
" 1 14 0 Do. 62 8 0 "
" 0 15 0 Do. 31 4 0 "
free of Income-tax, will be paid, on application, on and after the 30th March, 1908, to Shareholders whose names are on the Company's Register on the 21st February, 1908.

GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers and Agents.

BOMBAY, 10TH MARCH, 1908.

THE JAMES GREAVES MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the half year ended 31st December, 1907, of Rs. 15 per share of Rs. 500 paid up free of Income-tax, will be paid, on application, on and after the 30th March 1908, to Shareholders whose names are on the Company's Register on the 21st February, 1908.

GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers and Agents.

BOMBAY, 10TH MARCH, 1908.

THE CONNAUGHT MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that DIVIDEND for the half year ended 31st December 1907 of Rs. 15 per share of Rs. 900 paid up free of Income-tax, will be paid, on application, on and after the 30th March 1908, to Shareholders whose names are on the Company's Register on 21st February, 1908.

GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Agents.

BOMBAY, 10TH MARCH, 1908.

THE HOWARD AND BULLOUGH MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the half year ended 31st December, 1907, of Rs. 25 per share of Rs. 500 paid up free of Income-tax, will be paid, on application, on and after the 30th March 1908 to Shareholders whose names are on the Company's Register on the 21st February, 1908.

GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Agents.

BOMBAY, 10TH MARCH, 1908.

THE LEOPOLD SPINNING, BLEACHING, AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the half year ended 31st December, 1907, of Rs. 3 per share of Rs. 100 paid up free of Income-tax, will be paid, on application, on and after the 30th March 1908, to Shareholders whose names are on the Company's Register on 21st February, 1908.

GREAVES, COTTON & Co.,
Secretaries, Managers and Agents.

BOMBAY, 10TH MARCH, 1908.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the Bombay Gazette Electric Printing Works, 2, Green Street, Fort.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

LATEST PUBLICATIONS.

	Rs. a.
The India of the Future. By Col. L. J. H. Grey, C. S. I. With preface by Lt.-Gnl. Sir E. R. Elles, G. C. I. E., reprinted from the W. S. Mag.	0 12
"1857." In Commemoration of the 50th Anniversary of the Indian Mutiny, with an appendix containing the names of the Survivors, Non-Commissioned Officers and Men who fought in India in 1857. Portraits reproduced from the collection of A. Pischgtz. (Now out of print.)	1 0
The Coming Struggle in Eastern Asia. By B. L. Putnam Weale, Author of "Manchu and Muscovite," etc....	10 15
A Calendar of the Court Minutes, etc., of the East India Company, 1635-1639. By Ethel Bruce Sainsbury. With an Introduction and Notes by William Foster. Published under the Patronage of His Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council	9 3
English Socialism of To-day. Its Teaching and its Aim Examined. By the Right Hon. H. O. Arnold-Forster, M. P., Author of "The Citizen Reader," "How to Solve the Irish Land Question," &c. Crown 8vo.	2 3
Wanderings in Arabia. By Charles M. Doughty, Author of "The Dawn in Britain."	14 0

With a Portrait and Map. In 2 Vols.

The fullest and the most remarkable book that has ever treated of Arabia and Arabic life. Mr. Doughty accomplished the feat, never before or since approached by any European traveller, of living for a year and a half among the Arab tribes, and wandering, while openly proclaiming himself a Christian and an Englishman, over half the great Arabian peninsula. Mr. Doughty's unmatched knowledge of his subject renders his book indispensable to travellers and scholars. The reader will be fascinated by the human interest and adventurous career of the great traveller.

No. 10, Downing Street, Whitehall. Its History and Associations. By Chas. Eyre Pascoe. With 52 Illustrations. Crown 4to, cloth gilt...	18 6
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Fevers in the Tropics. Their Clinical and Microscopical Differentiation, Including the Milroy Lectures on Kala-Azar. By Leonard Rogers, I. M. S., F. R. C. S., F. R. C. P., Professor of Pathology, University of Calcutta ...	26 4
Memoirs of Monsieur Claude, Chief of Police, Under the Second Empire. Translated by K. P. Wormeley. With Protraits.	10 15
Daily Mirror Reflections. By W. K. Haselden. Being 100 Cartoons (and a few more) culled from the pages of the "Daily Mirror." ...	0 12
Every Man's Own Lawyer, 1908. A Handy Book of the Principles of Law and Equity. By A Barrister	5 13
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Through the Mutiny. Reminiscences of Thirty Years' Active Service and Sport in India. By T. N. Walker. With Illustrations	6 9

THE CENTURY ATLAS, Rs. 3-1.
66 NEW MAPS.

S. S. "CITY OF GLASGOW."

CONSIGNEES are requested TO TAKE DELIVERY of their CARGO from the DOCK. Chafed or Broken Packages must be surveyed before removal from the Landing Shed. The Undersigned decline to survey Goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse.

Lifts exceeding 30 cwts. will be delivered into Consignees' Boats, and, if not alongside in time, will be landed or placed in boats, at Steamer's Option, at their Risk and Expense.

Captain MACFADYEN will attend every morning to survey Damages, etc., and all Claims must be certified to by him and sent in within a month of Steamer's arrival, or they will not be paid.

KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,
Agents.

Messrs. EDWARD BATES and SONS' AGENCY,
Home Street, BOMBAY, 28TH MARCH, 1908.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

WEEK-END EXPRESS TRAINS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND LONAVLA.

ON and from SATURDAY, the 4th April, 1908, and until further notice the DOWN and UP-LONAVLA EXPRESS TRAINS will commence running between Bombay and Lonavla, on SATURDAY and MONDAYS.

For full particulars see poster notices exhibited at stations between Bombay and Lonavla.

H. C. RADFORD,
For General Traffic Manager.

BOMBAY, 27TH MARCH, 1908.

APPLICATIONS are invited by the 30th APRIL, 1908 for ADMISSION to the Central Police Training School in accordance with the conditions published on pages 494-95 Part I of the "Bombay Government Gazette" of the 19th April, 1906.

M. KENNEDY,
Ag: Inspector General of Police.

POONA, 24TH MARCH, 1908.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

THE Trustees of the Port of Bombay invite APPLICATIONS for the POST of DEPUTY SECRETARY.

The pay of the post is Rs. 600 per mensem rising by five annual increments of Rs. 40 to Rs. 800 per mensem plus Exchange Compensation Allowance (approximately 6½ o/o on salary) and the selected candidate will be appointed on probation for a period of twelve months on a salary of Rs. 600 per mensem plus Exchange Compensation Allowance.

If confirmed in the appointment, the period of probation will count as service, and the selected candidate will become a subscriber to the Trustees' Provident Fund and will have the privileges of the European Service Leave Rules compiled in the Civil Service Regulations of Government. Applications stating age, and accompanied by full particulars of qualification and previous experience, and copies of testimonials, should be addressed to the Secretary, Bombay Port Trust, and will be received up to 1st June, 1908.

Applicants should be Europeans of good education and not less than 25 years of age. Previous experience in Government or Corporation Secretariat duties will be taken into consideration in making a selection.

A first class passage to Bombay will be paid in the case of a candidate selected in England.

A return passage will be granted in case the selected candidate is not confirmed at the end of the year's probation.

By Order of the Trustees,
H. E. HART,
Secretary.

PORT TRUST OFFICE, BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.
They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horisontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting :—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

AMUSEMENTS.

EMPIRE THEATRE.
BOMBAY.

BANDMANN COMEDY CO.
Under the distinguished Patronage of
HIS EXCELLENCY SIR GEORGE SYDENHAM CLARKE, G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E.,
Governor of Bombay.

TO-NIGHT! TO-NIGHT!!
MONDAY, MARCH 30
THE CHRISTIAN
GIGANTIC ATTRACTION.
The Furore of London! The Talk of the Press!
Hall Caine's Triumph.
Now packing the Shaftesbury Theatre.
TUESDAY, MARCH 31.—NIOBE (All Smiles)
The Exceedingly Funny Farcical comedy.
1,000 Nights at the Strand Theatre.
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 1.—THE EARL OF PAWTUCKET.
For the First Time in Bombay.
Cyril Maudes latest London Success,
The Amusing Comedy.
Now running at the Play House, London.
THURSDAY, APRIL 2.—THE MORALS OF MARCUS.
The great Garrick Theatre London Success.
Record Run at the above Theatre.
FRIDAY, APRIL 3.—A MESSAGE FROM MARS
Charles Hawtreys Funny Comedy
Now running in London.
SATURDAY, APRIL 4.—THE SIGN OF THE CROSS.
Wilson Barretts Masterpiece
The World's Record Breaker.
PRICES OF ADMISSION :—Rs. 5, 3 and Re. 1.
Doors open at 8-30 P.M. Commence at 9-30 P.M.
Plan now open at Messrs. ROSE & Co.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

A GREAT BOON.
TO THE BOMBAY PUBLIC.
CINEMATOGRAPHS COME AND CINEMATOGRAPHS GO
BUT THE
"EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH"
IS BOMBAY'S VERY OWN.
TO-NIGHT!
TO-NIGHT AND
EVERY NIGHT,
SUNDAYS INCLUDED.
EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.
NO NEED TO TALK TOO MUCH ABOUT IT.
Every one who has already witnessed
OUR FIRST CLASS AND UP-TO-DATE SHOW
will certainly not fail to come and spend a
"VERY PLEASANT HOUR IN THE EVENING AT OUR MODERN FAIRY PAVILION"
which has been Greatly Improved in many ways
IN TO-NIGHT'S
GRAND ATTRACTIVE PROGRAMME,
WE FEEL SURE THAT
Our kind visitors will be quite astonished at the Films of most wonderful Interest just received from Paris. One of which
has lately created a very Great Sensation on the continent.
WHY HAS THE
EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH
BEEN SO SUCCESSFUL.
Owing to the whole concern being entirely Managed by Europeans.

TOWN HALL.

BOMBAY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.
Selections from Mendelssohn's
"ELIJAH"
will be given on
TO-NIGHT MONDAY, MARCH 30th, at 9-30 P.M.
SOLOISTS :
Miss PROCTER, Miss SHEPHARD, Mr. G. E THOMAS, Mr. G. F. HILL.
CONDUCTOR : Mr. EDGAR FAULKNER,
Prices of admission : Rs. 3, 2, and 1.
Plan at Messrs. S. ROSE and Co.

Y. M. C. A. HALL,
WODEHOUSE ROAD.

CONCERT.
1ST APRIL, 1908, at 9-30 P.M.
IN AID OF
THE GIRLS' FRIENDLY SOCIETY'S LODGE.

PROGRAMME.

1 Quartett.....A Spring Song.....Pinsuti
Mrs. HICK, Mrs. BINNING, Mr. BINNING, Mr. WEST.
2 Piano Solo..."La Fileuse".....Raff
Miss BOLUS.
3 Song....."The Songs my Mother sang". Arthur Grimshaw.
Mrs. BINNING.
4 Duet....."Tell me Pretty Maiden".....Floradora
Mr. and Mrs. BEN HICK.
5 Song....."Happy Song".....Teresa del Riego
Mrs. BLUNT.
6 Song.....The Devout Lover.....Mona Valerie White
(with Violin Obligato.)
CAPTAIN DRUMMOND.

INTERVAL OF 10 MINUTES.

7 Violin Solo...Andante.....Mendelssohn
Mrs. GEORGE MCKENZIE.
8 Song....."Two eyes of Grey".....Daisy McGeoch
Mrs. MACBETH.
9 Piano Solo..Scherzo Op: 31.....Chopin.
Miss BOLUS.
10 Song....."Parted".....Paolo Tosti
Mrs. BINNING.
1 Song.....Selected
Mr. DOUGLAS BINNING.
12 Duet.....With the Spring.....Macbeth
Mrs. HICK and Mrs. MACBETH.

TICKETS Rs. 2 and 1, at Messrs. ROSE & Co., or at the door.

BEWARE of
AMBIGUOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

The ONLY ONE ORIGINAL FIRM OF DASTOOR OCULISTS IS
DINSHAW M. DASTOOR & CO.,
OPPT. THE "BOMBAY CLUB," FORT.

Where Eyes are Examined (FREE of CHARGE) to correct all complicated Errors of Refraction, by our Surgeon-Oculist, DR. DINSHAW DASTOOR, (late Clinical Assistant at the Royal Westminster and other PRINCIPAL EYE HOSPITALS of LONDON) holding DIPLOMAS and CERTIFICATES by the PROFESSORS of the Hospitals testifying to his being "A THOROUGHLY ABLE AND QUALIFIED OPHTHALMIC SURGEON, AND A NEAT AND SKILFUL OPERATOR."

GUARANTEED first quality goods supplied at EXTREMELY MODERATE PRICES.

THE HOME FOR THE AGED
MULKAPETT, HYDERABAD.

THIS INSTITUTION receives the Aged and Infirm Poor of both sexes, irrespective of Class Caste, or Creed.

The Sisters Feed, Nurse, Clothe their Poor, attend to all their wants.

The Home is entirely supported by Voluntary Contributions.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

COMBRIDGE'S LIST.

THE "COUNTRY LIFE" LIBRARY OF SPORT.
Edited by Horace G. Hutchinson.
In this series a Special Feature has been made of the Reproduction of Old Sporting Prints.
Rs. 10-15 per volume.

POLO :
PAST AND PRESENT.
By T. F. Dale. With 83 Illustrations.

BIG GAME SHOOTING.
By various Authors.
Vol. I. Sporting Rifles, European Big Game and American Big Game. With 97 Illustrations.
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By various Authors.
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By various Authors.
Vol. I. Pheasant, Partridge and Grouse. With 61 Illustrations.
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CRICKET.
By P. F. Warner, R. L. A. Jephson, G. L. Jessop, W. J Ford, etc. With 80 Illustrations.

A. J. COMBRIDGE & CO.,
ESPLANADE ROAD, OPP. CLOCK TOWER, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

WANTED an OVERSEER on the yearly Temporary Establishment, on a salary of Rs. 80 per mensem, for the Executive Engineer's Office, at Thana, for preparing projects of Roads and Buildings and checking estimates. Those who have experience of such work and have passed the L. C. E. Examination will be preferred. The applications must reach this Office, before the 5th April, 1908.

H. J. Sykes, B. A., L. C. E.,
Executive Engineer,
Thana District.

Executive Engineer's Office, Thana,
26th March, 1908.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

EDWARD VII, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of BAI AMBUBAI, widow of RANCA SAYENA, late of Bombay, Kamati Hindu Inhabitant, Deceased.

THAKKAR ASSAR JAITHA, of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, residing at New Modi Khana, Sole Executor, named in the Will of the Said deceased.....Petitioner.

ALL PERSONS claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.

Witness, Louis P. RUSSELL, Esquire, Acting Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this Twenty-Sixth day of March, in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Eight and in the Eighth year of our Reign.

The Seal of the High Court, at Bombay.

L. N. BANAJI,
Registrar.

A. M. KAJIJI.

The 26th day of March, 1908.

THAKKAR ASSUR JAITHA,
Petitioner in person.

INSURANCES.

NORTH BRITISH
AND
MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.
ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES :
EDINBURGH : 64, Prince's Street.
LONDON: 61 Threadneedle Street.

Total Funds Exceed	£17,915,000
Total Revenue for 1906 Exceeded	£ 4,000,000

The sum of over ONE MILLION STERLING was divided among Participating Life Policy-holders in 1905, yielding a BONUS at the Rate of £1-8-0 per cent, per annum not only on the original sums assured but also on all subsisting Bonuses.

POLICIES in some cases have been MORE THAN DOUBLED in amount by the addition of BONUSES.

NEW SCHEME.

Double Endowment Assurance in India at English Rates. Full particulars on application.

For 1906 PROSPECTUS and Proposal Forms apply to
Messrs. KING KING & Co.,
Secretaries,
NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.,
KING'S BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

THE INDIAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
Established under the Chairmanship of
The Honourable Sir PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA K. C. I. E.

"ALL INDIA UNITED INSURANCE CO., LD."
Authorized Capital Rs. 5,000,000.
Subscribed Capital Rs. 2,554,300.

COMPANY'S FUNDS.
Invested in Government Securities only.
COMPANY'S RATES.
Lower than those of other Companies.
COMPANY'S BUSINESS.
Done in Bombay as well as in the Mofussil.
FIRE INSURANCE.
Accepted on Buildings, Furniture, Personal Effects, Shops, Godowns, Mills, Factories, Rent, etc.

Further particulars can be had from
JAFFER JOOSAB & CO.,
Secretaries,
1, Green Street, Fort,
BOMBAY.
WANTED AGENTS for Up-country.

"SPECIAL SHORT" ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants &c. Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Three lines—Per insertion One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

NEVER FOUND OUT OF ORDER.—"I am glad to inform you that I have used Singer's Oscillating Machine for last 10 years, and during that time never found it out of order, and even now it work as if it were quite new. Mrs L. ALMEIDA. Girgaum Bombay

"LU-LU" EYE DROPS.—An absolutely non-irritant and a Positive Cure for Sore, Inflamed, Red, and Weak Eyes, Granulated Lids, Corneal Ulcers, etc. Prepared to the Formula of a Surgeon-Oculist (London). Re. 1.—D. M. DASTOOR & Co., Oppt. "The Bombay Club," Fort.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grand Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourself. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

ACCOMMODATION with BOARD, available for Bachelors (Europeans). Terms, &c., on application to Box No. 670, care of "The Bombay Gazette."

ALMANAC for 1908.—Descriptive Sheet Almanac. A Compendium of Official and Commercia Information. Always useful and available in a Condensed Form. Price Four Annas. Apply Box No. 408, c/o "Bombay Gazette." Office.

BANGALORE.—FOR SALE.—A commodious and lofty UPPER-ROOMED HOUSE, with excellent grounds, out-offices, and stabling, having loose boxes, arranged and built in the English style, located in a healthy and quiet part of Bangalore. Any reasonable offer will be accepted. For particulars apply to No. 553, care of the "Bombay Gazette."

BACHELOR.—A young PARSEE BACHELOR, of a respectable family, holding a good position in a well established firm, with future prospects, desires in all good faith, to correspond with a respectable Parsee Lady, with a view to matrimony. Correspondence strictly confidential. Apply Box No. 639, care of the "Bombay Gazette."

BONA-FIDE AUCTION SALE.—On MONDAY, the 30th March, at 10 in the morning, of. Valuable Furniture, Cottage Piano by Marcks, Chubb's large Safe Carpet, Drawingroom Suites, Cabinets, Brass Bedsteads, Glass Porcelain, Silverware, Cameras, Microscope, Curtains, etc., Opposite Grant Road Station up platform, &c., &c.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 8. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

COMPOSITORS WANTED.—Apply the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

COPIES of Mr. JUSTICE BEAMAN'S LECTURE on "Woman's Proper Place in Society," in pamphlet form, Re 1 per copy, can be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office, 2 Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—Rs. 2. Apply "Bombay Gazet'e" Office.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Offices have been MOVED from the premises in Armenian Lane and Meloves Street, and are now located at 2, GREEN STREET (behind the Bank of Bombay), where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all classes of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

FOR SALE.—CHAMPION PEDIGREE. Wire and Smooth FOX TERRIER PUPS, 3½ to 8 months old. Apply before 31st instant, to GEO. JACKSON, Sassoon Dock, Bombay.

FOR SALE.—BAY GELDING, rising 9, very quiet and gentle, would suit Lady. Only EUROPEANS need apply. 117 GREAT WESTERN HOTEL.

FOR SALE.—One 8-10 H. P. four-seated DE DION MOTOR CAR 1907 pattern, absolutely silent, as good as new and in perfect order. Sold for no fault. Cost Rs. 5,500, 4 months ago. With hood, Stepney wheel, tools lamps, nearly new tyres, &c. Price Rs. 4,000. Apply to E. M. PROES, P. W. D. Offices.

GOVERNMENT SERVANT SUPPLIERS.—Messrs. OLIVER and Co. undertake the Supply of Labour in General Cloths. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Servants Patronised by the Officers of the Services. Especially First Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants whom we guarantee. For Bombay Rs. 8, Moffussil Rs. 3 each servant, which stands good for six months. No. 21, Ch. G. St, (First Floor), Fort, Bombay. Established 1872.

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MACHINERY FOR SALE. A Locotype Boiler and Engine, N. H. P. 7, by Robay & Co. certificated 50 lbs. Pressure per square inch. Tested under Hydraulic Pressure to 80 lbs. Just put off work owing to change to Electricity. Open to Inspection. No reasonable offer will be refused. Apply Box No. 403, care of "Bombay Gazette."

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OUR QUOTATIONS for MODERN MOTOR CARS with Equipment of Accessories defy all competition. Catalogues, literature, etc., sent free on application Trial runs by appointment.—HILL SAWYER & Co., Medows Street, Bombay.

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OFFICE DESK.—A standing Office Desk, by John Roberts and Co. Excellent quality and finish. Price Rs. 50. Apply Box No. 397, care of "Bombay Gazette."

"OVERLAND SUMMARY."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete résumé of Indian News, particularly entertaining for Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription (inclusive of postage), One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum.

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ST. RAPHAEL WINE.—An Ideal Tonic Wine, invaluable for invalids and people of weak digestion. Highly recommended by all the leading Physicians in Paris PHILLIPS & Co., Ltd.

TO LET.—TOP FLOOR on the Hill, Gowalia Tank, more suitable for Europeans, Rs. 100. Apply D. L. BATLIBOI, No. 3, Church Gate St., care of Heeramaneck & Co.

TO LET.—OFFICE ROOMS in COX'S Building.

TO LET.—You or those that do not Subscribe regularly to a daily paper, know that they can have this paper delivered at their homes for Re. 20 per annum. The Subscription for 6, 3 or 1 month, is Rs. 11, 6 and 2 Cash, respectively.

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TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey." Bombay to the Bosphorus. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 409, c/o "Bombay Gazette" Office.

WANTED—WOMEN TELEGRAPHISTS for the Government Telegraph Department. Applicants must be over 18 years, and under 30 years. For particulars apply to the ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT, Government Telegraphs, Bombay Sub-Division.

WANTED.—The whereabouts of Mr. JOHN BATFIELD : last seen at the recent Dog Show, held on the Maidan. WHISTLER, care of this Paper.

"WEEKLY BUDGET."—A Summary of the Week's News, published every Saturday Evening. Rs. 12 per annum including V. P. charges.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 170,000

HEAD OFFICE :
60, Threadneedle Street, London E. C,
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARRACHEE, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, COLOMBO KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, PENANG, HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY. Manager.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.
CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,475,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Hamburg.	Medan, Deli (Sumatra).	Foochow.
Bombay	Singapore.	Saigon.
Karachi.	Kwala Lumpor	Shanghai.
Calcutta	Bangkok.	Tientsin.
Madras.	Batavia.	Hankow.
Rangoon.	Sourabaya.	Yokohama.
Colombo	Manilla.	Kobe.
Penang.	Cebu (Philippines).	New York.
Thaiping (Perak).	Hongkong.	
Ipoh (Perak).		

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

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Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVER

TRY A BOTTLE & CONVINCE.

Prof. James' Electro-Tonic Pearls Positively Cure

All Nervous Diseases, Sleeplessness, Failing Memory, etc., and restore Brain Fag, Incapacity for study or business, General Debility, Premature Decay, Exhausted Vitality, the result of over-work and dissipation.

Constitute sustaining and life-giving elements of special value to Professional and Literary Men, Clergymen, Tutors, Students, Lawyers, Clerks, Athletes, Business men, and all engaged in mental occupation.

In Neurasthenia and in old age the effects of these Pearls are peculiarly marked.

Their marvellous curative effects are manifested from the first day of their administration by a remarkable increase of Nerve, and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of courage, strength and comfort. Digestion is invigorated, appetite increases wonderfully, bowels become regular, countenance clear and ruddy, the eyes bright, sight improved, the step and gait again elastic and determined, the temper cheerful, the brain again active, memory tenacious, bodily nourishment increased and energy restored.

Price Rs. 2-0 per Bottle of 40 Pills.

Mr. J.C. Britto from Poona writes that:—"Prof. James Electro-Tonic Pearls did me more good than all other medicine or Pills on the most marvellous Electric belt, that would be produced. Please send immediately two more bottles of it."

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Can be had of all Medicine Dealers. See that you get the genuine, and don't accept substitute. If you find any difficulty in getting from your dealer, please send your order to

THE ANGLO-INDIAN DRUG & CHEMICAL CO.,
136-1 MARKET, BOMBAY, No. 2.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, MARCH 27.] [BOMBAY, MARCH 28,

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Pins.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols	87 13/16		1/4
3 do. Rentes	97		unchgd
3½ do. Sterling Loan	101 1/2		unchgd
3½ do. Govt. Securities	83 1/2		unchgd
Bar Silver in London	25 9/16		unchgd
Do. do. 2 months' hence	25 11/16		unchgd
Do. in New York	55 1/4		unchgd
Exchange on London at Paris	25·13 1/2		unchgd
Do. do. do. Berlin	20·42 1/2		unchgd
Do. do. do. New York	4·86 1/8		1/8
Discount Bank of England Rate	3		since 19inst
Do. Short London Bills, 3 months' sight	2 3/4		unchgd
Do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' s'ght	2 3/4		unchgd
Do. 3 Months' Fine Trade Bills	3 1/8		unchgd
Do. 6 Months' Fine Trade Bills	3 1/4		unchgd
Interest Day-to-day Loans	2 7/8		unchgd
Do. 7-day Market Loans	2 7/8		unchgd

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate)... 1s. 3 23/32d. unchgd.

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay ... ... £ 1,90,000
Gold to Bombay ... ... £ 70,000

COTTON.

Liverpool :—

Spots	Quiet and easier.
Futures	...Steady.
East Indian	...Quiet.
Manchester	...Dull.
Total Sales	4,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export...	300
Imports	3,000
Mid-Americans	5·68—4
Egyptian F.G.F. Brown ...	8 1/8 unchanged.

Future Delivery Prices :—

Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	May-June.	June-July	July-Aug.
5·17	5·16	5·27	5·16	5·25
—04	—04	—04	—04	—03
Aug.-Sept.	**Sept.-Oct.**	**Oct-Nov.**		**Nov.-Dec.**
5·21	5·16	5·12		5·09
—04	—04	—04		—04

New York :—

Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	19,000 bales.
Do. do. last year...	15,000 "
Exports to Great Britain ...	1 000 "
Do. to Continent ...	38,000 "
Spot Cotton—10·10—10.	
Futures—Month of May 9·53—13	Declined owing to unfavourable cables and to bear pressure and to liquidation.
Do. do. July 9·51—08	

New Orleans :—

Spot Cotton—10 1/2—1/8
Futures—Month of May 9·16—12
Do. do. July 9·11—12
Closing Tone of Futures,—Steady.
Cotton Stock in London... ... 10,410 bales.
Week's receipts of Cotton at U.S. Ports... 95,000 "
Do. Exports to Great Britain ... 12,000 "
Do. do. to France and Continent ... 50,000 "
Stock of Cotton at U. S. Ports ... 5,94,000 "
Do. do. at Interior Ports ... 4,85,000 "

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Madras Westerns C.I.F.—4 8/32d.
F. G. F. Tinnevelly C. I. F.—4 24/32d. sellers.
Months—April-May.
Fair Red Coconadas C. I. F.—3 31/32d.
Coconada Ginned—C.I.F.—3 25/32d.

WHEAT.

White Choice Karachi C. I. F.—37—May-June—London—Sellers—Canal.
Red F. A. Q. Karachi, C. I. F.—36 1/2—May-June London—Sellers—Canal.
Tone of Wheat—Dull.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 per cent. ex-ship, 58 1/2
March-April—Antwerp—Dones—Canal.
Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs. 85o/o ex-ship 58
April-May—H A and D—Sellers—Canal.
Brown Cawnpore 53 1/2. April-May—Antwerp—Sellers
Canal.
Tone of Rapeseed—Firmer.
Linseed :—
Tone of Linseed—Firm

MISCELLANEOUS.

Coffee :—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality), 6 unchanged.
Rubber :—
Para Rubber 3s. 3 1/2d.—Sellers.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Package.	Value.	From	Vessel.	Importer.
	Rs.			
3 Boxes gold Bullion	4,52,600	London	Egypt	Chartered Bk
Sovereigns	37,500			
2 Boxes Bars	39,250	Do	Do	Hongkong Bk
41 Bars Silver	77,488			
99 Bars Silver	76,502	Do	Do	Yokohama Bk
1 Box gold Bullion	76,509	Do	Do	Comptoir National
1 Bundle gold coins	2,859	Linga	Warooqua	Gillidhur
Rupees	1,901			
2 Boxes Bars	22,645			
Gold coins	2,486	Aden	Egypt	Sundry Importers
Rupees	5,781			

BOMBAY MARKETS.

SATURDAY EVENING.] [28TH MARCH, 1908.

FINANCIAL.

Bank Rates—

Bank of England ... 3 per cent. from 19th March.
Bank of Bengal ..... 7 per cent., " 26th "
Bank of Bombay..... 7 per cent., " 26th "
Bank of Madras ..... 9 per cent., " 11th "

Money :—

The Market is easier, and probably the best rate obtainable for money fixed for two months is 4 1-2 per cent. per annum.

Exchange :—

There has not been much doing in this market to-day and private paper has been particularly scarce. On the morning the quotation all round for credits was 1-4 1-16 3 months' sight, but as no bills were offered a Bank came in and took every thing available at 1-4 1-32 3 months' sight. There was a moderate enquiry for remittance at 1-3 27-32 T.T. and 1-3 7-8 on demand, but these rates were doubtful at the close. Far Eastern rates are steady.

We quote :—

T. T. on London ...	...	1s. 3 27/32d. to 1/4
Demand Draft ...	...	1s. 3 7/8d. to 3/4
Credits—3 months' sight	...	1s. 4 1/16d.
Do. 6 months' sight	...	1s. 4 5/32d.
Do. 3 months' sight—Francs		168 1/4
Do. 3 months' sight—Marks		137 1/2
Hongkong—20 days' sight...		140
Yokohama—30 days' sight ...		151 3/4
Shanghai—30 days' sight ...		187

Government Paper.

The Market opened unchanged at 96 1-16 for ready and first account and 96 3-16 for the second settlement. Very little business has been done but at the close the market is steady to firm at the opening quotations. More buoyant conditions continue to prevail in Calcutta, their quotations being advised as 96 3-16 ready and 96 3-8 for delivery in a month.

We quote :—

Cash	...	Rs. 96·1
1st Settlement...	...	" 96·1
2nd Settlement	...	" 96·3

Bullion :—

Reuter advises Bar silver unchanged in London at 25 9-16 ready and 25 11-16 for delivery forward in two months, and in New York at 55 1-4. The local market has also been quiet at 66 9-16 for ready bars ex-duty, but for forward delivery quotations have been slightly firmer. Bar Gold is quiet. Bullion shipments to Bombay continue on a fairly large scale, the Mail steamer sailing from London yesterday taking £1,90,000 silver and £70,000 of gold.

We quote :—

		Rs.	a.	p.
English Bar Gold		24	14	0
Australian Bar Gold		24	3	0
Bombay Bar Gold		24	2	0
English Shield Sovereigns		15	2	0
English Dragon Sovereigns		15	3	0
Silver ex Duty—Ready ...		66	9	0
Ditto 1st Settlement ...		65	12	0
Ditto 2nd Settlement ...		65	12	0

COTTON.

Market Report :—

Notwithstanding the drop in prices in the Home markets, our market opened steady at about yesterday's closing rates, and has remained steady throughout the day. There is still some demand for Bengals and though prices are a trifle easier there are few sellers. For Khangaum-Akola there were buyers at Rs. 204 for May delivery.

For ready Broach rates are steadier. There was rather more demand for ready cotton generally but there is no pressure to sell, and holders are anticipating higher prices in the near future.

QUOTATIONS :—

	Rs.	Delivery
Fine M. G. Broach ...	258	May
Fine M. G. Nagpur Kamptí	214	"
Fine M. G. Damangaum Pulgaon	206/7	"
Fine M. G. Khangaum Akola	2 4	"
Fine M. G. Amraoti ...	204	"
Fine M. G. Muttia ...	196	"
F. G. M. G. Khandeish ...	191/2	"
Fine M. G. Khandeish ...	196	"
Fine M. G. Bengals ...	193/7	"
Good Westerns ...	222	"
Good Saw Ginned Dharwar ...	242	"

Liverpool Opener :—

Opening Tone... ... ...Quiet but steady.
Estimated Sales ... ... 4,000 bales.
Total Imports ... ... 4,000 "

Future Delivery Prices :—

M.-A.	A.-M.	M.-J.	J.-J.	J.-A.
5·23	5·22	5·23	5·22	5·21
—04	—04	—04	—04	—04
A.-S.	**S.-O.**	**O.-N.**	**N.-D.**	
5·18	5·13	5·09	5·07	
—13	—03	—03	—03	

MISCELLANEOUS.

Linseed :—

The market is firm and prices are advancing with few sellers.

We quote :—

Ready...	Rs. 8 7 0	B. T.
May	" 8 12 6	B. T.

Rapeseed :—

The market is steady, but there is not much enquiry.

We quote :—

Brown Cawnpore, April May	Rs. 9 9 0	R. T.
" Delhi "	" 9 10 6	"
Yellow Gujerat "	" 10 6 0	B. T.

Gingellyseed :—

The market is quiet with little doing and we quote as under :—

Bold white 85 per cent. ...	Rs. 54 8 0	
Muggy	Rs. 53 8 0	
Yellow Hinganghat ...	Rs. 56 8 0	

Poppyseed :—

Rs. 11 0 0

Tone—Firm.

Casterseed :—

Ready	Rs. 31 8 0	
April-May	" 32 0 0	

Tone—Steadier.

Cottonseed :—

Rs. 25 8 0

Tone—firmer.

Mowraseed :—

Rs. 5 7 0

Tone—Steady.

Groundnuts—

Rs. 43 0 0

Tone—Steady.

Wheat :—

White Delhi, April-May ... Rs. 6 2 6 R.T.

Tone—Firm.

THE SHARE MARKET.

Banks :—

Bombay	...	1,367 1/2
India	...	60 1/2
Indian Specie Bank ...	...	53
Mills :—		
David	...	382 1/2
Kohinoor	...	775
Manekji Petit	...	3,160
Presses :—		
New Mofussil	...	605
Miscellaneous :—		
Colaba Land and Mill...	...	1,000 X.D.
Railways—		
Ahmedabad-Prantej ...	...	552 1/2
Amritsar-Patti	...	112 1/2
Tapti-Valley	...	425

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours, ended at 6 p.m. yesterday :—

Cotton	6,209	bales.
Wheat	4,163	cwts.
Linseed	2,855	"
Rapeseed	7,908	"
Gingellyseed	1,731	"
Poppyseed	45	
Groundnuts	223	"
Castorseed	4,435	"
Rice	76,306	"
Myrabolans	7,074	"
Cottonseed	16,142	"
Mowraseed	572	"
Gram	1,683	"
Jowar	275	"
Maize	Nil.	

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, MARCH 28.] [BOMBAY, MARCH 29.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Pins.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols	87 3-4		1-16
3 do. Rentes	97	un	chgd
3½ do. Sterling Loan	101 1-4		1-4
3½ do. Govt. Securities	83 1-2	un	chged
Bar Silver in London	25 1-2		1-16
Do. do. 2 months' hence	25 5-8		1-16
Do. in New York	55 1-8		1-8
Exchange on London at Paris	25·14	1-2	1-2
Do. do. do. Berlin	20·43		1-2
Do. do. do. New York	4·86 1-4	1-8	
Discount Bank of England Rate	3 p.c.	since	19 inst.
Do. Short London Bills, 3 months' sight	2 5-8		1-8
Do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight	2 5-8		1-8
Do. 3 Months' Fine Trade Bills	3 1-8	un	chged
Do. 6 Months' Fine Trade Bills	3 1-8	un	chged.
Interest Day-to-day Loans	2 7-8	un	chged.
Do. 7-day Market Loans	2 7-8	un	chged

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1s. 3 23-32.

COTTON.

Liverpool :—

Spots	Quiet and easier
Futures	...Quict.
East Indian	...Quiet.
Manchester	... Dull.
Total Sales	3,000 bales
Sold on Speculation and for Export...	200 "
Imports...	4,000 "
Mid-Americans...	...5·66—02
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ...	8 1-8 unchgd.

Future Delivery prices :—

Mar.-Apl.	Apl.-May.	May-June.	June-July
5·23	5·22	5·23	5·22
—04	—04	—04	—04
July-Aug.	**Aug.-Sept.**	**Sept.-Oct.**	**Oct.-Nov.**	**Nov.-Dec.**
5·21	5·17	5·12	5·08	5·06
—04	—03	—03	—03	—03

New York :—

Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	18,000 bales
Do. do. last year ...	18,000 "
Exports to Great Britain ...	11,000 "
Do. to Continent ...	14,000 "
Spot Cotton—10·10 unchanged	
Futures—Month of May, 9·59+06	Declined early owing to unfavourable cables and advance later on bullish week-end figures.
Do. do. July 9·52+05	

New Orleans :—

Spot Cotton—10 1-2 unchanged.
Futures—Month of May 9·80+04
Do do July 9·76+05
Closing tone of futures—steady.
Cotton Total *Visible Supply* ... 2,757,000 bales
" " East Indian 254,000 "
" Quantity in Sight ...9,850,000 "

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

Total Week's Sales	37,000	bales
" Sold on Speculation	.....	"
" Sold for Exportation	1,000	"
" Amounts forwarded to Consumers	59,000	"
" Actual Exports	12,000	"
" Week's Imports	34,000	"
" Stock	1,076,000	"
Surat's Week's Sales	200	"
" Sold on Speculation	.....	
" Sold for Exportation	.....	"
" Amount forwarded to Consumers	1,400	"
" Actual Exports	700	"
" Week's Imports	2,000	"
" Stocks	17,000	"
Afloat Americans	40,000	"
" Indian	9,000	"

SEEDS.

Rapeseed :—

Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 per cent. ex-ship, 58 1-2
Mar.-Apr.—Antwerp—Sellers.
Brown Cawnpore 53 1/2 April-May—Antwerp—Done.
Tone of Rapeseed.—Quiet.
Linseed :—
Tone of Linseed—Firm.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Coffee :—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality), 6 unchanged.
Rubber :—
Para Rubber 3/3 value.

THE MADRAS MARKET.

Banks.

Bank of Madras...	...	...	1,120
Bangalore Bank...	...	...	*Sellers* 120
Commercial Bank	...	...	18
Do. 6 per cent. Cum. Pref	...		65

Mills and Presses.

Bangalore Woollen, Cotton, & Silk...	...	85
Do. do. 6 per cent Deb. 1910	...	1,000
Buckingham Mill 7 o/o Pref. 1st Jan.July...	...	105
Do. do. do. 31st Dec.	...	1,100
Do. 6 per cent. Deb. 1909	...	1,000
Carnatic	...	525
Do. 6 per cent. Deb. 1913	...	1,000
Coimbatore Spinning & Weaving	...	*Buyers* 150
Coral	...	170
Jamalamudugu Press	...	400
Madras United S. W. & M.	...	2,800
Madura	...	150
Mysore Spinning & Manufacturing	...	*nom.* 200
Tinnevelly	...	500
Tadpatri Press (Ord.)	...	550
Do. 7 per cent. Cum. Pref.	...	100
Tirupur Press	...	450

Miscellaneous.

Arbuthnot's Industrials 6 p. c. Cum. Pref.		40
Burmah Oil Coy.		7/8. 6d.
Cochin State Railway 5 o/o Loan (1911)	*Sellers*	102
Ditto ditto 4 o/o Loan (1918)	*Sellers*	98
Deccan Sugar and Abkari, Ld, (Ord.)		...*Sellers.*
Ditto 7 per cent 1st Mort. Deb. (1913)	*Sellers*	1,000
Ditto ditto (1909)	*Sellers*	1,000
E. I. Distilleries & Sugar Factories (Ord.)	...	9s. 6d.
Do. 5 per cent. Deb.	...	*Sellers* £100
Do. 7 per cent. Cum. Pref.	...	*Sellers* 16s. 6d.
East India Tea & Produce...	...	20s.
Indian Aluminium	...	*Sellers* 90
Indian Cycle and Engineering 7 per cent. Deb.		90
Malabar Timber Yard & Saw Mills ...		*Sellers* 100
Do. 7 per cent. Cum. Pref.		*Sellers* 96
McDowell and Co. (Ord.)		*Sellers* 150
Do. 6 per cent. Cum. Pref ...		... 100
Madras Electric Tramways ...		...*nom* £1
Madras Electric Tramway 5 per cent. Debs		£97
Madras Electric Supply Corpn. (10s. paid)		...12s. 6d.
Do. 5 per cent Construction Debentures...		96
Massey and Co. (Ord.)	...	125
Do. 6 per cent. Cum. Pref.		100
Mysore Chromium		*Sellers* 85
New Mysore Manganese	...	20s.
Oakes and Co. (Ord.)	...	100
Do. 5 per cent. Debentures 1910...		*Sellers* 100
Do. 6 per cent. Cum. Pref.		*Sellers* 100
Ootacamund Municipal 6 per cent. Debs.		*Buyers* 100
Oriental Benefit and Deposit Society	...	11-8
Peninsular Mineral (Rs. 80 paid) ...		*Sellers* 77-8
Ramnad Raj Sterling 5 per cent.	...	£101
Rangoon Oil	...	75
Sivaganga Zemindary 5 per cent. Bonds		£100
Smith, W. E. & Co. (Ord.) ...	...	130
Do. 6 per cent. Cum. Pref.		105
South Indian Railway Debentures ...	...	£125
Do. (Capital Stock, 1911)...	...	£103
Southern India Rubber (Rs. 65 paid)	...	40
Shell Transport and Trading Company	...	45s.
Do. 5 per cent. Preference.	...	£ 9½
Shimoga Manganese		*Sellers* 80
Spencer and Co. (Ord.) ...		*Buyers* 150
Do. 6 per cent. Cum. Pref.		105
Tanjore District Board 4 per cent. Loan	...	96
United Coffee Growers	...	50
Vizianagram Mining	...	20s.

INDIAN GOLD MINES.

Anantapur Gold, 17s. 6d. paid ...	17s.
Balaghat, fully paid	7s.
Do. 10 o/o Preference fully paid	13s.
Burma Ruby Mines	...9s. 9d.
Champion Reef, fully paid ...	...5s. 6d.
Deccan Goldfield Development (5s. paid) ...	1½d.
Dharwar Gold, fully paid... ...	9s.
Dharwar Reefs,* fully paid ...	4s.
Glenrock	3d.
Goldfields of Dharwar	... 5s. 3d.
Goldfields of Mysore	*Sellers* 3d.
Hosur Gold Mines (10s. 4d. paid) ...	... 9d.
Hutti (Nizam's), fully paid ...	...28s. 9d
Hyderabad (Deccan)	... 42s. 3d.
Indian Mines Syndicate (3s. 6d. paid)	4½d.
Kempinkote (New), fully paid ...	5d.
Mysore Gold, fully paid ...	...£4-15-0
Mysore Reefs (Ord.)	1½d.
Mysore West (19s. paid) ...	1½d.
Mysore Wynaad (10s. paid) ...	1½d.
Nanjungod, fully paid ...	*Sellers* Rs. 7-8.
Nundydroog, fully paid ...	23s. 9d.
Ooregum, fully paid (Ordinary) ...	10s. 3d.
Ooregum Preference, fully paid ...	15s.
Sangli, 12s. paid	2s. 9d.
Shimoga Goldfields (Rs. 5 paid) ...	Rs. 5
Topuldodi (Nizam's) 15s. paid ...	3/8m.

* Four Dharwar Reefs shares for every three Dharwar Gold shares.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAM NOTICES which must be authenticated by the name and address of the senders, is Re. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

NANGLE—March 23, at Birdwood, Gutacamund, the wife of Captain Kenlis R. Nangle 96th Berar Infantry, of a daughter.

PEGE—March 23, at Dr. Falconer's House, Kamora, the wife of Pensioned Sergt.-Major I. Peck, of a daughter.

REEVES—March, 18, at Balasore, Orissa, the wife of S. R. Reeves, Royal Artillery, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

COATES—ROSS—March 16, at the Cathedral, Lahore, by the Rev. W. B. Handford; Bertie Morton, second son of G. E. Coates, to Ethel Melville, eldest daughter of R. R. Ross.

REIMERS—BOWCHER—March 3, at Christ Church, Rawalpindi, by the Rev. H. T. Wheeler Theodore Carl Reimers, to Ida May Bowcher.

DOIG—ROOKE—March 5, at St. John's Church, Meerut, by the Rev. W. L. Pritchard Shaw, Captain K.A.O. Doig, R. A. M. C., youngest son of Colonel A. Doig, of Wych Hill, Woking, Surrey, to Gladys Mary Shipton, daughter of Lt.-Colonel A. S. Rooke, I. A. and grand-daughter of Colonel E. Brown, His Majesty's Body Guard of the Hon. Corps of Gentlemen-at-Arms.

MORROW—ORDE—March 26, at St. John's Church, Meerut, by the Rev. W. L. Pritchard-Shaw, B.A., Charles Thomas Morrow, of Simla, to Daisy Mildred, eldest daughter of the late James Orde, Esq., of Meerut.

DEATH.

COURJON—March 16, at Comilla, Tipperah, Edmond Courjon, Zemindar, of failure of the heart.

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BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 35m. Sun sets, 6h. 52m. High water, 10-1m., 10-37a. Low water, 4-8m., 4.56a.

Bombay Philharmonic Society, Selections from Mendelssohn's Elijah, Town Hall, 9-30 p. m.

Empire Theatre, the Bandmann Comedy Company, 9-30 p.m.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Esplanade, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p.m. (S. T.)

The Royal Bioscope, Esplanade, 7, 9, and 11 p. m.

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Mar. 29th, in Perigee, 8h. a.m.

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Tuesday, March 31.—Century Spinning and Manufacturing Company, "Bella Vista," Cumballa Hill, 10-30 a. m. B. V. R., Annual prize distribution and Dance, Town Hall, 9 p.m. Empire Theatre, the Bandmann Comedy Company, 9-30 p.m. Excelsior Cinematograph, Esplanade 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p.m. Sun rises, 6h-34m, Sun sets, 6h. 52m. High water, 10-55m., 11-17a. Low water, 4-46m. 4.51a.

Wednesday, April 1.—Municipal Standing Committee, 4-9 p. m. Concert in aid of Girls' Friendly Society Lodge, Y. M. C. A., 9-30 p. m. Madhowji Dharamsi Manufacturing Company, 1 Bruce Lane, 4-30 p.m. Excelsior Cinematograph, Esplanade 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p.m. Sun rises, 6h. 33m.; Sun sets, 6h. 53m.; High water, 11-41m., 11-55a.; Low water, 5-22m., 5-34a.

Thursday, April 2.—Municipal Corporation, 3-30 p. m. Excelsior Cinematograph, Esplanade 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p.m. Sun rises, 6h. 33m. Sun sets, 6h. 53m. High water, 0-25a. Low water, 5-57m., 6-15a.

Friday, April 3.—Second Criminal Sessions of the High Court, 10-30 a. m. Bombay United Spinning and Weaving Company, Oriental Buildings, 3 p. m. Bombay Millowners' Association, annual general meeting, Graham's Building, 4-30 p.m. The Orient Theatre Company, extraordinary general meeting, office of Sir D. M. Petit, Hornby Road, 5 p. m. Bombay Commercial Gymkhana Dance, 9-30 p. m. Excelsior Cinematograph, Esplanade 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p.m. Sun rises, 6h. 32m. Sun sets, 6h. 53m. High water, 0-32a 1-8a. Low water, 6-31m., 6-55a.

Saturday, April 4,—Royal Bombay Yacht Club Races. Excelsior Cinematograph, Esplanade 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p.m. Sun rises, 6h. 31m. Sun sets, 6h. 53m, High water, 1-8m., 1.50a. Low water, 7-5m., 7.35a.

He who ceases to be better, ceases to be good.
—*Oliver Cromwell.*

DEPARTURE OF A NAWAB.—H. H. the Nawab of Cambay left Bombay for Cambay on Saturday.

TRAMCAR ACCIDENT.—On Friday night Mr. and Miss Foster and Mr. Wooly were being driven in a victoria along Cruickshank Road, when it ran into an electric tram car. Miss Foster was slightly hurt by the accident.

GIRLS' FRIENDLY SOCIETY.—For the concert on April 1st a good programme has been arranged and the seats are already being well looked at Messrs. Rose and Company's.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, Japan and Australia per s.s. "Oceana" will be closed at the General Post Office at 7 a.m., on Wednesday the 1st proximo instead of at 8 a.m., the same day as previously notified.

BOMBAY BRANCH ROYAL ASIATIC SOCITY.—The Annual Meeting of the Society will be held on Monday the 30th inst., at 5-45 P. M. (S. T.), for the receipt of the Annual Report of the Metiring Committee, with Statement of Accounts, and for the election of Committee of Management and Auditors.

KNOCKED DOWN BY A CART.—Behramji Furdunji Irani (30), a Parsi, who was suffering from extreme weakness, was passing along Parel Road, Bombay, on Thursday evening, when he accidentally fell against a passing 1-hour cart and was hurt. He was removed to J. J. Hospital, where he died the next day from the effects of the shock he had received.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—At J. J. Hospital, on Saturday, Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coroner, held an inquest on the body of Tabi (40), a Hindu woman. On the 9th instant the deceased was attempting to cross the railway line at Grant Road when she was knocked down by an engine which was being shunted. Both her legs were crushed and she was removed to the hospital, where she died on Friday. A verdict of accidental death was returned.

A GAOL BIRD.—On Saturday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Shaik Ahmed Shaik Ali, a Mahomedan, was charged with causing grievous hurt by means of striking a blow with a belt buckle. Mr. Vicaji F. Vicaji, Pleadar, appeared for the accused while Mr. Desai, Pleader, appeared for the complainant, Taja Hussein, a hawker.

The complainant stated that on Friday last he was walking along Duncan Road when a boy who was pushing a go-cart shoved him with the cart from behind. He asked the boy if he could not see where he was going and what he was doing. The boy apologised; but the complainant was hurt and he abused the boy. Immediately four or five persons set upon the complainant and one of them took out his belt and swinging it round hit the complainant on the left eye. The complainant lost the use of his left eye and bled profusely. In answer to the Magistrate the complainant said he could identify the accused as the person who had hit him with the belt.

The accused said he was too drunk and did not know what he did. He was standing eating "pan" when some persons came rushing at him. The complainant was one of them and had a stick in his hand. The complainant raised the stick to strike the accused when the latter in self-defence hit him with the belt.

Further hearing of the case was adjourned.

THE CENTRAL INDIA MINING COMPANY, LIMITED.

The following is the Directors' report for the year ending 31st December 1907.

"Your Directors have to report that owing to the great advance in the price of Manganese early last year there was considerable competition in the Bhandara District for carts, with the result that the cost of carting was increased considerably and it was found impossible to get down sufficient Ore from the mines to rail-head to complete contracts during the monsoon months. In order, therefore, to carry out these in time, your Directors were obliged to purchase a considerable amount of Ore at a high price, which had the effect of rising the cost of production, and the profits consequently are not as large as they would otherwise have been. Both the Tharsa and Bhandara Steam Tram lines have worked very satisfactorily during the year, and in addition to the Company's own Ore, have carried 63,000 tons of Ore belonging to other parties. During the past year the capital expenditure has again been heavy, but as the Tramways are practically completed, the expenditure in this direction should be very much lessened in future." The nett profits of the year, after deducting interest on Debentures and including the balance of Rs. 2,688-9-3 brought forward from last year, amount to Rs. 4,05,410 0-5, and your Directors propose to dispose of it as follows:—To dividend at the rate of 50 per cent. per annum, free of Income Tax Rs. 2,00,000 to depreciation of block account Rs. 2,00,000 bonus to staff Rs. 4,500 to carry forward Rs. 910-0-5, total Rs. 4,05,410-0-5. Your Directors are glad to inform you that the production of your mines has been well sold ahead for the present year at prices which should show a good result. At present the Manganese market is very bad and sales difficult to effect but your Directors trust there will be an improvement before they are obliged to further sales. All the deposits are developing well and the quality of the Ore has been well maintained. Mr. Charles Aubert joined the Board in place of Mr. Charles Jambon and Mr. T. W. Birkett acted for Mr. H. E. E. Procter during the latter's absence from Bombay.

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The Bombay Gazette.

MONDAY, MARCH 30, 1908.

THE BUDGET DEBATE.

As usual in the debate on the Financial Statement, honourable members of the Viceroy's Council talked more of every other subject than the Budget and its provisions. But it has become the idea of independent members that they must make speeches, to justify their existence, so much valuable time is wasted as official members consider it polite and prudent to reply to them seriatim. Nevertheless Government and its methods were subjected to wholesome criticism and it may be will profit thereby. Of the Budget itself hon. members generally approved, though several suggestions were put forth as to directions in which improvement might have been made. Indian members would have had the salt-tax further reduced and military expenditure brought down to a lower pitch ; commercial members would have voted more for railway construction and rolling-stock. The usual references were made to village sanitation, to the countervailing duties, to indigenous industries and the separation of judicial from executive functions, to unrest and almost every other problem which has come under discussion during the last quarter of a century. The Tikka Sahib of Nabha seems to have been the only member who permitted himself a fling at British administration and its shortcomings. He deplored, we are told, the ignorance of the religious systems of India possessed by English officials, and spoke at some length on the subject of the general discourtesy shown by European officials to Indian gentlemen. The Indian heart, he added, "was not cold ; treat Indians kindly and sympathetically and you will find them ready to lay down their lives for you." Well the same may be said of the European heart and of European friendship ; but the declaration savours of mawkishness. Courtesy meets courtesy and the kindly, sympathetic Indian finds the European equally so. To refer to these matters, however, only serves to widen whatever little breach there may be in parts of the country. In Bombay where the two run together in business so closely, and know one another fully, we do not hear any such complaints, except perhaps from men who are as discourteous to everyone around them as the phenomenally brusque official appears to be to the most sensitive of Indian gentlemen. Still that is a topic which could scarcely have been dealt with by the framer of the Financial Statement, and His Excellency the President manifested that the highest placed official can be courteous and considerate to the Indian gentleman, by permitting him to travel so far beyond the bounds of legitimate debate.

Mr. Harvey, speaking for the Department of Commerce and Industry, made timely reference to the Telegraphs, concerning which we may hear more in the course of the next few days. There is no desire, we are assured, to overwork the subordinate establishment and "it is a matter of common knowledge that the department is already considerably overmanned." That is a statement the subordinate establishment will not endorse and they are not, we believe, convinced that the new system of duties when finally arranged will materially reduce the amount of work done at night or will accelerate business. Government admits that the present scales of pay are insufficient and there have been legitimate cases of complaint, but Mr. Harvey says some have been already remedied and action is being taken in respect to others. We trust that action will not be unnecessarily deferred, for the situation is at present critical and we doubt if the question is not too urgent to admit of the assurance that "a recommendation will shortly be made to the Secretary of State in respect of the pay of the staff" will be accepted as meeting the necessities of the case. Government has moved too slowly in this matter and if they believe that the whole staff of the department, superior as well as subordinate, may be relied upon to spare no pains to attain efficiency and the public may be looked to with confidence for assistance "and perhaps for a time for some forbearance while measures that have been devised in their interests are brought into full operation," they take more for granted than an every day business firm would consider itself justified in asking. Referring to the Government's Railway policy Mr. Harvey stated the case against the private ownership of railway wagons, but the arguments which apply in England can hardly be accepted here in face of the present shortage, and if privately owned wagons were accepted now the difficulty might be surmounted by the companies eventually taking over the stock when the time came to apply English experience to the situation. Mr. Harvey seems reluctant to try the experiment, except in a very limited degree, so we are not justified in concluding that any considerable progress will be made, for the Railway Board, in its memorandum attached to the Financial Statement, does not even yet appear to realise the urgent necessity for adding wagons to the present stock to the extent that Chambers of Commerce and, trading interests have declared to be essential. Yet until that is done it is useless for Government to look forward hopefully, as Mr. Harvey says it does, to the absorption of a much larger proportion of India's mineral resources by Indian industries.

Sir Harvey Adamson made a long and interesting speech, mostly on subjects connected with the other side of India, and, as regards the separation of executive from judicial authority, he held out no immediate hope of its realisation, Government, he said, has decided to advance cautiously and tentatively, which means we take it, that little may be expected during the next decade, though Sir Harvey threw out for criticism a scheme which it is proposed shall be tried in Bengal. Lord Kitchener pointed out the necessity for persevering in his defence projects and Mr. Baker replied to the observations made on his Budget, which, as we have said, were generally favourable. His Excellency the Viceroy, in accordance with custom, closed the debate, and, having expressed regret that famine prevented them offering a prosperity Budget, added that a failure in the monsoon must mean scarcity of produce and consequent distress, and so he was afraid it must always be, except that he firmly believed that new conditions will arise as India developes—not to take the place of a good monsoon but to afford employment and a livelihood to those who might otherwise have starved for want of food. In the present famine Government have already seen something of such conditions, a demand for labour, high wages and an easier means of leaving afflicted districts to gain employment elsewhere. As years go on such conditions will, it was to be hoped, multiply and will more and more assist the opportunities for a livelihood. His Excellency is sanguine as to the development of India's young industries. India, he remarked will require to cherish these, and, he added : "It is on economic and on social questions that the future of India so largely rests—questions full of difficulty, both largely dependent for their solution on the people of India themselves." He claimed that the Government of India was progressive and that it had never receded. It is alive to the interests of the country and, as Lord Minto remarked in his final sentence, it has placed certain proposals for the amelioration of the political position in India before the Indian public, and they have asked that public for its opinion. His Excellency expressed a hope that when the Council next assembled measures will have been accepted by His Majesty's Government and be ready for legislation here, which will go far to meet the aspirations of those who have the welfare of the Indian people at heart ; and we may add to that the hope that famine and its ill-effects will have been dispelled and a new era of agricultural and industrial prosperity may have been begun.

GWALIOR. In Sir David Barr's paper on the Native States of India the other day, the lecturer made special mention of Gwalior, quoting the speech of the Maharaja Scindia welcoming the Prince and Princess of Wales: "Whatever useful work has been or is being undertaken in the various departments of my State, has but one ultimate goal—to help towards the stability of the Empire and with that end in view, to ameliorate the condition of the people over whom I am called to rule." Gwalior was cited as one of the most progressive States and her ruler classed among the most enlightened chiefs. Sufficient justification for Sir David Barr's meed of praise is to be found in the newly issued administration report of the State, which is a record of steady progress and a testimony to the keen personal interest taken by the Maharaja in the affairs of his State. No more apt illustration of what Sir David Barr told the Indian Section of the Society of Arts, of the capable governance of the Native States, could have been furnished than by the timely appearance of this excellently compiled report. The review of the report, penned and signed by the Maharaja himself, shows his Highness's keen appreciation of the value of the work of his various officers. Where praise is due he accords it unstintingly ; where he believes more could have been achieved than is recorded His Highness does not hesitate to say so. It is evident that he supervises the work of administration with untiring energy and is thoroughly conversant with all its details. Where such is the case it is easy to understand the avowed preference of some of our fellow-subjects for the autocratic rule of a Maharaja, and his desire that British India shall be governed more after the fashion of various of the most progressive of Native States where the people are more in touch with their rulers and their rulers with them. The Maharaja Scindia regards his officials not as his servants but as his honourable colleagues in the task of administering the State, and in commenting on the introduction of change in the administrative machinery by the creation of the Majlis-i-Khas he tells them that the duties of this body are to help him in the legislation, carefully to direct the development of the State by suggesting such measures as may most advantageously be adopted for its prosperity and solidarity, to watch the results of orders passed and proposals made, so as to bring to the knowledge of the Durbar any instances of non-compliance or neglect, to become acquainted with every part of the administration and with the broad principles of the Durbar's policy, so as to widen the scope of their usefulness and to ensure the consistent and substantial carrying out of that policy. And His Highness wisely considers that by these means alone will it be possible to strengthen the present foundations of the administration of the State.

The Maharaja's review we believe to be quite unique in Native State Administration reports. It resembles the Budget Speech of the Viceroy, except that it goes more into detail and indicates that there is no corner of the administration which escapes the ruler's eye, notwithstanding that he has a staff of competent and zealous officers. He eulogises the Secretariat staff, whose duties he recognises as both onerous and responsible, and describes the report of the Board of Revenue as the best ever placed before him. Attention is directed to the subject of the post-graduate training of Service school-boys, to the incidence of local cesses, to horse and cattle breeding, a department to superintend which is to be formed, as also one to experiment with model farms. His Highness also notes with satisfaction the progress effected in the Mirkabad Moghias colony where the Moghias have steadily improved their habits and the people are fast becoming, if they have not quite become, agriculturists, their criminal propensities having been very nearly eradicated by the close supervision exercised over them, and by the wider field of labour thrown open to them. A keen interest is taken in agricultural development, and this is well, for with the restriction of opium cultivation the revenues of the State must suffer considerable loss. On this subject the Maharaja expresses himself in these terms :—"It is a matter of great anxiety to the Durbar to notice a decrease of 26,000 bighas in the opium-growing land. The better part of the Durbar's land revenue is supplied by Malwa which depends for its income mostly on this crop. The more this cultivation declines, the more contracted will the Durbar's revenue become, so that a gradual contraction of opium area, from whatever causes arising, has an evil potentiality in it which may not appear on the surface. I cannot read the signs with any certitude, but from what I read and hear, I am led to anticipate a catastrophe which it is fervently hoped will be averted to save the State from an irreparable loss. However, as things are, the Board should lose no time in considering over the matter from all points of view and formulating their recommendations in this behalf for the consideration of the Durbar."

Agricultural Banks have been started and are gaining in popularity, though the average of interest on advances is poor, and in specified areas due attention to the recovery of loans is not paid. Increased efforts are to be made in the Land Records Department with a view to obtaining efficiency. His Highness records his dissatisfaction with the work of his Forest Department. Its report is meagre and the work of demarcation has not been carried out to his satisfaction. The administration of the Judicial Department has improved. Police work has been accelerated and is now declared to be satisfactory. Due attention is devoted to the development of commerce and industry, and the number of mills in the State is gradually increasing. The Educational and Medical departments appear to be working satisfactorily, and in regard to the former the value of technical training is not lost sight of. Irrigation, too, is a subject which has the Maharaja's earnest sympathy, for (as he says) both the need and the possibilities in the territories of the Durbar are enormous. The idea is to have the whole State surveyed from the Irrigation point of view and to get projects of possible works, so as to be always in readiness to start operations in cases of emergency. The necessity for communications and the proper supervision of buildings has been fully realised and notwithstanding the defects, of which the Maharaja is cognisant, in the working of some of the departments, it must be allowed that Gwalior is a remarkably well governed State. Would there were more like it.

AUSTRALIAN IMMIGRATION. Mr. Deakin has a habit of saying startling things of which one hears little more, but his threat to the various States on the subject of immigration is likely to go further, for it is a subject on which England has long been endeavouring to bring pressure and the exclusive policy of the few has aroused no little anger at home. Last year the population of the whole of Australia was only a little over four millions, an increase of about three hundred thousand in five years and as the average annual surplus of births over deaths is sixty-one thousand, the increase is almost entirely accounted for in this way. As the area is within one hundred thousand of three million square miles the population is only about one and a third to the square mile and Mr. Deakin is hardly likely to see the country "adequately peopled." Australia's policy for many years past has been "It is your money we want," for while every hindrance has been thrown in the way of men of the working classes, great efforts have been made to attract Anglo-Indians and others with an assured income who will not contribute in any way to the future value of the country. It is not retired officials that Australia really wants but workmen, especially agriculturists, to open up the land and get its full worth from it. If this is the class which Mr. Deakin means to attract it is the best service he has ever given to the Commonwealth.

The official exodus to Simla commenced with the departure of H. E. the Commander-in-Chief on Friday night, and H. E. the Viceroy on Saturday afternoon. By to-day all the Executive Members of the Viceroy's Council will have left Calcutta.

A European named Edward Booth has been arrested in Calcutta on board the steamer "Lama" on a warrant from Rangoon for having unlawful possession of a bicycle. The accused was taken before the Police Magistrate and released on bail.

An official inquiry, made on Saturday last, throws no light on the cause of the fatal explosion on board the Lightship "Planet" on Friday. It is suspected that it must have been due to leakage in a valve, at the time the man in charge, went to test lantern.

At a largely attended meeting of Extremists and students, in Calcutta on Saturday last it was announced, that Rs. 5,000 had been collected towards a purse, to be presented to Babu Bepin Chunder Pal, who said, his principal work in the future would be to revive the Congress.

The statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad-Dholka Railway for the week ending 8th February, 1908, amounted to Rs. 2,282, being an increase on the corresponding week of the previous year of Re. 1. The total earnings from Ist January to 8th February, 1908, were Rs. 15,074, being an increase on the corresponding period of the previous year of Rs. 3,290.

The statement of traffic of the Ahmedabad-Prantej Railway for the week ending 8th February, 1908, amounted to Rs. 6,700, being an increase on the corresponding week of the previous year of Rs 773. The total earnings from 1st January to 8th February, 1908, were Rs. 33,666, being an increase on the corresponding period of the previous year of Rs. 5,108.

The statement of traffic of the Tapti Valley Railway for the week ending 8th February, 1908, amounted to Rs. 26,873, being a decrease on the corresponding week of the previous year of Rs. 1,380. The total earnings from 1st January to 8th February, 1908, were Rs. 1,38,878, being a decrease on the corresponding period of the previous year of Rs. 1,336.

Among the passengers who proceeded to England on Saturday by the P. and O. Mail steamer "Persia," were The Hon. Mrs. V. G. Lynn, Baron Bayeus, Baroness Bayeus, Mr. Elliot and The Hon. Mrs. Elliot General and Mrs. Dickson, The Hon. Mr. Justice Robertson, The Hon. Mr. J. F. Finlay, The Hon. Mr. F. A. Slake, General Sir A. Gaselee, Lady Gaselee, The Hon. Mr. E. Giles, The Hon. Mr. R. Grosvenor, The Hon. Mrs. Julian Hawke, Sir James and Lady Walker.

The Hon. Mr. Gokhale, in a letter to the "Statesman" last Saturday, in reference his conversation with Sir Harvey Adamson, on the subject of the separation of judicial and executive functions, says, "We want as complete a separation of these functions as possible, and that, over the whole country and at once ; but Government having made up its mind to proceed tentatively, and first to try the experiment over a limited area only, I urge that, that area should be Bengal, including Eastern Bengal."

The following will be the constitution of the Madras Port Trust Board from the 1st April :—Appointed by Government—Mr. F. J. E. Spring, C.I.E., (Chairman), Mr. J. S. Heaney, I.C.S., Commander W. Mitchell, R.I.M., Messrs. S. D. Pears, T. Numberamall Chetty, K. Kuppuswamy Garu, and M. Abdul Kudus Badsha Saheb ; appointed by the Chamber of Commerce,—Messrs. H. S. Fraser, A. Scholl, C. B. Simpson, and H. J. Thomson ; appointed by the Madras Trades Association—Mr. E. W. Orr.

The Sub-Commission of the Budget of the Duma has asked for a reduction of 12,000,000 roubles (£1,200,000) on the Naval Budget for new constructions during the current

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

THE ANGLO-FRENCH ENTENTE CORDIALE:

The Kaiser's Letter.

THE POWERS AND MACEDONIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, MARCH 14.

The Anglo-French "entente cordiale" will derive fresh lustre next May from the double event of the opening of the great Franco-British Exhibition, to be held at Shepherd's Bush, and the visit of President Faillieres who will then come over to London to accompany King Edward at the opening ceremony, which will be in full state. The visit of the French President to the British Capital will be one of State, extending over several days, in the course of which the President will be entertained by the Corporation of London at a dejeuner at the Guildhall and receive an address of welcome enclosed in a gold casket.

It is expected that King Edward will be accompanied by the Queen and the President by Madame Fallieres.

Nothing will be spared either on the French or British side to make the Exhibition a big international success. Extra grants amounting to 795,800 frs. (£31,832) to "defray the expenses of every kind for the purpose of ensuring the participation of the State in the Franco-British Exhibition, as well as to subsidise special groups of exhibitors," have been made by the French Parliament. The largest item on the list is 190,000 frs. (£7,600) for the Department of Fine Arts. The Ministry of Agriculture claims 100,000frs. (£4,000) and the Ministry of Education 70,000frs. (£2,800).

Despite the opposition of the Government, the Radical and Socialist Majority in the Chamber of Deputies, numbering 330 have voted the reinstatement of all the civil servants who have during the present administration been punished for want of discipline and notably for joining trade unions notwithstanding formal official prohibition. The Postmaster General in fact opposed reinstatement of any officials having incurred legislative measures for their political acts or opinions. When the result of the vote was announced, there were cries of "Resign ! Resign !" from the Extreme Left. For some time past there has been a certain amount of tension between the Radical majority and the Government which is reproached with drifting somewhat towards the centre and away from the stalwart Radicals of the "bloc."

This rift moreover shows signs of widening.

THE POWERS AND MACEDONIA.

The British proposal lately announced by Sir Edward Grey in the House of Commons for the appointment of a Turkish Governor General for Macedonia, whose position shall be analogous to that of the Governor of the Lebanon, has now been formally made to the Powers. This high functionary need not necessarily be a Christian. It will suffice if he be a personage whose character and capacity commend themselves to the Powers. He would have a free hand, be secure in his appointment for a term of years, and irremoveable without the consent, of the Powers. The British proposal is extremely unwelcome at the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Office, and the contemptuous references to it, which I reported last week, from Vienna are now followed up by a semi-official declaration that people in London must have known very well that in present circumstances such a measure could have no prospect whatever of success. The Sultan may be expected to fight the British proposal to the uttermost, not by open opposition but by the astute and dilatory means of which he is such a master and above all by his well tried proficiency in playing off one Power against another. Meanwhile the Porte continues to receive applications for the authorisation of new railways destined to promote the economic interests of the States making them, more or less at the expense of Turkey. The Servian Minister at Constantinople presented a note to the Porte on March 10th demanding authorities for the construction of the portion of the proposed railway from the Danube to the Adriatic traversing Turkish territory. The entire length of the projected lines, from Prahovo, near Radujevatz, on the Danube to San Giovanni di Medua, will be 529 kilometres. Of this, 266 kilometres will be in Turkish and 279 kilometres in Servian territory. Of the Servian portion 17 kilometres on the line from Nish to Vranya are now in working, and 130 kilometres from the Danube to Kniazhevats are in process of construction. The entire cost of the Turkish portion is estimated at 41,000,000 f. (£1,640,000) and of the Servian portion at 29,000,000f. (£1,160,000), in addition to which 10,000,000f. (£500,000) will be needed for the purchase of rolling stock, &c. The total amount, 80,000,000f. (£3,200,000), will, it is stated, be provided by French capitalists.

The Greek and Bulgarian Governments will shortly take steps to demand the sanction of the Porte for their respective railway projects.

France though acting independently in the Balkan railways question adopts very much the same attitude as that taken by Russia. She has agatian laws unchanged, conjoined with judgment exhibited by Sir George Couper as the first holder of the amalgamated offices of Lieutenant-Governor and Chief Commissioner.

The Italian newspapers express the hope that the Balkan railway question will offer no hindrance to the reforms in Macedonia but they sensibly point out that personages well informed on Turkish affairs express the opinion that it is difficult to put pressure on the Porte to carry out reforms at the same time that it is being pressed to grant railway concessions. That is just the kernel of the matter and it may be pretty safely stated that none of the Powers except England would be disagreeably insistent with the Porte about Macedonian reforms if its economic interests were served by railway concessions. In fact in Italy the opinion is pretty generally expressed that the only basis of policy lies in economic interests pursued without morbid or hypocritical sentimentality. England's disinterestedness on the subject of Macedonian reforms is ill understood in Italy where these reforms would be welcome, but not at the risk of a disturbance of international peace. Rather than endanger the European Concert by covering the Porte, Italy would be content to see the question of Macedonian reform indefinitely postponed.

THE GERMAN EMPEROR AND LORD TWEEDMOUTH.

Continental opinion has generally been adverse to the action of the London "Times" in publishing on 6th instant that very sensational letter from its military correspondent revealing the fact that certain correspondence concerning naval affairs had passed between the Kaiser and Lord Tweedmouth! When the "Times" in publishing their correspondent's letter declared that they were in a position to confirm its statements, people certainly wondered, for indiscreet and impulsive as the Kaiser may have shown himself to be on various occasions, it was difficult to believe that His Majesty had actually sought to induce Lord Tweedmouth to adopt views detrimental to the interests of British naval policy and favourable to German naval development. Nevertheless there was the high authority of the "Times" for the statement, and hence much uneasiness, a semi-scare in fact, resulted. The French papers accustomed to similarly insidious, sometimes menacing interferences in French affairs on the part of Germany, thought that the Kaiser was giving England a taste of the same policy. They believed, however, that the German plan would fail notwithstanding the efforts of the Liberal Government, the pacifism of Sir Henry Campbell Bannerman, and the Germanophil propaganda of the "Daily News" and "Westminster Gazette."

The German press were moved either to indignation or ridicule. A sharp retort appears in the "Suddentsche Correspondens", one of the organs of Prince Bulow, upon the action of the "Times" in regard to the Kaiser's letter. It says :—

"The excitement caused in England by the dishonest manœuvre of the "Times" with a private letter of the Emperor William has not been rightly understood by all here or in the French Press. This excitement is due neither to the fact that the letter was written to Lord Tweedmouth, nor to its suppositious contents, as falsely given by the "Times." The question is not—as the "Times" would gladly represent it—what would be said in Germany if, in similar circumstances King Edward had written a letter to a German statesman. The question is what would be said in England if an anti-English German paper had published disloyal extracts of a confidential private letter written by the British monarch. A storm of indignation would have broken loose in the United Kingdom and Colonies at such a breach of politi-

cal decency, which would have been especially offensive to British sentiment. This is recognised in England, and that is why public opinion has turned, not against Germany or the Emperor, but in great preponderance against the "Times." The question at stake is the maintenance of epistolary secrecy in correspondence with British statesmen, and not the insinuation which has been repelled in authoritative quarters in England—by the representatives of both political parties—that the German Emperor had done something not permissible. The hackneyed word impulsive is not appropriate here. On the face of it, the letter is much too long, and, so far as its subject was concerned, much too detailed to have been written in a hurry."

The same paper gives an absolute denial to the story that the Emperor endeavoured to discuss military matters with Mr. Haldane at Highcliffe.

It has been observed both here and elsewhere that the "Times" has not maintained its originally very serious account of the nature of the correspondence between the Kaiser and Lord Tweedmouth and has not contested the propriety of the course taken by Parliament in regarding the letters as private documents which should not be published. Nothing but admiration is felt here, and indeed in Berlin also, at the calm and dignified manner in which both Houses disposed of the incident and at the declaration made by Lord Lansdowne on behalf of the Opposition in the Lords. Relief is felt that the matter should be thus closed. Nevertheless it is felt that harm has been done in reawakening British mistrust and ill impeding that establishment of more cordial Anglo-German relations which is so much to be desired.

KING ALFONSO'S VISIT TO BARCELONA.

King Alfonso accompanied by Senor Maura the Premier and Senor Ferrandiz Minister of Marine has paid his long projected visit to Barcelona, which to everybody's relief has passed off without any untoward occurrence. His Majesty reached Spain's industrial capital at 9 a.m. on the 10th and returned to Madrid on the evening of the following day. The King during his stay lodged at the Palace of the Captain General. Both on his arrival and departure the streets were thronged by enthusiastic crowds who warmly cheered His Majesty. A visit was paid to the Liceo Theatre (the scene of the great bomb outrage 14 years ago) to attend a gala concert in the King's honour. Here the immense auditorium was crowded by a distinguished throng who rose and cheered his Majesty enthusiastically for five minutes on his entrance. The King also took several drives through the working class quarter of the city, meeting everywhere with the same sympathetic and hearty reception. A Royal visit was also paid to the Austrian Squadron which came specially to Barcelona to greet the King. The visit was altogether a great success and the King in making it will only enhance a reputation already acquired for being one of the most plucky young Monarchs of Europe.

PORTUGUESE AFFAIRS.

An investigation which has been proceeding for several weeks past into the circumstances of the murder of King Carlos and the Crown Prince has elicited the fact, based on the evidence of eye-witnesses, that 5 or 6 conspirators fired at the royal carriage and probably that the two men killed were not the actual murderers of the King and the Crown Prince. In fact, several witnesses affirm that the murderers escaped unhurt. The enquiry has hitherto been conducted quietly in order not to interrupt the process of political appeasement, but it is now felt that a policy of oblivion becomes impossible and that to grant a full amnesty at present would be equivalent to condoning the acts of assassins who sought to exterminate the whole Royal family. The republicans demand the fullest publicity for an investigation into the murder of the King, declaring that it will exonerate their party of the crime.

G. D. WILLIAMS.

UPRORIA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I have the misfortune to live in the Uproria quarter of Bombay, which corresponds very nearly with the "Quartier Latin" of Paris. It is not called Uproria on the municipal maps, but if our City Fathers (or grandfathers) have any sense of the fitness of things, this error will soon be corrected. The motto of Uproria is that of the monks of Thelema, which, in plain English is "Do what you like and d—n the neighbours." This device ought to be displayed at all the entrances of the quarter, so that the newary stranger might be advised in time. Socially, the Uprorian is a jolly fellow—that is, he so regards himself. His salutation is "Have a drink," and he will slap you on the back and address you by your surname on the shortest acquaintance, without suspecting the existence of certain definite rules by which the use of the term "Mister" is regulated. At table he is hospitable but noisy, and he will shout a conversation to the far end of the board regardless of the intervening talk of his neighbours. In music his taste leans towards the gramaphone and to songs with a lusty chorus, and he can give to a simple game of cards all the characteristics of a political meeting. Late hours are an essential feature of his social entertainments and when his guests depart they are pursued down the street with jokes and parting salutations. The party would lack finish if it did not disturb the neighbourhood. Style is a serious matter with the Uprorian. From the latest thing in scarves, collars and hats to the newest style of boots, he must be in the fashion, as may be seen at the Uproria Club where he does mostly congregate. The Uprorian may always be recognised by his habit of smoking on every occasion when he should not do so. He ignores the very severe prohibitions of the Indian Railway Act by smoking in every railway carriage, and he enters shops and offices cigar in mouth without any idea that the act is an impertinence which classes him at times most unpleasantly in the mind of the observer. He will be asaheb even he is not a gentleman. There are men in Bombay wearing good clothes, who have continued this mannerless habit for years through lack of a little common sense. It is for them that the notice is posted at the door of the Army and Navy Stores. Now, as Uprorians love each other's society, would it not be possible to bring them all together in one happy community, from which quietly disposed folk should be rigidly excluded, for the mixture that at present exists is the cause of much unhappiness, not to say ill-feeling. The complete separation of the Uprorians is a far more urgent matter than even that of a preserve for Europeans.

A combination of house agents and house proprietors (who seem to have so many interests in common, would suffice to realise this project, which would make Bombay a much more agreeable place to live in than it is at present.—Yours etc.,

QUIET.

WINCHESTER CATHEDRAL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The Dean and Chapter of Winchester have appealed for a sum of no less than £86,306 to save the Cathedral from ruin which is threatened mainly by a subsidence of the water-logged bed on which the foundations rest. Much has been contributed in England, but some £40,000 are still required to complete the repair of their national monument. I have offered to remit to England any sums which I may be able to collect in India and am writing to all old Wykehamists in India of whose addresses I am aware. There must, however, be others and many non-Wykehamists, too, who are interested in the preservation of the building, and to them I venture to appeal through your columns. Any sums received will be duly acknowledged and remitted to Winchester.—Yours, etc.

E. JOSEPH, I. C. S.

Rohtak, Punjab.

After more than half a century's service in the Somerset Constabulary, Mr. John Bisgood, deputy chief constable, has tendered his resignation. Mr. Bisgood, who is said to be the oldest police officer in the kingdom, joined the county constabulary on its formation in 1856, and was deputy chief constable for thirty-six years. Previously to joining the Somerset force he was for some years in the Dublin police.

With the laying of the foundation stone of the additional building decided on to raise the existing dam at Assouan, the fate of Philæ is finally sealed. The Duke of Connaught visited Shellal to lay the stone on his way back from Khartoum. The Royal party rode to Shellal on camels. The Government have done what they can to preserve the stability of the famous temples on the Island of Philæ, which will now be submerged for several months each year.

ASIATICS IN NATAL.

PROPOSED LEGISLATION.

Eventual Exclusion of Indians

COMPENSATION FOR ARAB DEALERS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MARCH 27.

In the coming Session, the Natal Government will introduce a Bill controlling the immigration of Indians and fixing the date whereafter the introduction of Indians will be illegal; also dealing with the Arab traders with the object of cancelling their licenses ten years' hence, the State compensating the holders.

ACCIDENT TO FARMAN'S ÆROPLANE.

Lucky Escape.

LONDON, MARCH 27.

Mr. Farman's aeroplane, in turning when the machine was doing forty miles an hour, overheeled and dipped and a wing struck the ground. Mr. Farman was thrown some distance and slightly injured, as was also his aeroplane.

THE NEW ZEALAND LABOUR QUESTION.

Miners Prosecuted.

LONDON, MARCH 27.

The New Zealand Labour Department prosecutes individually the Miners' Unionists, each being liable for ten pounds.

GOVERNMENT AND LICENSING BILL.

"Must be Passed."

LONDON, MARCH 28.

Mr. John Burns, speaking at Battersea last night, said, that the Government were determined to remain in office for another three Sessions and intended to pass the Licensing Bill whatever the consequences might be.

FRANCE AND MOROCCO.

Answer to M. Jaures.

LONDON, MARCH 28.

Despatches from Paris state that the French Chamber has passed the extraordinary credits for Morocco.

The Government indignantly protested against the accusations made by M. Jaures that the French Artillery had massacred Moorish women and children.

EARTHQUAKE IN MEXICO.

Whole Town Destroyed.

HEAVY LOSS OF LIFE.

LONDON, MARCH 28.

An earthquake has destroyed the Town of Chilapa in Mexico.

The ruins are burning and heavy loss of life is feared.

A severe shock has also been experienced at St. Thomas in the West Indies.

CANADA AND IMMIGRATION.

Qualification Law Extended.

LONDON, MARCH 28.

The Dominion Government announces that it will continue, till the end of the year, the regulation, expiring on April 1st, requiring every immigrant to possess twenty-five dollars.

THE PREMIER'S CONDITION.

Little Change.

LONDON, MARCH 27.

Sir H. Campbell-Bannerman passed a quiet night last night and had a good deal of sleep. His strength is much the same.

THE LIVERPOOL GRAND NATIONAL.

An Easy Win.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, MARCH 27.

The race was won by 10 lengths, 6 lengths separating second and third.

Rubio	1
Mattic Macgregor	2
The Lawyer III	3

Also ran—Kirkland, Mount Prospect's Fortune, Springbok, Roman Law, Seisdon Prince, Extravagance, Lara, Nanoya, Tour West, Jenkin's Town, Chorus, York II, Paddy Mahor, Red Hall, Prophet III, Dathi Flaxman, Johnstown Lad, Wee Busbie, Alert III, Wild Fox III.

Starting prices.

66 to 1 against Rubio.
25 to 1 against Mattic Macgregor.
14 to 1 against Lawyer III.

THE UNITED STATES SENATE.

LONDON, MARCH 28.

A despatch from Washington states that the Senate has passed the Aldrich Currency Bill.

BALKAN RAILWAYS.

LONDON, MARCH 28.

A telegram from Sofia states that the Porte inclines to accede to the request of Bulgaria to join the Sofia-Kustendil line with Kumanovo.

DUKE OF DEVONSHIRE'S FUNERAL.

Impressive Ceremony.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MARCH 28.

The funeral of the Duke of Devonshire which took place at Edensor to-day was most impressive. Their Majesties, the Kaiser and other Royalties were represented in a throng of mourners which included members of the Lords and Commons and the Diplomatic Corps.

PRESIDENT FALLIERES' VISIT.

Special Vote for Expenses.

CEMENTING THE ENTENTE.

LONDON, MARCH 28.

The French Government will ask the Chamber to vote an extraordinary credit of 130,000 francs on behalf of President Fallieres' visit to London.

The Government says that the visit will strengthen the Anglo-French entente and will develop the commercial relations of the two countries.

MACEDONIAN REFORM.

Russia's New Scheme.

LONDON, MARCH 28.

Prince von Bulow goes to Vienna on Sunday mainly for the purpose of conferring with Baron von Aehrenthal regarding a new Russian scheme for reform in Macedonia.

This scheme comprises the continuance of the present Inspector-General who will not be removable without the consent of the Powers, and the extension of the rights at present enjoyed by the Russian and Austrian Civil Agents to the Financial Commissioners of the other Powers.

The control of the Administration of Justice will be vested in the Financial Commission and rural watchmen co-operating with the gendarmery, will be posted in the villages.

THE UNEMPLOYED IN NEW YORK.

Ten Thousand Demonstrators.

BOMB THROWN AT THE POLICE.

LONDON, MARCH 29.

At a demonstration by ten thousand unemployed and Socialists, including many women and children, in New York, the police charged scattering the crowd.

A bomb which was aimed at the police fell among the spectators, killing one and wounding several. The bomb-throwers are dying of their injuries.

THE U. S. FLEET.

To Visit New Zealand.

LONDON, MARCH 29.

A despatch from Washington states that the American battleship fleet will visit Auckland.

AMERICA AND VENEZUELA.

Alleged Tampering With Official Mails.

LONDON, MARCH 29.

The United States Minister to Venezuela has demanded an explanation of the opening of the official mails for an American cruiser by the La Guayra Post Office. The Minister characterised the action as very serious.

Venezuela has replied that it was a mistake which only prejudice could regard as serious.

CHINESE RAILWAY LOAN.

Issued in London and Berlin.

LONDON, MARCH 29.

A five per cent. loan on the Tientsin-Pakow Railway, for £5,000,000 has been issued at 98 3/4 partly in London and party in Germany.

HOP GROWERS' DEMONSTRATION.

Protest against American Dumping.

FARMERS DEMAND PROTECTION.

LONDON, MARCH 28.

Great demonstrations took place to-day at Canterbury and Worcester to protest against the dumping of American hops in England thus ruining the English growers. A protective duty was demanded.

The farmers brought cartloads of labourers to join the processions.

UNIVERSITY SPORTS.

LONDON, MARCH 28.

Cambridge has won the University Sports by 6 events to 4.

FOOTBALL NEWS.

Semi-Finals of the Cup.

LONDON, MARCH 28.

The final round of the Rugby County Championship was played this afternoon at Redruth when Cornwall beat Durham by 17 points against 3.

The matches in the semi-final round of the Association Cup were played off this afternoon with the following results:—

The Wolverhampton Wanderers beat Southampton by two goals to nil. The match was played on the Chelsea ground.

Newcastle United beat Fulham by six goals to nil playing at Liverpool.

THE MIDDLESEX REGIMENT.

New Colours Presented.

MEMORIES OF THE "DIE HARDS."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 29.

H. E. the Viceroy visited Allahabad yesterday morning and presented new colours to the 1st Battalion, Middlesex Regiment, His Excellency arrived at Allahabad at 7-30 a.m. On the station platform a guard-of-honor of 100 rank and file of the East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles, with Band, was drawn up, and His Excellency's train came to a standstill, he was received with the Royal Salute, the Band playing the National Anthem.

Earl Minto was received by General Sir E. Locke Elliot, Officiating-in-Command of the Northern Army. Among those present on the platform were—Sir John Stanley, Chief Justice, Mr. Brownrigg, the Commissioner, and Mr. MacNair, the Collector.

After inspecting the guard-of-honour, His Excellency crossed the railway bridge and entering Sir John Stanley's carriage, was driven to the Polo ground, via Queen's road, Canning road and Hastings road. The escort, from the station to the Polo ground, was provided by the United Provinces Light Horse and the roads were lined by the 4th Cavalry, the 9th Bhopal Infantry and the Allahabad Rifle Volunteers. A cordon of Police was formed up behind the Troops lining the roads. Large numbers of people were present on and near the Polo ground to witness the ceremony.

The ceremony of presenting new colours, is singularly interesting and impressive, and on this occasion it was followed with close attention by all who witnessed it.

H. E. the Viceroy was received on the Parade ground by General Keir, Commanding the Allahabad Brigade, who gave the order for the Royal Salute, and then handed over the Parade to Col. Oliver, Commanding the 1st Middlesex Regiment.

THE PRESENTATION OF COLOURS.

The Viceroy was conducted to a special enclosure, near which a guard-of-honour of the Allahabad Rifle Volunteers, with the Band of the 9th Bhopal Infantry, was drawn up and the Middlesex Regiment were drawn up in line. The Band and Drums advanced, playing a slow march from Traviata. The Band and Drums having advanced to the front of the Regiment, the Drummer Call was sounded, and the escort for the colours advanced, under Command of Major Blakeney, D. S. O., and preceded by the Band and Drums playing the "British Grenadiers." Sergeant Major Cook, having handed the old King's Colours to Lieut Wheatley and the old Regimental Colour to Lieut Allott, the escort presented arms to the Colours, the Band playing "God iSave the King." The colours were then trooped and escorted along the line for the last farewell, the Band following the Colours and playing "Auld lang syne."

When this part of the ceremony was over, the old colours were taken to the rear of the line and the Battalion was formed into three sides of a square, in front of His Excellency's enclosure. The drums were piled in the centre of a square, and new Colours were placed upon them.

The Colours were then consecrated by the Rev. D. A. Canney, Garrison Chaplain, assisted by the Rev. E. A. Oldham. The religious service was short but impressive, concluding with the Hymn "Brightly gleams our banner," sung by the whole Battalion.

After the consecration, Major Rowley handed the King's Colours to His Excellency, who presented them to Lieut. Skaife, and the Regimental Colours being similarly handed to His Excellency, by Major Elgee were presented to Lieut. Gibbons.

THE VICEROY'S SPEECH.

H. E. the Viceroy then addressed the Battalion He gave, in eloquent language, a resume of its distinguished history; he described the various episodes of their campaigns in America, in the Peninsula and in the Crimea, and the famous fight, in which they earned the title of the "Die Hards." The Regt., he said, had a magnificent reputation and he trusted and indeed he felt assured, they would endeavour to uphold that reputation. He hoped they would cherish their handsome new Colours as the Regiment in the past had upheld the honour and dignity of the venerable and venerated Colours now replaced.

THE COMMANDANT'S REPLY.

Colonel Oliver, in replying, said, they were very much indebted to His Excellency for the honour he had done them, in performing the ceremony just completed. They had cause for hearty congratulations in having so distinguished a Soldier and Statesman as Lord Minto, to hand over to them their new Colours, and they had listened with great interest to the words he had addressed to them, on the history of their Regiment, of which they were justly proud.

THE CONCLUSION.

Lieuts. Skaife and Gibbons then advanced with the new Colours to their place in line, the Battalion receiving them with the General Salute, while the Band of the Regiment again played the National Anthem.

At the conclusion of the ceremony, the Battalion marched past in column of companies, and His Excellency then went by Motor to the 1st Middlesex Officers' Mess, where he breakfasted with the Officers. After breakfast, His Excellency returned to the station and continued his journey to Gwalior about 11 a.m.

N.-W. RAILWAY.

Doubling of Amritsar-Ambala Line.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, MARCH 28.

The "Civil and Military Gazette" understands that sanction has been given to the doubling of the North-Western Railway, from Amritsar to Ambala and that the work will be commenced at once, and pressed on to its completion. It will take at least two years. The Railway Board has to be congratulated on this decision. The sooner the main lines are doubled, the better for the acceleration of traffic, for the relief of over worked staffs engaged in weaving trains in and out on blocked single lines, during periods of rush and for the safety of the travelling public.

IMPERIAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Maung Bah-Too's Speech.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 27.

Maung Bah-Too welcomed the grant allotted for sanitation in Burma, but urged that sufficient provision had not been made in the Provincial Settlement for the expansion of that young and vigorous province. The allotment for Public Works in the new settlement was entirely insufficient, and Railways were progressing slowly owing to lack of funds, the lines, (1) from Henzada to Kyangia, (2) the Southern Shan States line, (3) the Akyab Chittagong Connection, and (4) some of the Irrawaddy Delta lines, being specially mentioned, the Southern Shan States line being placed foremost for construction when funds for new railways became available.

EMIGRATION TO AMERICA.

Unfavorable to British Indians.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 27.

The following resolution has been issued:—

The Government of India have been informed that industrial conditions in the United States of America are unfavourable to British Indian Immigrants and they accordingly request all Local Governments and Administrations to make the above intimation generally known, particularly in places from which emigration to the United States is believed to be general.

BENCH AND BAR IN BURMA.

The Recent Dispute.

CHIEF COURT DECISION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, MARCH 27.

Relative to the recent friction between the Rangoon Bar and Mr. Cope, District Judge, Hanthawaddy, the following are the views of the Honourable Judges of the Chief Court. On the question, whether an Advocate should be permitted to use an interpreter in examining a Burmese witness:—It is an anomaly that Advocates, who are not acquainted with the language of the Subordinate Courts, should be permitted to practise in those Courts, but the anomaly has existed in the province from the first. The Advocates are, by law, permitted to practise in the Subordinate Courts, and it is incumbent on all Judges to treat the question of interpretation, in such a manner as shall best serve the interests of litigants. Any disadvantages that arise from the use of an interpreter in examining Burmese witnesses, are greatly outweighed by the disadvantage that would arise to litigants in general, by any practice that would tend to exclude many of the Advocates from District Courts, or discourage them from accepting briefs in cases in those Courts; but if an Advocate wishes to use an interpreter, it is essential that the interpreter should be competent, and on this point the Judge's decision must be final. It is to be noted also that there are obvious objections to an Advocate using his own clerk as an interpreter. The Hon. Judges desire that, so far as is consistent with these principles, no obstacle should be thrown in the way of the use of interpreters by Advocates for the purpose of examining Burmese witnesses. A proposal will be submitted to Government for the appointment of a Burmese Interpreter for the Hanthawaddy District Court. Until the orders of Government on this point are made known, the arrangement made by you to permit Advocates to continue to use their own clerks as interpreters, should remain in force.

CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETIES.

Steady Upward Growth.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 27.

A Resolution of the Government of India is published reviewing the progress made with the Co-operative Credit Societies, which have risen since 1906 from 30,000 membership and a capital of Rs. 5,00,000 to 90,000 membership and a capital of Rs. 21,00,000. Government do not favour the introduction of any special procedure for the collection of debts, and they think that time and experience alone can show, whether the combination of the Societies, which is now recognised as essential, can best be effected from above or from below. They congratulate the Registrars upon what has been done and look forward hopefully to the large growth of this useful movement in the future.

LIGHTSHIP EXPLODES.

Two Lives Lost.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 27.

The Lightship "Planet" was blown up this afternoon while lying at Takta Ghat, Calcutta. The cause of the explosion was ignition of gas, with which the vessel was filled. The ship was completely destroyed and it is feared that Chief Engineer Mathews of the R. I. M. S. "Retriever," who was on board, and a Khalassi have both perished.

BEPIN CHANDRA PAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 27.

A meeting is to be held here to-morrow afternoon in the north end of the Town, in honour of Babu Bepin Chandra Pal and the Extremist leaders are appealing for subscriptions in order to present him with a purse.

DHARWAR REEFS COMPANY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, MARCH 27.

Messrs. Scott and Tod of Madras have received a cable from England stating that the Dharwar Reefs Company is to be reconstructed, the present £1 fully paid shares ranking as 15s. paid. There are sellers to-day in London at 3s. 6d.

THE OPIUM TRADE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 28.

It is notified that in the calendar year 1908 not more than 15,100 chests of Malwa opium will be exported.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA" NOTIFICATIONS.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Sinha has been appointed Advocate-General, Bengal, until further orders.

Mr. A. W. Cruickshank has been permitted to resign the Civil Service.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Captain R. H. Thomas, Survey Department, has been granted one year's leave.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Sir F. Upcott is permitted to resign the Chairmanship of the Railway Board from the 31st inst.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Major W. N. Cowie and Captain G. C. Burn are posted to the Hyderabad and Central India Agencies respectively, as Cantonment Magistrate.

Lieut-Col. Balfour, Watson's Horse, is promoted to Brevet Colonel.

Major Jackson, 73rd Carnatic Intantry, is permitted to retire.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

The following promotions are made.—

Calcutta Light Horse.—Capt Pugh to be Major.

Lieutenants Shorrock and Weston to be Captains.

E. I. R. Volunteers.—Captain Pearce to be Major; Lieutenant Hindley to be Captain; Second Lieutenant J. Robertson to be Lieutenant.

Allahabad Rifles.—Lieutenant Abel to be Captain.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Colonel Maconochy, Secretary, Military Supply Department, is placed on special duty under the Foreign Office.

Mr. Dobbs is granted one year's furlough.

Mr. Holland has six months' leave.

Lieutenant Bull, Vaughan's Rifles is posted for employment with the Frontier Militia.

Captain Hepper is appointed Civil Surgeon, Peshawar.

FOR several years a solitary class for teaching Esperanto has been held at the college of St. Cyr, but a second one is now to be started in the Neuilly Barracks of the 46th Line Regiment. What is interesting about this new class is that the professor is a private soldier name Gaston Bordes, who has a diploma in the language, and has on his own initiative obtained his colonel's permission to hold a class. He has already begun giving lessons to about forty men and non-commissioned officers twice a week. It is not very long since the teaching of Esperanto was officially introduced into the Austro-Hungarian army, and it is possible that the example may soon be followed by the French War Office.

A TRAMWAY FOR ANDHERI.

THE following letter has been sent to Government by Mr. Ruttonjee Dossabhoy Curranee:—I have the honour to submit the following project for a Horse-Tramway of narrow gauge, on the same system as working at Nasik at present, of double lines, from Andheri Station to the village of Versowa, with a request that you will be so kind as to recommend my Tramway project and to grant me a lease to carry out my project as per particulars stated below:

1. About 20 years ago, a certain piece of Government land, about 31 acres, adjoining the sea-shore of Versowa, was granted gratis to the late Chief Engineer, B. B. and C. I. Railway, on building terms, who had intented to lay a branch railway along the sea-shore from Mahaluxmi Station to the sea-shore of Versowa, but before he could do anything of the kind, unfortunately he died and his widow surrendered the aforesaid piece of land to the Government as per terms of his lease.

2. Mr. G. W. Vidal, I. C. S., who was acting as Collector of Thana District at that time, made 24 building plots out of the surrendered land, and sold the same by auction under the building terms for fifty years' lease, which fetched about Rs. 30,000, or about 3 annas per yard for the occupancy right of the land, which yields at present annually Rs. 700 in land tax to Government.

3. The present rate of land along the sea-shore of Versowa is about Rs. 3 to Rs. 2 per yard, which proves the appreciation of the sea-shore as a sanitary place close to Bombay.

4. The village of Versowa is known as a future Brighton of Bombay, as stated in the Guide Book of the B. B. and C. I. Railway for Andheri Station, and about 50 bungalows have been constructed up to date.

5. The population of the Versowa village is about 5000 souls, and it is thickly populated mostly by fishermen, who deal in fresh and dry fishes, and a large quantity is exported in Bombay Presidency as well as in China.

6. There are four villages situated on the north of Versowa island, namely, Mar, Dharolu, Arungul, and Axus and the communication between these villages are only made by ferry boats from Versowa to Mar and Dharolu and to those of Arungul and Axus from Mar by footways. All the Traffic of the above mentioned four villages have to depend upon Versowa Road, there being no other way to reach their destinations.

7. Since the plague in Bombay many people have established themselves permanently in Versowa for the last ten years, but the village being 3 1/2 miles distant from the Andheri Station, and there being a scarcity of tongas, which number about 20 at present, the public cannot take the advantage of the sanitation afforded by the fresh breeze of the sea-shore and the natural filtered water, which serves the purpose of a tonic to the invalids.

8. Since the opening of a department of Special Collector for building sites in Salsette, the then Special Collector, Mr. E. G. Turner, I. C. S., as well as the then 1st Assistant Collector, Mr. R. E. A. Elliot, I. C. S, had made up their minds to run a Horse Tramway from Andheri Station to the Versowa village and an estimate was also prepared by them, but as no company had come forward to lay the subject before your Honour, the matter has been dropped for the present.

9. I am going to reclaim my land on both the sides of Versowa causeway road, as shown on the accompanying plan, which is about 6,000 feet in length, and make building plots out of it, and thereby Government revenue on Building Assessment will increase. I also intend to extend the Tulsi Water Pipe, the end of which is situated at present near the Andheri Station, as far as the West end of Versowa causeway road.

10. The authorities of the B. B. & C. I. Railway having succeeded in securing an Artisian Well in their own land near Andheri Station, have resolved to build engine sheds there and to make Andheri a central station for all the local trains to utilise their own water instead of purchasing it from Bandra Municipality. The present number of trains running between Bombay and Andheri is about 60.

11. I am proprietor of an extensive land, of about 600 acres and paying to Government about Rs. 400 annually as land tax, and I am in a position to carry out the Tramway works personally as I am Engineer and Building Contractor, and having served the Bombay Municipality for 15 years on Tansa Water Works and other Drainage Works &c., &c. I resigned my post in the year 1890, and since then I am living in Versowa permanently, and for the last 18 years I am serving as a member of the Local Board of Salsette. I have promoted the village of Versowa, which fact is well known to your predecessors and to your subordinates.

12. I having been recommended by the then Special Collector to take up the Tramway Project, I attach herewith the detailed plan and estimates of my Tramway Project which will cost about Rs. 1,09,000 (one lakh), for your favourable consideration, and hope that your Honour will give your sanction to grant me a lease for 50 years at an annual rent of Rs. 100 (one hundred) and after the expiry of the period for every successive seven years as per section 6 of Indian Tramway, Act of 1886 (Act XL of 1886) which has been attached herewith, as I undertake to widen the existing roads from Andheri Station to Versowa, which is about 3 1-2 miles long, to a width of 40 feet, the existing roads being 18 feet broad at present and also I undertake to pay compensation for the land which may be acquired for such widening, the cost of which would amount to Rs. 30,000, as per estimates attached herewith. The portions of the roads which will be widened by the undertaking of my Tramway Project will be benefical to the District Board, as the Board is intending to widen the existing roads at an enormous cost in future.

Tramway Terms.

1. The Tramway will consist of steel grooved iron rails of a metre gauge of 3 feet 3 3/8 inches broad and the rail section will be equal to 30lbs. per yard, strong enough to bear a load of 7 tons, and will be fixed on wooden sleepers 5 inches broad and 3 inches thick, laid 3 feet apart from centre to centre and will be fastened with fish plates, bolts and spikes, &c., &c.

2. The gap between the rails of double lines will be kept 4 feet clear, as much as is kept in Bombay Horse Tramway.

3. Out of 40 feet of road which has been proposed to be widened, 30 feet will be metalled throughout and five feet open space will be reserved for foot-passers on both the sides of roads.

4. The tram car will be 14 feet long, 5 feet broad, providing five seats in all, each seat 2 feet 3 inches apart from each other. The length of each seat will be 5 feet, providing 14 1/2 inches space for each passenger.

5. The design of the tram car will be on the same plan as those of the cars of Bombay Horse Tramway, having flange wheels and providing shifting cloth screens during the monsoon and dry seasons.

6. Each tram car will carry about 24 passengers including driver, conductor and inspector, and will be driven by two ponies or a big horse, strong enough to pull full loaded car, the weight of which will be about 2 tons.

7. The tram car will be managed by a driver, and conductor, and an inspector will be appointed to look after the traffic.

8. The portions of the roads which will be occupied by the Tramway tract including the middle gap will be maintained by the promotor.

9. The roads will be widened on east side of Gore Bunder Road, which begins from Andheri Railway Station Cross Road to as far as the junction of Wadia's Fountain, and on the Kurla-Versowa Road on south side, which begins from junction of Wadia's Fountain as far as Versowa Tank as shown on plan with red lines.

10. The Tramway work will be completed within two years' time from the date of granting the lease.

11. The Tramway grooved rails of double lines will be laid in the centre of roads. The top level of the rails will be on the same levels as those of the existing road levels in the centre, which will pass through three villages, namely, Andheri, Ambovli and Versowa.

12. The charges for the single journey from Andheri Station to Versowa, 3½ miles, will be kept one anna per head, and half anna from Andheri Station to Ambouli, 1 mile, and for children under eight years of age half charge, but in no case less than half anna for any such journey.

13. The tram cars will run from 6 o'clock in the morning till 9 o'clock in the night, at every arrival and departure of the trains on Andheri Station, and if more traffic is found, the tram cars will be run intermediately in future.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

The Bombay Volunteer Rifles have just brought their Annual Rifle Meeting at Ghat Cooper to a close. The Meeting has been a most successful one both the shooting and attendance being excellent. In the individual competitions there were 189 competitors, the matches at 500, 700 and 800 yards being won by possibles (35) by 34 at 600 and 20, and by 33 at 800, the standard of shooting has been very good throughout as for instance at 700 yards where no less that seven 35's were counted out. The Cup presented by Messrs. Lund & Blockley was won by Sergt. Instr. W. Taylor with a possible. Messrs. Soundy & Co's prize by Sergt-Major G. Rose, also with a possible and Messrs. Thomson & Taylor's prize by Armourer Sergt. P. J. Boylette. The Marksman's competition was won by Lce. Corpl. Edie, "D" Coy. with a score of 32 made in rapid fire at a 3rd class match Target at 300. The Championship Gold Medal was won by Sergt-Major G. Rose with the exceptionally fine score of 202 out of a possible 210, Vol. Osborne, "D" Coy. winning the Silver Medal with 191, Sergt-Instr. W. Taylor the Bronze Medal with 188. A pleasing feature of the meeting was the keenness shown by the Cadets in shooting, several of them competing against Adults all up the Rauge and carrying away some of the prizes.

The team Matches produced very keen competition. "D" Coy. (Govt. Telegraph Office) won the Nicholson Cup with a score of 351 and having now won it seven times, retain this trophy; "A" Coy. were 2nd score 345. The Marching Competition for Adults which consists in a march of about 44 miles by road from Kurla Station to Ghat Coopar Range and there knocking down 10 iron plates 1 foot square at 500 yards was won by "F" Coy. "A" Team in the excellent time of 44 minutes 35 seconds. Teams were allowed to choose their own route and "F" Coy. scored heavily over their opponents by marching across country. "D" Coy. "A" Team, who were second, stuck to the road throughout. A similar competition for Cadets who were confined to the road was won by "K" Coy., (John Connon School) in 55 minutes 20 seconds. "H" Coy. "A" Team (Bo.Ed. Society's. School) ran them very close indeed, being only beaten by 50 seconds. This was a very good performance for the Cadets who marched fully equipped and carried ball ammunition. The marching of the Cadets was exceptionally good and no Cadet fell out on the march. "H" Coy., also won the Blaney Challenge Cup.

The Bayley Company Challenge shield was won by "D" Coy., with a score of 643 points, "A" Coy. being second, score 602. The Highland challenge cup, a competition at falling plates, was won by "F" Coy., in 1 min. 58 1-2 secs., "E" Coy. being second, time 2; min. 27 secs. The best shot of the Battalion in the Annual course is Sergt. F. T. Gidney "C" Coy., who scored 241 out of a possible 260 points. "D" Coy. entered three teams for the Telegraph Officers' Challenge Shield open to all Telegraph Offices in India and Burma. Their A Team put on the very fine score of 409 out of a possible 420 points, securing 1st place. Cr. Sergt. Mackinnon who won the Brind Cup having bad luck in missing a possible by one point, their B team who were 3rd scored 397.

Considering that for the last six years the Corps has had no Rifle Range of its own and has had to depend on the kindness and generosity of other Corps in Bombay for such practice as they have been able to get, the results of the shooting have been most satisfactory. The shooting in the Annual Course has also shown a marked improvement on last year, the classification of the Corps being 133 Marksmen, 453 1st Class and 14 2nd Class shots as against 88, 478 and 7 respectively last year.

EMPIRE THEATRE.

"Sherlock Holmes."

This highly improbable and melodramatic play was staged by the Bandmann Comedy Company to a good house last night. The story is perhaps the most involved ever presented on the professional stage, but the display of revolvers, the drugs, the flashing—and smashing—of lamps and lanterns, the numerous disguises, and the air of something dreadful coming, appeals to the gods, who applauded vociferously. Mr. Claude King was in good form as the supernatural detective, while his low-down rival, Professor Moriarty, was very well played by Mr. Sydney Pease. The ladies seem quite superfluous to the piece, however, and the attempt to drag in a flavouring of sentiment at the fall of the curtain was simply funny. However, that's no fault of the players, and they all did excellently well.

To-night *The Christian*, Mr. Hall Caine's story will be played.

TO-NIGHT'S ORATORIO.

Mendelssohn's "Elijah."

A GREAT musical treat is expected to-night at the Town Hall, when the Bombay Philharmonic Society renders selections from the favourite oratorio, Mendelssohn's *Elijah*. This monumental work of the great composer has retained its popularity through sixty years, and has already been once performed by the members of the Society. Some fifty vocalists and instrumentalists are taking part in the concert, which should bring a great crowd of music-lovers to the Town Hall to night. Mr. Faulkner, who has spent weeks of serious labour in perfecting the large number of participants in the oratorio in the work, will conduct the concert; Miss Clara Proctor, Miss Nancy Shepherd, Mr. Hill and Mr. Thomas will take the solos Seats may be booked at Messrs. Rose & Co's.

TYABJI MEMORIAL.

We are glad to announce that His Highness the Nizam has subscribed Rs. 500 and His Highness the Gaikwar of Baroda Rs. 1,000 to the above fund. The Chief Justice Sir L. Jenkins and His Excellency Lord Lamington have subscribed Rs. 100 each. In some of the districts such as Belgaum, Kandesh and other places various subscriptions, though not large, have been given even by ordinary people, showing the great respect Mr. Tyabji commanded even in the mofussil. The full list will soon be published.

THE EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

A large and appreciative audience assembled last night at the Pavilion of the Excelsior Cinematograph which has been entirely renovated and several improvements introduced, which bids fair to make this show the best of its kind in the city. The films being exhibited this week are "Pretty Typist," "Flower of Youth," "Eternal City," "From Earth to the Moon," "Incendiary Foreman," and "The Runaway Horse." All these are new and are realistic reproductions, some of which represent views of everyday life, while others are of historical importance and some are unrivalled for scenic effects.

BHOWNAGAR NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BHOWNAGAR, MARCH 27.

People are pouring into Bhownagar to attend the Jain Conference, some two thousand having already come while about five thousand more are expected to come during the week. The concession ticket will be available for two months.

Dhola station was the scene of great excitement yesterday morning owing to Mota Mula, high priest of the Bohra community, having come there on his way to Dhoraju to consecrate the musjid built by one Sultanalli Allibhoy at a cost of Rs. 30,000. Dhola station was gaily decorated, while a native band from Surat, which had specially come down to Dhola in advance, discoursed nice selections of music. Mota Mula left by special train for Dhoraju, and the station platforms from Wadhwan station to Dhola were packed with Bohras who had come to pay their homage.

IDEAS ON INDIAN EDUCATION.

The "Morning Post," which is better informed upon Indian affairs than most English newspapers, writes a correspondent of the "Pioneer," has lately had some severe criticisms upon our educational system. "The Indian Government," it says, "of fifty or sixty years ago imported into India a system of instruction borrowed from England, where instruction was not well conducted and education utterly neglected except by one or two pioneers like Arnold of Rugby ..... The marvel is not that these past follies of Indian Governments have produced the Tilaks and Lajpat Rais, but that there should have emerged from so ill-judge a system the many Indians of high character and sound judgment who have adorned the Indian Bench and the Indian public service." The "Morning Post" goes on to indicate a remedy: "What is wanted for Indian boys and young men is a discipline suited to the conditions of Indian life and of Indian religion, accompanied by instruction in the elements of natural science and of history, communicated in the native language of the pupils. English and English letters should be the accomplishment of those for whom there may be scope in Indian careers where English is requisite for the work." It adds, truly enough: "The Englishmen engaged in education in India are, after all, the best judges in these matters. But strange to say, they are not listened to by the Indian Government."

With the general spirit of these remarks most reasonable people will agree. But in one or two important details, the writer goes very far astray. Almost invariably people who have no expert acquaintance with Indian education urge that education should be conducted in the vernacular and as invariably those experienced in the matter recognise the impossibility. There are no posts for which English is not "requisite." Butlers and waiters, and in Madras even the rickshaw men find English "requisite." English is the Imperial language, and no one who aspires to anything but the humblest occupations except perhaps in some mechanical vocations—a matter which does not touch the classes with which we are concerned—no one can neglect English. But otherwise the writer is substantially right.

EDUCATIONAL POLICY.

There is the matter of educational policy. It is a deeply cherished belief that only lawyers—preferably Hindu lawers—should have any voice in directing it, and there is the greatest difficulty in getting Principals of Colleges, to say nothing of Professors on to Senates. If lawyers were confined to the Law Faculty, the improvement in Indian education would be enormous. The people to compose Senates should be chiefly Principals, Professors, and missionaries attached to Colleges, strengthened by native gentlemen of position, if possible some of the aristocracy, a few Civilians and other officials, chosen for scholasly or technical attainments (not because they happen to be drawing the hingest pay), and, where feasible, a few merchants and manufacturers. Political lawyers and all that crew should be declared out bag and baggage.

The "Morning Post" correctly attributes our troubles to the false system imported during the second quarter of the last century. Benthamism in education is bad enough in England; in India it is fatal. Dr. Arnold indignatly withdrew from the London University when he discovered that religion was to be ignored. This defect is so thoroughly recognised that it is not necessary to allude to it further, except to say that where the attempt to give religious and moral training has been made, the results are most encouraging.

But the idea rooting out English is fatuous. By spending enough money, we could bribe a considerable number of people to study the vernaculars and the oriental classical languages. But experience proves that the average student desires English because English is the only means of advancement. And the best general education is a literary education—it takes the place of Greek and Latin in England. By all means have every facility for teaching all kinds of natural science, but, as a matter of fact the market will soon be largely overstocked with science graduates. They are not ordinarily engaged by manufacturers and the like, who prefer men of practical training, and the chief opening is the teaching of science. But the English course ought to be rationally devised, and should consist chiefly of modern and prose authors. The absurdity of the Bombay University in confining all B. A. candidates to Bacon's Advancement of Learning for prose is so inveterate that there seems no hope of its eradication, but the trust of Syndicates generally in text books and chiefly poetry text books is childlike and bland. The young undergraduate is soaked in Keats, and Shakespeare, and Pope and Byron, "What's Hecuba to him or he to Hecuba?" What he requires is a few authors to be studied in bulk, not page, by page, and these should be nearly all prose and nearly all modern until the young man has taken his B. A. degree.

AN IMPRACTICABLE IDEAL.

But what the *Morning Post* says of indiscriminately giving this education is true. It is satisfactory to see that Mr. Giles has stated that universal free education is impracticable in India, but it would be more satisfactory to be assured that politicians at Home will follow the advice of the man on the spot if the Labour party should think fit to demand free education in India. Undoubtedly University Education is too cheap. It should be made still cheaper for the really promising, and, as in England, the parents should pay for the honour men. Let there be scholarships of 50 rupees a month for a considerable number at each College, and let the tuition fees for all others be at least Rs. 40 a month, no College to be affiliated that charged lower fees. If, say, a Missionary College wanted large numbers, it would have to increase the number of its scholarships. Then graduates would be either men of some ability and learning or else men of some means, and they would not drift into low class journalism and pleadership.

Then there the question of providing education for those who do not wish to go to the University. This is an urgent matter, and people seem to be beginning to recognise it. Now all is confusion, the school course is ruined by being subordinated to the University. Almost everywhere the School Final Examination is neglected, and boys try for the Matriculation, although they have no intention of reading for a degree, the reason being that the Matriculation has more prestige. The first thing to do is to prevent any one entering for Matriculation unless he was going to take a College course. This could easily be managed by not giving a Matriculation certificate to any one till he had paid the fee for his first examination in the degree course—one or two years later. Then the secondary system must be improved. The course of study should be different and examinations should be less frequent. There might be literary, modern, and engineering sections as in England, sons of parents of means might be encouraged to stay till the age of eighteen. The fees should be much lower than in Colleges, and Government should recognise a good certificate brought by the member of a high form as giving a claim to employment. It would be well to build plenty of

HOSTEL ACCOMMODATION,

making it free, and to forbid anyone to attend as a day boy unless his parents or guardians lived in the city. As Sir F. Lely pointed out, a very foolish step was taken in abolishing nearly all English Headmasterships of High Schools. It makes a great difference whether or not Indian boys have associated with a good class of Englishman. Probably most school boys never speak to one during their school career. The service should be "entirely" distinct from University professorships, and under no circumstances should a Headmaster be allowed to enter the present Indian Educational service. As it is, Headmasters are brought from England, and at once enter the first vacancy in Inspecting or Chiefs' Colleges where the emoluments are higher. There are at present at least four Bombay Headmasters engaged as Chiefs' Colleges or Inspecting. The pay should be raised, and the largest schools should be

THE PARSI PANCHAYET CASE.

In the Bombay High Court, on Saturday, before the Hon. Mr. Justice Davar, and the Hon. Mr. Justice Beaman, the Bombay Parsi Panchayet Trusts case was further heard. For the plaintiffs Sir D. M. Petit and six others, Mr. G. R. Lowndes, with Mr. F. Sorabji Taleyarkhan, Mr. F. Pestonji Taleyarkhan, and Mr. R. K. Tarachand, instructed by Messrs. Ardeshir Hormasji Dinshah and Co., appeared. For Sir Jamshedji Jeejeebhoy, President of the Trust Board, and his four colleagues, who constituted the defendants in the case, appeared Mr. J. Strangman, with Mr. J. B. Kanga, instructed by Messrs. Craigie Lynch and Owen. Mr. Strangman further examined-in-chief the Trustees's Secretary, Mr Modi. Witness said, the reference to the deed of 1884, consisting of specification of 23 properties, appeared in the Trustees's printed account-book for the Hindu Samvat year 1941. Witness could say from the records, that the Panchayet continued up to the year 1862; in 1860, it published a pamphlet, containing a sort of justification of the work it had done, regarding the social branch of the community's service.

Mr. Strangman: "The Panchayet exercised totally different functions they were of the social character; they had no reference to properties or accounts of any sort."

Further examined, witness said in 1849, the 12 members of the Panchayet, were also members of the Sir Jamshedji Jeejeebhoy Parsi Benevolent Institution. They continued for a year or two, or for some time.

Mr. Strangman: "Have you seen the records, and do you find whether the trustees were members of the Institution also?"

'Yes."

Mr. Strangman: "Have you prepared a statement?" Witness replied in the affirmative: he was going to refer to it, when Mr. Lowndes objected on the ground, that the original document should be produced.

Mr. Strangman remarked, that this would mean the production and proof of ten or fifteen documents. But, instead of wasting time over argument, he would much rather do that.

Witness produced a deed of trust dated 8th July 1858, with an endorsement on it of 10th October 1885. The trust money was Rs. 5,000; the deed had been ferretted out of the records about two or three weeks ago.

Arguments ensued as to its admissibility in evidence; ultimately, it was taken on the records on the understanding that at the end of para. 24 of the written statement, an addition should be made about the newly found deed.

In continuation of his evidence, witness said that donors of Rs. 500 and upwards, generally wrote letters to the trustees, and in a few instances to the Secretary, about the trust-moneys. But in all cases, the receipts were passed by the trustees. All such other letters appeared in the books-of-accounts, annually printed. Plaintiffs had inspected all these books of accounts many months ago. The opening entries in the accounts contained the dates of the letters, the objects of the donation, and other particulars as to how the funds were found.

Mr. Strangman tendered all those letters and first entries.

Mr. Lowndes objected on the ground he had already stated on Friday: but he said, he would have no objection to Mr. Strangman's picking out, say, about a dozen typical specimens, instead of the half-a-dozen he had previously agreed to; those specimens were to be agreed to by consent. Then witness to be generally examined as to the remaining lot. He stuck to that offer.

On the Court upholding Mr. Lowndes' objection, Mr. Strangman said, he would go over the mass of documents, and make the few selections for Mr. Lowndes.

On the point of admission of aliens, evidence was led on correspondence, had between the trustees in Bombay and Dastur Jamasp, father of the present Dastur Hoshang, at Poona; strict injunctions were laid against allowing half-aliens' admission in a newly-consecrated fire-temple there. A letter from Mr. Curseji Manekji Dorabji Maki-Shroff, (who was the father of the late Mr. Manekji Curserji, Judge, and grandfather of Mr. C. M. Curserji, retired Judge, of the Bombay Court of Small Causes,) of the year 1826, was also produced. Similarly, were produced proceedings of the Anjuman, great and small, held on 11th August 1830; of another meeting on 17th August 1880, and other documents, to show the feeling of the community against the admission of aliens or half-aliens into the Zoroastrian Faith. Except the instances of the wife of the sixth plaintiff, (Mr. R. D. Tata,) and a Rajput woman, witness had come across no instances of conversion in Bombay, nor of any in India. The incident of the "Three Pandits" proselytism occured about twelve centuries ago; the French savant Anquetil Du Perron supposed, they taught Sanscrit to the learned Mobed Nerioshang Dhaval, who came from Iran. It might be that the Hindu appellation "Pandit" was applied to learned Parsis, as the Moslem appellation of "Mulla" was also applied to such men. Witness gave other reasons in support of his opinion that "The Three Pandits" must not be necessarily taken to mean as being Hindu learned men, who became converts to the Zoroastrian Faith; but they might be men who, as was the case with Firdoshi Tushi, author of the Parsi Shah-Nameh, or Book of Kings, had rendered important and eminent services to the Zoroastrian cause. Witness produced a reply he had written in November 1902 to Dhanjibhoy M. Vakil, a witness for the plaintiffs, stating it to be a wrong and objectionable custom to invest children of aliens, with the Zoroastrian insignias of religion, the Sudreh and the Kusti. He produced a press-copy of the reply. Witness continued, there was no truth in para. 12 of the plaint that persons professing the Zoroastrian Faith, but who were not Parsi, were admitted to the benefits of the Parsi Trust-funds. All the plaintiffs were Parsis by descent, and Zoroastrians by faith.

Mr. Lowndes, at this stage objected to witness referring to notes and documents, which neither himself (counsel) nor his solicitors had seen.

Mr. Strangman said, then he would prove everything in the usual way.

Inspection of such documents was ordered.

Cross-examined by Mr. Lowndes witness said, he had changed his opinion with regard to the Pandits, after having studied the question further. There were many points in the expert committee's report, on which witness had changed his opinion. The name of Firdoshi Tushi, author of the "Shah Nameh," appeared in an ancient copy of the "Dhup Nirang."

The hearing was adjourned.

ALLEGED MISAPPROPRIATION OF DONKEYS.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Batchelor and the Hon. Mr. Justice Heaton, sitting in the High Court, have disposed of an application for revision of a decision of Mr. C. H. Setalvad, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, in a case against Nagendranath Sen and Gosman Lalla Pathan. Mr. D. W. Pilgamkar appeared for the accused.

The accused were in January last charged by the complainants in the case, Anaji Hanmanta and Mulhari Succaram, with wrongful confinement and criminal misappropriation of thirty-seven donkeys. The Magistrate's note in the case was to the effect that the complainants asked permission of the Court to be allowed not to lead any evidence. By consent the parties had agreed to the following arrangement regarding the donkeys which had been handed over to the complaints. The latter were to keep possession of the donkeys and be responsible for any claims that might be made in respect of them. Complainants said they had no civil claims against accused No. 1 as regarded these donkeys, including the dead one. Complainants were given permission not to lead evidence; and the accused were discharged under section 253, Criminal Procedure Code.

In their petition to the High Court, however, the complainants said the Magistrate, without hearing them or their witnesses, discharged the accused. They said the Magistrate erred in not examining them and was wrong in holding that they were not willing to lead evidence. The Magistrate's permission not to lead evidence was an illegality; and the order of discharge was illegal.

Mr. Justice Batchelor, in giving judgment, said the petition of the complainants formally contradicted that statement of facts which appeared in the Magistrate's judgment. It was, therefore, necessary that the petition should be supported by an affidavit. But the affidavit, which had been sworn, evaded the particular points in which the difference consisted; and upon such an affidavit their Lordships were certainly not prepared to call upon the Magistrate to put to the counter allegations of the petitioners. The application was, therefore, rejected.

SIR D. BARR ON HYDERABAD.

In his lecture on March 12, before the Indian section of the Society of Arts, Sir David Barr made the following reference to Hyderabad:—

Hyderabad is by far the largest State in India. It covers an area of 82,628 square miles, and contains a population of about 11½ millions. His Highness the Nizam, Sir Mahbub Ali Khan, G.C.B., G.C.S.I., is the premier Chief of India. He succeeded his father in 1869 when he was but three years of age, and for fifteen years, during the minority, the State was ably administered by the great statesman Nawab Sir Salar Jung, with whom was associated the Nawab Shums-ul-Umra. Some idea of the condition of Hyderabad in 1869 may be gathered from the following programme of measures of reform laid down by the Government of India for the observance of the joint administrators:—

"The settlement of all past accounts with the creditors of the State, the release of all districts, mortgaged or assigned to chiefs of various denominations in satisfaction of debts, or for the payment of troops and establishments, the gradual reductions of those portions of the army which were not really needed for the defence of the country, the working of the police, the completion of the settlement of the land revenues and the limitation to the State demands to terms of years, the supplying of adequate instructions to district officials, the repairs of existing tanks for irrigation, and the restoration of one useful public works, the repairs of old, independently of the construction of new, roads, the sanitary condition of the large towns, the organization of the Courts of Justice, the prevention of corruption and other malpractices, the enforcement of legal decrees, and the gradual habituation of all classes to respect and obey the laws."

Hyderabad was fortunate in possessing a Minister capable of carrying out such wide and far-reaching reforms. Sir Salar Jung was a man of remarkable ability, who for many years had held the post of Minister under the last Nizam, and being himself one of the nobles of the State, was thoroughly acquainted with the wants of the country and with the defects of the administration. With the sympathetic support of the Government of India he applied himself to the task before him and succeeded during the Nizam's minority of fifteen years in accomplishing most, if not all, of the required measures of reform. Meanwhile the education of the young Nizam was a matter of great concern to the Government of India, and in 1874 a specially selected officer, Captain John Clerk, was appointed guardian to His Highness and superintendent of his studies. The Nizam was invested with full powers of administration in 1884. Sir Salar Jung died in 1885, and was succeeded in the post of Minister by his son, Liakat Ali, to whom the title of Salar Jung II. was granted by His Highness. This young man—though possessed of great ability—had not the tact of his distinguished father, and remained in power less than two years. Sir Asman Jah was Minister from 1886 to 1893, when he was succeeded by his younger brother, Sir Vicar-ul-Umra, who held office till 1901, when the present Minister, Maharaja Sir Kishan Parshad, a descendant of the Peshkar and Minister, Chundoo Lall, was selected by the Nizam for the post. The politics of Hyderabad for the last twenty years may be defined as a series of continuous efforts on the part of successive Ministers to assert themselves in opposition to the Nizam, their ultimate failure and overthrow; and the eventual determination of His Highness to rule his State himself. This he is perfectly capable of doing, for—as I found during the five years I spent as Resident at his Court—he, is by far, the shrewdest man in his State, thoroughly alive to the responsibilities of his great position; and one whose word is to be relied on.

The condition of Hyderabad has improved greatly during the past forty years. The revenues have increased from about one million sterling in 1868, to more than two millions in 1907. Seven hundred and forty-two miles of Railway have been constructed by the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railway Company. Vast sums of money have been judiciously expended on, irrigation by competent English engineers, by the repair of anicuts and channels, constructed hundreds of years ago by the ancient dynasty of the Hindu Kings of Vigaya-nagar. Over 1,800 square miles (or 6 per cent. of the total cultivated area of the State) are now irrigated by 1,347 channels, 370 large and 11,000 small tanks or reservoirs, and 124,000 wells. The Singareni coal-fields, worked by the Deccan Mining Company for the last 25 years, now give an annual out-turn of 450,000 tons of coal. There are 3 spinning and weaving mills and between 60 and 70 ginning and pressing mills in the State. Survey and settlement of land revenue has been carried out in 14 of the 17 districts into which the State is divided. The Judicial system has been placed on a sound basis. In 1870, Sir Salar Jung appointed a Committee of Mohammedan lawyers to frame a code of law which, while based on Mohammedan and Hindu law, incorporates as far as is desirable the provisions of British-Indian Acts. There is a High Court at Hyderabad, and 123 Civil and 271 Criminal Courts in the different parts of the State. The police have been re-organised by an experienced officer, whose services have been lent by the Government of India. There is a force of 44,000 police in the districts and 3,000 in the City of Hyderabad. The army has been brought under good discipline and control, the regular forces, including two fine regiments of Imperial Service Cavalry, numbers about 8,000 men, and is commanded by Afsar-ul-Mulk, who holds the rank of honorary major in His Majesty's army, a fine soldier who has served with distinction in our army. In 1869 Sir Salar Jung initiated a State Educational Department. There are now three arts colleges, 2,669 schools, of which 16 are high schools, and 77 girls' schools. The last available return gives 90,000 boys and 4,900 girls under education. Hyderabad suffered severely from the famine of 1899-1900, the distressed areas and population were given in March, 1900, as 23,000 square miles, with 3½ millions of inhabitants seriously affected, and 51,000 square miles with 6¼ millions partially infected. The Government of the Nizam met the demands for relief with great liberality. During July, 1900, the average daily number of persons in receipt of famine relief rose above half million. To meet this expenditure and to provide funds for carrying on the administration the Government of India granted a loan of two crores of rupees (1,333,000) at 4 per cent. interest, repayable by the State in annual instalments. The arrangement concluded with the Nizam by Lord Curzon in 1902, whereby the province of Berar was leased in perpetuity to the Government of India was a great achievement, for it cut a Gordian knot which puzzled many administrations. The settlement, which was entirely satisfactory to the Nizam, has greatly facilitated the payment of this and other large liabilities. The financial position of the State, which has been its weakest point for many years, is now absolutely sound and satisfactory and there is every reason to hope that Hyderabad is entering upon a period of progress and prosperity.

FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect	Via Turkey Perfect	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bismo Perfect.	Via Lisbon. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 28th March 1908.
(Difference in longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in Transmission. Hrs.	Mts
Turkey	29	19	12 a m	1	55
Teheran	29	15	44 a m	0	25
Suez	29	2	5 p m	0	10

STEAMER REPORTS.

Colombo 28th M. M. "Tonken" from China and N. L. "York" from Bremen arrived.

NOTICES.

Haiti (Welsh Indies) notifies that all offices on Landline system are temporarily closed for International Traffic (21-1-08.)

Moulmein route to Siam via Kenburi right (20-3-08.)

JAMSETJEE NESSERWANJEE PETIT INSTITUTE.

The annual meeting of the Jamsetjee Nesserwanjee Petit Institute was held on Saturday afternoon in the Hall of the Institute at Hornby Road, Fort. Mr. R. M. Patel presided.

The following is the report of the managing committee for the year ended 31st December 1907. The year under report opened with 2,564 members on the rolls and with 387 new admissions and 392 withdrawals, it closed with a total number of 2,559. Among the new admissions, two were life members, 47 first class, 128 second class, and 210 third class. Among the 392 withdrawals one was a life member (the late lamented Bai Awabai Framjee Petit), 101 were first class, 99 second class, and 191 third class members. The number of first class subscribers was 54 less than in the previous year, owing, probably, to the increase in the amount of their subscription, which was raised from Re. 1-8 to Rs 2 per month. The second and third classes show an increase of 29 and 19 members respectively. According to their nationality, the total number of 2,559 members may be classified as follows:—Parsis, 1,835; Hindus, 363; Christians, 288; and Mahomedans, 73. The number of lady members was 27, of whom 6 were life members, 10 first class, 7 second class and 4 third class subscribers. The total number of papers and periodicals subscribed for the Library during the year under report was 207. As more copies than one were subscribed to of several of these papers and periodicals, the total number of such copies amounted to 408. The total number of books added to the Library during the year under report was 1,731 volumes in all, of which 546 were presentation volumes. The following is a classification of the volumes purchased and presented:—Prose 162; Poetry 73; Novel 259; History and Archæology 179; Biography 107; Politics and Political Economy 40; Sociology and Folklore 43; Philosophy 96; Theology 30; (exclusive of Works on Zoroastrianism and Hinduism); Science 101; Manual and Fine Arts 30; Law 63; Medicine 71; Geography, Travels and Topography 95; Sports and Pastime, 12; Latin and Greek Classics 7; Orientalia (including Persian, Arabic, Avesta, Pehlvi and Sanskrit) 120; Works of Reference and Miscellaneous Works 143; Gujerati Works 100. The total sum spent upon the purchase of these Books was Rs. 6,419-14-0, being Rs. 2,456-8-9 in excess of that spent in the previous year. This excess includes a part of the Jubilee Book Fund and also the sum of Rs. 1,000 spent towards the replacement of worn out and missing books. Messrs. K. R. Kama, M. N. Kuka, R. P. Masani, M. B. Davar, B. T. Anklesaria and the Hon. Secretary, were requested to form a sub-committee for the purchase of Books relating to Oriental Religions and Literature, towards which object a Special Fund was collected during the Jubilee Year of the Institute. The best thanks of the Managing Committee are due both to the Book Committee and the special Sub-Committee for their kind assistance. To Mr. M. B. Davar, Ph. D. (Berlin) special thanks of the Managing Committee are due for his careful and painstaking selection of works on Parsi Religion and Literature by different European savants. The number of books lent out to members during the year 1907 was 25,025 in all, of which 1,785 Vols. were works on General prose literature; 694 on Poetical subjects; 13,439 on Fiction, 1,619 on Historical and Biographical subjects; 315 on Political subjects; 519 on Philosophy; 765 on Physical and Biological Science; 202 on Law; 357 on Medical subjects; 375 on Travels and Topography; 396 on Miscellaneous subjects; 32 French, Latin and Greek Classics; 76 on Oriental Literature and Religions; and 4,451 Vols. of Gujarati Literature. The total number of Newspapers and Periodicals lent out during the year was 85,725, making together with the books the grand total of 1,10,750. The rules and regulations of the Institute as amended and revised by a sub-committee appointed for that purpose, were considered, and adopted with certain alterations, at a special general meeting of the members of the Institute, held on the 13th of April 1907. The Managing Committee are very sorry to refer here to the sad loss sustained by the Institute in the lamentable death of Bai Awabai Framjee Petit, which took place at Bombay on the 4th of October 1907. The following resolution in connection with the sad event was unanimously adopted by the committee at their meeting held on the 30th October 1907, copies whereof were forwarded to Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart, and Bai Hamabai Framjee Petit, son and daughter of the deceased Lady: "The Managing Committee desire to place on record their deep sense of sorrow at the very sad death of Bai Awabai Framjee Petit, which took place at Bombay on the 4th of October 1907. Besides being a life member, she was a very generous friend and sympathetic supporter of the Institute. The library owes entirely to her liberality all the new and elegant furniture which it possesses and which she had presented to it, at a cost of nearly Rs. 10,000 when the Institute buildings were thrown open to the use of members. Thus, the connection with the library which was so happily begun by her lamented brother Mr. Jamsetjee and which was kept up after his melancholy death by his revered parents Mr. Nesserwanjee and Bai Dinbai Petit, to the immense advantage of the library, was continued by her till the time of her death. She thought it almost a pious duty to keep up the traditions of her house in connection with an Institution which owes its name and its present prominent position and flourishing condition entirely to the support of her departed brother and the munificence of her deceased parents. She used to take almost a personal interest in the advancement and prosperity of the library, the latest instance of which was her liberal donation of Rs. 1000 towards the Jubilee Book Fund. In her, the Institute has lost a warm friend and sympathetic supporter. The Managing Committee beg to tender their sincere sympathies to the worthy president of the Institute, Sir Dinshaw Petit, Bart. and his sister Miss Hamabai F. Petit, the daughter of the deceased lady, in their sad bereavement." The best thanks of the Institute are due to the following individuals and public bodies for their very kind and useful presents of Books, Reports and other Publications, to the Library, during the year under Report. 1. Bai Meherbai, widow of Mr. A. P. Sethna, the late Hon. Treasurer of the Institute, for the present of two Book-presses containing 412 Vols. of Works on different subjects; 2. Bai Awabai Framjee Petit, 5 Vols; 3. Mr. P. D. Khandalevalla, 16 Vols; 4. Mr. B. A. Kamdin, 38 Vols; 5. Mr. Ardesir Nusserwanjee Mody, 54 bound Files of the "Times of India" and "Bombay Gazette"; 6. Mr. D. J. Tata, 2 Vols; 7. The Nusserwanji Muncherji Cama Charity Fund, 11 Vols: 8. Miss J. B. Lindsey, 1 Vol; 9. The Trustees of the British Museum of London, 1 Vol; 10. The Gujarat Vernacular Society 6 Vols. Thanks are also due to the Government of India, the Bombay Government and the Director of Public Instruction for several valuable and important publications of Codes, Acts, miscellaneous reports and papers. The fifth annual supplement to the General catalogue of books in the library is now in the press and will be shortly ready. A sum of Rs. 6,500 was added during the year to the "Reserve Building Fund" Account, bringing it up to Rs. 29,500. The total funds including the reserve building fund, invested in Government securities amount to Rs. 51,000. Pending its utilisation, a sum of Rs. 5,000 out of the Jubilee Book Fund was also temporarily invested in Government Securities.

The report was adopted. Messrs. K. H Pathare and F. K. Dadachanji were appointed to examine and report upon the voting lists returned by the members. Messrs. Burjorji Rustomjee Modi and S. B. Bilimoria were reappointed auditors for the current year. The best thanks of the members was tendered to these gentlemen for the services rendered by them to the Institute as auditors for the year 1907. A cordial vote of thanks was also passed to the retiring Committee for the able management of the affairs of the Institute for the year 1907. The usual vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the meeting.

Women of the town of Kranichfeld, which lies partly in Weimar and partly in Meiningen, have sent a petition to the Governments of both principalities, asking that something may be done to regulate the closing hours of the public-houses. They complain that after their husbands have been turned out of the public-houses which lie in Weimar they cross the street to Meiningen, where the closing hours are much later.

While sheltering from a snowstorm, after losing their way for twenty-four hours, three railway surfacemen of Hazen, Nevada, the "Mail" states, discovered a three-inch seam of gold in the desert, twelve miles from that place. Directly the news leaked out 500 Government reclamation employees hastened to the scene, and soon Hazen was deserted. Two of the men, Gale and Thompson, staked the ground surrounding the lode.

AN INTERESTING PRESENTATION.

Good Work by a Railway Servant.

A very pleasing little ceremony took place in the Offices of the B. B. and C. I. Railway when the Agent, in the presence of the Officers and senior clerks presented Mr. Kishen Sahai of the Traffic Superintendent's Office, Ajmer, with a medal won by him in the Annual Essay Competition instituted by the Railway Conference Association, the subject of the essay being "The Best Method of dealing with Passengers' Luggage."

The Agent, in presenting the medal, said:—

"I have asked you to meet here to-day in order that we may do honour to Mr. Kishen Sahai who has been awarded a bronze medal by the Railway Conference Association for his essay on "The Best Method of dealing with Passengers' Luggage." The essential portions of the Secretary's letter conveying this pleasing information read as follows:—

"I am directed to forward by registered post to your address, a packet containing a Bronze Medal awarded to Kishen Sahai, Claims Section, Traffic Superintendent's Office of your Railway as third prize in the Annual Essay Competition of 1907, and to request that the medal may be presented by you to the competitor on behalf of the Indian Railway Conference Association. The old saying that a prophet is not without honour save in his own country and in his own house is not entirely applicable to the Railway service. Whatever may be the usual fates of prophets in this country, Railway Administrations certainly do appreciate their good men, and that they encourage and honour them is proved by the recognition just conferred on Mr. Kishen Sahai by the Conference Association. It is a matter of great gratification to me, as I am sure it will also be to the Board of Directors in England, that a member of the Rajputana-Malwa Railway Establishment should have gained this mark of distinction, and I trust that his success may prove an incentive to his confreres employed on both gauges to emulate his example."

Mr. Kishen Sahai, in presenting you with this medal, on behalf of the Indian Railway Conference Association, I beg to congratulate you most heartily, not only on the excellent essay you have written but also on the honour you have gained for yourself and the Administration to which you belong. You hold the distinction, of which you may well be proud, of being the first member of the staff, English or Indian, to win one of the medals annually awarded by the Conference Association, and I trust your present success may prove the forerunner of other and even greater honours."

WHAT! NO TAXES IN PORTUGUESE INDIA!

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—I rubbed my eyes when I read in the Prospectus of the Goa Trading in Oil etc. Co., the announcement that "there are no taxes in Goa,—that firewood is provided free, and that there are no forest restrictions to gathering it—that labour is abundant and cheap!"

"Prodeejouse!" (as Dominie Sampson said)—Has there been any edict published in the "Goa Government Gazette" exempting their Embryo Company from taxation? Have not the worthy promoters—to whose Company I heartily wish all the success they deserve—have not they as yet fallen into the pit of the Portuguese "Pauta" or Customs Tariff Schedules? Lucky fees, be they! Why! there is not a single article of daily domestic consumption that is not taxed and cruelly taxed to boot—from a box of lucifer matches to a rifle! And, every article of export is also crushed down by the Alfandega!

As to firewood being provided free by a liberal Government, and the forests being open to gather it—let the promoters try on that little game, and they will speedily find themselves in that most vermin-infested abode, the Panjim Prison, whence they will not depart till they are cleaned out by extortions under the garb of fines, and "Custas" to greedy Sundry officials.

"As to cheap and abundant labour."—The artizans, such as carpenters, masons, and blacksmiths are no doubt excellent—no better in India"—but my "Bootlere" and "Bobbachi" tell me, that they have mostly taken work in Bombay on high wage. It stands to reason it must be so—labour is fairly plentiful during the monsoon—but by no means abundant, good, or cheap—the embryo Company will not want labour much at that season, and they will certainly experience considerable difficulty in obtaining any considerable number of day labourers during the fair season, even at Bombay wages and they will not be worth much when engaged; for what with Hindu festivals, Sundays, Saints' Days, and dozens of miscellaneous Roman Catholic "festas" and Government decreed general holidays, labourers are idle nearly half the year and are more or less drunk for, at least, one day out of every six!

Let the Promoters bethink them of the good men and true, the wealthy Companies, that have, in days gone by, tried to exploit Goa territory: to wit; the lamented Hon'ble Mr. Rustomji Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, W. Nicol and Co. Ritchie, Stewart and Co. and half a dozen others. They tried everything but "chucked up the sponge" long ago. Far be it for me, of all people, to throw cold water on any such meritorious "Swadeshi" enterprizes, but I write of that I know and testify of that which I have been and respectfully warn the Promoters not to be over sanguine of success.

ARTHUR CRAWFORD.

Matheran, March 29.

ENTERTAINMENT TO THE PETITS.

The President and Members of the Gayan Utejak Mandli entertained Mr. Bomonji D. Petit and Mr. Jehangir B. Petit on Saturday as a mark of appreciation of their services and benevolence in connection with the starting of the Parsi Hospital, the former has given a handsome donation of five lakhs while the latter has succeeded in collecting fourteen lakhs of rupees for this new Institution.

Mr. Hormusjee Muncherjee Cama, President of the Mandli, proposed the health of the guests of the evening, Mr. Bomonji Petit briefly replying observed that his good late father Sir Dinshah had always impressed upon the mind of his children that the greatest happiness of life consisted in possessing a charitably disposed heart. His (the speaker's) intention had been to walk in the footsteps of his late father whose motto was "whatever thou hast given away wilt thou take with thee."

Two separate addresses were then presented to the guests later in the evening when a large number of leading citizens were invited to an evening party. The Mandli being a philharmonic Society a concert followed and some high class music was provided for the guests and their friends.

SAVED BY WIRELESS.

Burning Steamer's Signal Answered.

March 13, New York.

The steamer "Providence," of the Fall River line, was in Long Island Sound yesterday morning, about two hours' journey from New York, when fire was discovered on board.

The passengers, of whom there were more than 500 on board, where roused from their cabins and rushed on deck in a panic.

Captain Wilson sent out wireless messages for aid, and to his great relief an answer was returned from the steamer "Peck," which was only a few miles distant from the "Providence" and sailing practically on the same course.

The "Peck" at once went to the assistance of the "Providence," and Captain Wilson transferred all his passengers to her, while the crew of the "Providence" fought the fire, and finally, after several hours' work, the flames were subdued and the two vessels proceeded together to New York.

Most of the passengers were from Boston and the New England States, but among them were a number of fashionable New Yorkers, who joined the boat at New-port, and were returning to the city from their villas at that resort.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, MARCH 29.

Light rain has fallen at a few stations in the extreme South of India. The depression from Persia, now entering India has given a light precipitation in the extreme North, while clouds have spread over the greater part of North-West India.

Burma.—Light to moderate clouds are reported from the greater parts of the Province.

North-East India, including Orissa.—Skies have cleared, except in Orissa.

The United Provinces, Central India, Central Provinces.—No clouds are reported.

North-West India.—Light precipitation has occurred in Kashmir, Minimarg records three-quarters of an inch of rain; Sonemarg half an inch. Skies are heavily overcast in Kashmir, light to moderate clouds are spread over the West of the Division, except in Gujarat.

Peninsula.—Few light thunder showers are reported from the extreme South, skies are clear or lightly clouded.

Forecast.—Local precipitation probable in the extreme North of India; few thunderstorms are possible in Burma and North-East India.

SIMLA, MARCH 28.

The rainfall which was diminished in the extreme South of the Peninsula, has been only local on the whole; light rain has fallen at Benares, and Hazaribagh during thunderstorms. The depression only evidences its existence, by a marked increase in cloud and a rise of temperature in the extreme North of India.

Burma.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded; humidity and temperature are normal.

North-East India and Orissa.—Hazaribagh had half an inch of rain; skies are clear or lightly clouded; moisture in air has decreased considerably below the average in Eastern Bengal, Bengal and Orissa, but is still above the average in Chota Nagpur, and Behar; temperature has fallen, but in parts it is now normal or in defect.

United Provinces, Central India, and the Central Provinces.—Benares reports a light fall of rain; skies have cleared except at a few stations; humidity has decreased, but is still above the average in the greater part of the Division; temperature remains normal in the United Provinces, but has risen elsewhere, though still in defect in the Central Provinces and the West of Central India.

North-West India.—Skies are clear in the South of the Punjab, Rajputana, Gujarat and Lower Sind, but lightly to moderately clouded in the rest of the Division; air is slightly damper than usual in East Rajputana and Upper Sind, but drier elsewhere; temperature has risen in the greater part of North-West India; considerably in excess in Baluchistan, Upper Sind, the South-West of the Frontier Provinces and the West of the Punjab and Kashmir.

Peninsula.—Local rain has fallen in the extreme South of the Peninsula, Mercara recording two inches and Trichinopoly and Kodaikanal half an inch; skies are lightly clouded; humidity is equal to the average; temperature is normal or in defect.

Forecast.—Few thunderstorms are probable in South India and possible in North-East India; light snow and rain may occur in parts of Kashmir.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following informations published in order that the vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparision with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a.m. (local time on the 28th March 1908 was 29.940 inches. The height of observatory barometer cistern above zero of tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 12 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide guge at Apollo Bunder was 8 feet at 8 a. m. (local time) The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of attached thermometer 80° F. will be 14 inches, and this will be higher and lower by ·01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of aneroid no temperature correction required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid, above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher of lower by ·01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings given above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 28TH MARCH, 1908.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 28th March, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

Punjab.—The sky is heavily overcast at Rawalpindi and lightly or moderately clouded at Lahore and Ambala. The air has become damper at Delhi and Ambala and more or less dry elsewhere. Winds are westerly at Rawalpindi, while calms and southerly or south-easterly winds prevail elsewhere. Weather both at day and night had been hotter than usual in most places.

United Provinces.—Skies are clear and the amount of moisture in the air is slightly more than usual. Winds are southerly at Allahabad, westerly at Jhansi and north-westerly at Agra and Mainpuri. Day temperature had been 2° to 4° colder than usual at Agra, Jhansi and Allahabad and 1° to 2° warmer at Mainpuri and Cawnpore. Night temperature had been nearly equal to normal or 1° to 3° hotter throughout the district.

Sind and Rajputana.—The sky is moderately clouded at Jacobabad, but is clear elsewhere. The moisture in the air is above normal at Jacobabad, Ajmer and Kotah and below it elsewhere. Winds are north westerly at Kerachi, while calms and north-easterly winds prevail elsewhere. Day temperature had been 7° to 13° hotter than usual in Sind and the night temperature 4° to 6° above normal at Jacobabad, Ajmer and Jaipur.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are altogether free from cloud and the moisture in the air is more than usual in Central India West and less than it in Gujarat and Kathiawar. Winds are north-westerly at Dwarka and Bhavnagar Para, while calms and north-easterly or south-easterly winds prevail elsewhere. Temperature both at day and night had been cooler than usual in Central India West and generally hotter in Gnarat and Kathiawar.

Central Provinces.—Light rain has fallen at Raipur. Skies are lightly clouded at Akola and Chanda, but they and clear elsewhere. Calms and north-easterly or south-easterly winds prevail generally. Weather both during the day and night time had been colder than usual in most places.

Konkan.—The sky is cloudless at Bombay and lightly or moderately clouded elsewhere. The direction of air movement is south-westerly at Bombay and generally northerly elsewhere. Minimum temperature was 4° in defect of normal at Karwar, but apart from this the variations of both maximum and minimum where generally small. Humidity is lightly in excess of normal.

Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are lightly or moderately clouded and the air has become slightly damper at Poona and Sholapur and more or less dry elsewhere. Winds are westerly or north-westerly at Poona and Ahmednagar, while calms and easterly or south-easterly winds prevail elsewhere. Temperature during the day and night time had been colder than usual in most places.

General Remarks.—Weather is fine and settled over nearly the whole country.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 14th March on 504·25 Miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
Total traffic for the week	Rs. 1,50,000	Rs. 2,40,000	Rs. 4,000	Rs. 3,94,000
Or per mile of Railway	297	476	8	781
For previous 9 weeks of half year	14,20,091	23,34,300	41,053	38,95,409
Total for 10 weeks ...	15,70,091	25,74,300	45,053	40,89,409
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,60,101	3,22,300	2,047	4,82,301
Per mile of Rs. do. ..	317	638	4	958
Total to corresponding date do. ..	15,45,912	26,46,247	46,826	42,37,825

Decrease for the week ..... Rs. 1,06,482
Do. to date ..... " 1,48,503

CONTEMPORARY OPINION.

FISH vs. MOSQUITOS.

The "Statesman":—Unless, therefore, measures are taken to improve the inland fisheries and to secure new means of supply it is within the bounds of probability that in a few years a real scarcity of a staple article of diet will be experienced. Mr. K. G. Gupta, in his exhaustive reports on the subject, has shown that much can be done to prevent the decline in the yield of the inland waters. The success of artificial propagation in the United States, Austria, and Germany suggests that similar methods could be advantageously employed in Bengal, where there are myriads of tanks, ponds, "jhils," and rivers in which pisciculture could be carried on. Nor is it impossible that the efforts made to increase the supply of fish might furnish a partial solution of the great problem of malaria. As has been frequently pointed out in sanitary reports, the great extent of the water surface in the Province renders it almost impracticable to attempt the destruction of mosquito larvae by the means adopted on the West coast of Africa and elsewhere. But the carp family, to which the best varieties of the fish of Bengal belong, greedily devour the larvae of mosquitos, and an increase of the fish would, in Mr. Gupta's opinion, "soon convert what are now regarded as hot-beds of fever" into wholesome pieces of "water." A reform which promises to banish malaria, while at the same time increasing the food supply of the people, certainly deserves very serious consideration. Even in an adversity Budget provision should have been made for obtaining the expert assistance which the Government recognise as necessary in order to initiate a system of artificial propagation. It is obvious, however, that the success of scientific pisciculture will depend upon securing protection for young fish and fry, and, though the Hindu close seasons, imposed by religious ordinances, are of some assistance in preserving immature fish life, Mr. Gupta, who is necessarily well qualified to speak on this aspect of the question is strongly of opinion that close season should be prescribed by law and steps taken to ensure their observance.

CALCUTTA CORPORATION.

The "Indian Daily News":—Some very strong criticisms were made at the meeting of the Corporation on Wednesday on the letter of the Bengal Government making certain remarks on the Corporation's review of the Administration Report of the Municipality for 1906-07. In the manner appropriate to the review of a review, the Government's letter was very short. And

POONA BOXING TOURNAMENT.

Fifth Night.

SOME EXCITING SEMI-FINALS.

The fifth night of the Poona Boxing Tournament came off on Friday when there was a bigger attendance and some interesting semi-finals came fully up to expectations. Special interest was taken in the Cooke-Atkinson fight in the semi-finals of the middles, and not a few were surprised at the result. Of the fourteen fights on the programme only one fell through, and such good progress has been made during the last three nights that the finals will, after all, be concluded within the week. Capt. Umfreville again refereed, being relieved for a few fights by Mr. Hamilton of the Forest Department.

The first class down for decision was Light Weights :—Pte. Williams (Somersets) vs. Pte. Makins (Lincolns). Makins was the bigger man and made the pace, but except for a few leads the round was a quiet one, but they mixed on opening the second. Williams rushed and got his right home twice but after that Makins kept him well off with left props. In the third Williams again rushed, Makins going low with his left. A sequence of jabs on either side followed until Williams rushed, but Makins by ducking got out of trouble, and was returned the winner to the surprise of many.

G. W. Mills (2nd By., R. F. A.) vs. Pte. Marke (Middlesex). Mills' old cut on the cheek was opened within a few seconds, and, continually hit on it, his face and chest were covered with blood by the third round. Marke's left was again very useful and with an occasional right follow he had Mills in trouble. Though Mills hit widely, and had the resort to clinches, he fought very gamely, and lost on points.

Pte. Dean (Northants) having a broken nose, Shickland (14th Hussars) had a W. O.

Pte. Hillier (East Surreys) vs Pte Wegerstrees (Middlesex). This was the latter's first fight and a plucky one too. He countered his man cleverly whenever he came in, but Hillier's usual persistent left jabs told at the finish, and he won.

Boy's Competition :—

Cadell Wyse P. V. A. vs Boy Viney, R. F. A. Viney went in to make the pace with quick lefts, but Wyse pulled him up with a right cross counter. The second round was again lively, Wyse, the stronger, again doing well with his right. The third saw a lively mix up, when Viney began to tire, and though he continued pluckily countering he lost on points.

Banatams—Semi-final :—

Capt Garner (Worcesters) vs Pte. Healy (Leicesters) Garner first got to work with double leads which lacked strength, and Healy, uppercutting, rushed his opponent round the ring. Again in the second Garner kept at it, a longer reach serving him well, and Healy was twice warned for hitting low. In the third Garner shewed remarkable stamina, and except for an occasional wild swing Healy was done. The verdict however went to Healy, also Garner's seconds expressed surprise which also was stared by the majority present.

Pte. Shaw (East Lancs) vs. Pte. Wallace (Royal Scotts). A spirited fight in which Wallace's superior cleverness" was evident, his ducking especially being smart. He did the major part of the leading, and in the later stages went for the mark Shaw beginning to hold. In the third round suddenly changing, after a sequence of left jabs for the wind, Wallace cross countered with his right on the jaw, and Shaw went down to be counted out.

After the interval, the Officers Feather Weights being postponed, the Third Round of the Feather Weights was proceeded with.

Lce.-Cpl. Martin (East Surreys) vs. Pte Sheffield (Leicesters). Sheffield had the advantage of height and weight, and hustling, had the better of the first round. Martin ducking cleverly in the second got home two telling rights on the jaw, levelling up points. This he followed in the third round with another on the same spot, and had Sheffield hanging on the ropes, and dropped him for eight. On his rising a left to the mark again sent him down to use on the eight count as time was called, leaving Martin the winner.

Pte. Rounds (Manchesters) or Lance-Corporal Yufa (East Surreys). Rounds went in as usual double flushing, but Yufa drove him back with a left and right on the head, and following up sent him down for four with another weight.

At him as soon as he rose he drove his left to the body and swung his right to the jaw and Rounds again went down to rise groggy on the fourth count and tender his mitten.

Heavy Weights.—Semi-Finals :—

Pte. Tansil (Worcesters) vs. Pte. Heane (Northants). Heane, though heavier was far from fit, but stayed out remarkably well. It was a quiet fight till the last round, Tansil doing most of the leading and being cautioned for backhitting he scored freely in the last round and won on points.

Pte. Smith (Lincolns) being in hospital with a broken rib, Gnr. Turner (8st By. R. F. A.) had a W. O.

Middle Weights—Semi-Finals :—

Pte Tew (Northants) vs. Pte Ellis (Royal Scotts) Ellis had a slight advantage in reach, but Tew looked heavier and stronger. They opened by milling, and then Ellis going in slipped down from a right on the head. They swooped and on time Ellis swung his right above the jaw. In the second Ellis pressed and putting Tew's left away he got in twice on the head, Tew keeping his distance more. Opening the third Tew was wild, but opened an old scar on Ellis' cheek with a right swing; both slipped down in turn, and finished the round jabing but missing rights. An extra round was ordered which they opened by mixing when Tew began to tire and fell. With a hard left on the point he went down for seven and was groggy as time arrived with Ellis the winner.

Pte Cook (Worcesters) vs. Lce-Corpl Atkinson (Glosters). Atkinson started by walking after his man, the two exchanging leads until Atkinson rushed and a clinch followed. Cook came in more in the second, and went for his man more in his usual style, a clinch following a good mill. But near time Atkinson swung his left to the point and Cook went down for five.

In the third Cook again came in Atkinson going low with his right, but after a double lead Cook swung his left to the mark. Seeing it take some effect he rushed Atkinson right across the ring and getting him on the ropes helpless, he banged away with both hands, and Atkinson sank to the boards. He tried to pull himself up by the ropes on the ninth count but fell back leaving Cook the winner.

SEMI-FINALS AND FINALS.

The Poona Boxing Tournament was brought to a successful conclusion on Saturday night, when a large and enthusiastic audience witnessed some interesting bouts in the semi-finals and finals.

Light Weights—Semi Finals:—

Pte. Makins (Lincolns) vs. Pte Marke (Midlesex). The pace was hot from the start, both scoring left and right, when Makins was cautioned for hitting low. Almost at once Makins again fouled and the referee stopped that fight awarding Marke the verdict.

Pte. Hillier (East Surreys) vs. Pte. Strickland (14th Hussars). Strickland's chance was well fancied. He went for his man but was steadied by Hillier's left. The latter showed quickest and got in two good ones over the ribs, Strickland getting home a hard left on the face, and being cautioned for back hitting. The second round was slower with a succession of left counters. In the third they milled when Strickland again back hitting the Referee called comers and declared Hillier winner.

Feather Weights—Semi Finals:—

Lce.-Cpl. Manning (Northants) vs. Lce.-Cpl. Martin, (East Surreys). Manning led Martin countering smartly and getting in two rights to head and ribs. Martin's glove becoming untied necessitated his minute's cessation.

In the second Manning sent home some telling lefts and finished the fresher. In the third Manning at once went for his man and with right on jaw sent Martin down for eight and again for three. Martin gained applause by his plucky manner in meeting slinging lefts. Manning won on points.

Pte. Blake (Middlesex) vs. Lce.-Cpl. Yufa, (East Surreys). Yufa made the most of a useful left but was visibly depressed by Blake's rib ticklers.

Half way through the round Blake found the mark and Yufa went down to be counted out.

Bantams—Finals :—

Pte. Healy, (Leicesters), vs. Pte. Wallace, (Royal Scots). They sparred for openings, Wallace trying right upper cut, and later being cautioned for using shoulder. In the second Wallace countered Healy's left and looked for knock out. Healy in the third went in to mix, when Wallace swung righton to the point and Healy went down and failed to rise tiwce.

Boys' Finals.

Cadet Wyse (P.V.A.) vs. Cadet Wilson (P.V.A.). Wyse did well with his left, Wilson replying with a good one over the ribs, Wyse appealing for low hit The 2nd and third rounds saw a succession of left jabs with Wilson, occasionally trying a right hook. An extra round was ordered ; Wyse came up fresher than Wilson and his left got home frequently. Wyse got in a good right over the heart and was awarded the fight.

After the interval, the Officers' Feather Weights having fallen through, a Middle Weight bout for officers was announced between Lt. Morrison, (Royal Scots), and Lt. Salano (Worcesters). Salano held advantage in height, weight and reach which gave him the lead in the first round, during which fighting was of the lively give-and-take order. In the second, Salano went off with left and light, and getting Morrison in the ropes, scored freely. Morrison shaped for the point but Salano, feinting, swung right to and put Morrison to sleep.

Heavy Weights :—

Pte. Tansil, (Worcesters), vs. Gr. Turner (8 By. R F. A.) They sparred, Turner leading a left counter, Tansil failing to get his right home. Turner got in a good left but felt Tansill's right on the ribs. In the second they jabbed and mixed. Tansil was the stronger and presently caught Turner on the head and he went down for eight.

In the third Turner managed to keep Tansil off with his left. The latter got in two telling lefts and a right upper which distressed Turner. Finished sparring. Tansil won the points.

Middle Weights—Finals :—

Pte. Ellis, (Royal Scots), vs. Pte. Cooke (Worcesters). Cooke with advantage in height and weight got to work with his left, and then with a left right put Ellis down for three. They countered Cooke following up with a hard right on the jaw putting Ellis out.

Light Weights—Finals.

Pte. Marke, (Middlesex), vs. Pte. Hillier. Both went at it hammer and tongs and things were lively, Marke scoring with his left, Hillier equalising with a neat right and left. In the second both countered and guarded well, honours being even. The fight continued brisk, in the third Marke doing good work with his left, Hillier being late with right swings.

A good fight, Marke winning on points.

Feather Weights—Finals :—

Lce.-Cpl. Manning (Northants) vs. Pte. Blake (Middlesex). Blake sent in lightning lefts and a rib binder which left Manning blowing at the end of first round. In the second Manning went in but Blake held him safe and presently sent a hard right to the point and Manning dropped and was counted out.

General Alderson, who kindly consented to distribute the prizes regretted that he had been unable to be present each night of the Tournament. He had been particularly struck with the high merit of boxing displayed, and also by the sportsmanlike attitude and behaviour of the audience. He considered that the act of Boxing calling as it did for qualities of pluck and stamina, was an ideal training medium for the British soldier. He applauded the sporting spirit of those Regiments which had sent representatives from afar to compete in the Tournament, notably the Cameronians, Glosters, Middlesex and Lincolns.

The thanks of all were due to the gentlemen who had kindly officiated : Mr. Defreece, Timekeeper; Lieutenant Mellor Judge and Qr.-Mr. Sgt. Chinnery, who had ably seconded Captain Umfreville. Special thanks were due to the latter for the excellent manner in which he had engineered and superintended the Tournament (Lond Applause). Capt. Umfreville then called for three cheers for General Alderson which was given heartily. Prize Winners.—

Heavy Weights.—Pte. Tansil, Worcesters.
Middle Weights.—Pte. Cooke, Worcesters.
Light Weights.—Pte. Marks, Middlesex.
Feather Weights.—Pte Blake, Middlesex.
Bantam Weights.—Pte. Wallace, Royal Scots.
Boys—Cadet Wyse, Poona Volunteer Rifles.
Officers, Middle Weights.—Lt. Salano, Worcesters.
Special Prizes—Best fights.—Pte. Ellis, Royal Scots, Pte. Tew.

Special Prizes for best losers—Pte. Smith, Oxfords; Lce.-Cpl. Santry, Somerset Light Infantry ; Gr. Mills, 2nd By. R. F. A. ; Pte. McLaverly, Lincolns ; Pte. Kay, East Lancs.

Consolation Prizes.—Pte. Gibbons, Northants ; Lce.-Cpl. Yufa, East Lancs ; Garner, Worcesters ; Boy Sissons ; Cadet Scott.

Prize for the most scientific fighter was awarded to Pte. Blake.

BOMBAY HUNT.

Very Successful Paper Chase

The increasing hot weather having brought the hunting season to an end, the members of the Bombay Hunt enjoyed yesterday morning a most sporting and inspiriting Paper Chase. Mr. Heugh Symons had energetically laid the paper the evening before, and the excellent course selected by him was roughly speaking as follows :—Starting just beyond Sahar Hill the line lay for some distance along the Bomanwadi Valley, then veering to the left through the grass fields on the slopes of Chuckla Hill, each field being fenced with stout cactus hedges, until the Andheri Road was reached. Going straight across this thoroughfare an uncompromising stone wall had to be negotiated some little distance beyond. Leaving this behind, the course was laid into the Andheri Mango Tope, in which that extraordinary and now historic jackal lives who gave us during the past season so many stirring hunts but was never caught. Coming out of this Mango Tope just beyond Stacey's Tank the line lay over a good stretch of rice fields, past Robert's Corner and out to the foot of the big hill of Marole. Skirting the old ruined Marole Church the track was laid along the open country past the new white church, and recrossing the Andheri Road at the same place where the Jackal Club Point to-Point Races started, the course subsequently necessitated frequent crossings of the big nullah, called by the natives Bapnala. Eventually passing not far from the well-known stone walled compound beyond Sahar, the finish was just behind the Parade Ground of the Vakola Barracks. The length of the course was about 6 miles.

No less than 32 people assembled at the "Meet" at the Jackal Club, including Mrs. Macausland, Mrs. Meyer, Mrs. Rumboll and Mrs. Priestley. The difficulty in connection with paper chases has often been to so lay the paper so that too eager members of the field cannot cut off wide corners and obtain in consequence much unfair advantage. No paper chase at all events within the writer's recollection of seven years of the Salsette country has been so remarkably successful as the one held yesterday morning. Everybody rode honestly and fairly to the paper, the cleverly arranged false trails often giving those people, who had got some way behind, a means of again catching up the foremost thrustess. The four ladies rode all through magnificently, in fact they were often to be seen absolutely leading the field. The finish after a long 6 miles was a remarkably close one, and was as follows :—

1st Mr. C. N. Moberly on "Roland".
2nd Mr. B. S. Carter on "Firefly".
3rd Mrs. Macausland on "Pooh Bah".
4th Mrs. Priestley on "Chortler".
5th Mr. H. F. Busch on "Jenny".
6th Mrs. Meyer on "Tomtit".

The two prizes for ladies, presented by the M. F. H., were accordingly won by Mrs. Macausland, first, and Mrs. Priestley, second, and the prize for men, presented by Mr. T. L. Roberts was gained by Mr. Moberly. It should be mentioned that Mrs. Rumbóll and Lieut. Smythies, who were going very well, pulled up towards the finish owing to a member of the field taking a very ugly fall at a deep nullah, but fortunately with no bad results though at the time things looked very serious.

JACKAL.

ENGLISH FOOTBALL CUP.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 29.

A special "Statesman" cablegram, dated London, Mar. 28 states the semi-finals for the English Cup were played to-day. The Wolverhampton Wanderers won a hard fought game, with Southampton, by two goals to nil. The Newcastle United, beat Fulham, by six goals to nil.

CRICKET.

H. M. S. Mint Recreation Club vs. H. M. S. "Sphinx."

The Oval was the scene of a very interesting match on Saturday afternoon between His Majesty's Mint eleven and a selected team from H. M. S. "Sphinx." The Mint eleven were the first to bat and though the first two wickets fell before anything was scored, the next two men, Captain Drake and Kamat made a splendid stand and both retired when the score had gone up to 126 (44 and 82). Five more men took their turns at the wicket and the Mint closed their innings for 182 runs.

Against such odds, the Sailors had very little chance. Yet Farmer and Phillips began their innings well, but the bowling of Abraham proved too much and they both succumbed when the score stood at about 20. None of the other players made any stand and the only two of their number to get into double figures were Vickers (12) and Adams (10) and the innings were closed for 59, thus leaving the Mint Club winners by 123 runs scores :—

H. M'S MINT RECRETION CLUB.

Capt Willis, b Smithies	0
Mr Guider, b Smithies	0
Capt Drake, retired	44
Mr Kamat, retired	82
Mr Kelly, b Smithies	9
Mr Race, b Cowper	0
Mr Lauder, b Ward	20
Mr Robinson, b Smithies	8
Mr Manoher, b Cowper	13
Mr Christie, Mr Abraham ... } Did not bat.	
Extras	6
Total	182

H. M. S. "SPHINX."

Mr D W Farmer, c and b Lauder	5
Mr Philips, b Abraham	9
Mr L A Smithies, c and b Abraham	4
Mr Cook, b Kelly	4
Mr Vickers, b Abraham	12
Mr Irideaux Bourne, b Abraham	0
Mr Port, run out	7
Mr Daffet, b Kelly	0
Mr F E Adams, b Abraham	10
Mr Cooper, c and b Abraham	4
Mr Compart, not out	0
Extras	4
Total	59

P. AND O. "OCEANA" VS. IMP. TRUST C. C.

Another equally interesting fixture was played between the tars of s. s. Oceania and the B. I. T. C. C. The Sailors elected to go in first and began the game very auspiciously with Turbot and Gierson at the wickets. These compiled between them 35 runs and the remaining nine added only 31. The whole side was out for 66.

The Trust then took their turn and made a very brave stand. Mr. Kent, the Chief Engineer of Trust took the lead and put in a good 15 before being caught off Gierson. Prabhavker and R. Sorabji effected a good partnership and added between them 81 (39 and 42) before they retired to give the other players a chance. When final time was up, the Trust had pulled 131 runs for 8 wickets, thus remaining winners by 2 wickets and 65 runs. Scores :—

P. & O. S. S. OCEANA.

Mr Turbot, b Dessai	20
Mr Gierson, b Prabhavker	11
Mr Cramner, b Dessai	0
Mr Richardson, c Murray, b Dessai	2
Mr Melhuish, b Prabhavker	13
Mr Chaplin, i b w Prabavker	8
Mr Howarth stumped, b Dessai	6
Mr Badwell, c Byramjai, b Dessi	0
Mr Devins, b Prabhavker	0
Mr Harvey, not out	0
Mr Bobbage, c Bharuchar, b Dessai	1
Extras	5
Total	66

B. I. T. C. C.

Mr Kent, c Cramner, b Gierson	15
Mr Prabhavker, retired,	39
Mr Sorabjee, c retirek, b Gierson	42
Mr Watson, c Chaplin, b Babbage	13
Mr Byramjee, c Chaplin, b Babbage	6
Mr Bharucha c not out	11
Mr Dessai stumped, b Gierson	1
Mr Murray, b Gierson	0
Mr Rodriguez	
Mr Bharucha	Did not bat
Mr. Wadekar,	
Extras	4
Total	181

FOOTBALL.

R. G. A. vs H. M. S. "Perseus."

On Saturday afternoon two batches sailors were engaged in playing cricket and yet another from His Majesty's ship Perseus engaged the 70th Company of the R. G. A. in a game of football on the Marine Lines Maidan. They provided a fine exhibition of football and did most of the attacking. Concentrating all their strength on the offensive they assailed the Soldiers' goal but Hayhurst, the latter's goal-keeper was a tower of strength and saved well.

Before half time the Soldiers however broke through and scored two goals in succession which their opponents failed to equalise.

After half time, the Sailors again assailed the enemy's outpost and play mostly concentrated on the Soldiers' half of ground. Before close of time, the Sailors however sent the ball through and though they renewed the attack, no score resulted. Score :—

R. G. A. ..... 2 Goals.
H. M. S. Perseus ..... 1 Goal.

HOCKEY.

The Bombay Gymkhana "A" team engaged the Pioneer Club, a local Parsee organization, in a game of hockey on the Gymkhana ground on Saturday afternoon. It was a very hard fought game and the Pioneer team's shooting was very hard and accurate. Ten minutes before final time, the teams had score of three goals apiece, but during the remaining time the Pioneers added two more goals. At call of final time, scores were :—

Pioneer Club ..... 5 Goals.
Bombay Gymkhana ..... 3 Goals.

On the Cooperage, the Telegraph Recreation Club met the Y. M. C. A. The former who were playing without two of their best men, were completely outplayed and outclassed.

Score :—

Y. M. C. A. ..... 7 Goals
Tel. Club ..... 1 Goal.

GIRLS' ATHLETIC SPORTS.

The finals in the Bombay Girls' High School Athletic Association Tennis Tournament were played on Saturday last on the ground of the Elphinstone College when the Bombay Education Society's Girls' School met the John Connon School. The tournament resulted in a win for the Education Society.

Mrs. Muir-Mackenzie then gave away the Cups and Prizes. The Badminton Cup (presented by Mr. N. N. Wadia) was won by the John Connon School. The Tennis Cup (presented by Miss Ashworth) was won by the Bombay Education Society Girls' School. The Indian Clubs Cup (presented by Mr. Watson) was won by the Bombay Education Society Girls' School. The Skipping Cup for Parsee Girls (presented by Lady Jehangir) was won by the Empress High School. The skipping cup for European Schools was won by the Indo-British Institution. Besides, a memento was given to each girl of the winning teams. On the motion of Rev. Crichton, a hearty vote of thanks was accorded to Mrs. Muir-Mackenzie.

YACHT CLUB RACES.

After the exciting events of last Saturday week the peace and quietuers enjoyed on Saturday afternoon seemed more than usually dull.

The Sailing Committee were again in great difficulties on account of the want of a Committee vessel from which they were kindly extricated by Mr. Faulkner with the loan of Isca. By the way it is possible that it may not be found practicable to continue the sweepstakes races that have been such a pleasant feature of this season unless some way can be found out of the Committe vessel difficulty.

There was a moderate breeze at starting time but it was decidedly southerly and had no heart in it.

The ships boats were first to go to a very straggling start. The Commodore's galley, looking very beautiful was over the line when the gun went but was well handled and got back smartly. One of the pinnaces behaved like a bull in a China shop and made a wild charge for the Committee vessel thereby causing consternation and dismay to those of his Majesty's subjects on board. Isca's bowsprit was in considerable danger but fortunately the pinnace contented herself with knocking the buoy about and then went on her way. The S. M. Galley was in shore when the gun went and made no attempt at starting for a long time being several minutes behind when she finally decided to go.

The race lay between the 2nd, Pinnace, the 34, Cutter and the White Galley, the latter doing especially well as long as the breeze held. The Pinnace scored heavily on the windward work in the failing breeze and won easily, the 34 Cutter being second.

We were glad to see Eileen out again and still more so to see her successful. Turquoise had the best of a very good start, she, Eileen and Melody being all in a bunch and right on the line with the gun. Turquoise and Melody at once started on a vicious luffing match in which both got mixed up though it looked as if Turquoise made her final effort too late. This let Eileen through to leeward and she streaked away steadily working out a good lead on the reach which she increased by a lot on the windward work. Melody had Sapphire's measure and hunted her closely all round, but Eileen was too good for the lot of them and going at a great pace in the light wind, won with a couple of minutes to spare, Trixie had the best of B Class start, Peewit being next over the line, then Erin and Pixie together. Pixie soon ran into the lead and stayed there all round the course. She did very well on the windward work and at the finish had a lead of nearly ten minutes, winning easily. Peewit might have done better in the light wind but was bothered by the lumpy water, only being able to secure second honours by a narrow margin.

Owing to the Committee boat difficulty it was necessary to send the races off at fifteen minute intervals which made C Class rather late and when they started there were already signs of the wind dropping. Reaching up to B. Buoy Tomtit had the best of it with Lapwing next. Wagtail was very late in starting but was nearly up to the rest at B. Buoy. There was some very subtle navigation on the part of various skippers, among the steamers Maud working nearly up to Middle Ground before bearing away and putting herself hopelessly behind. Jean got going soon after rounding B Buoy and carrying her spinnaker in a most miraculous manner when no one else could, ran right away from the rest, having a long lead at the Mark Buoy. Tomtit was next with Lapwing third then Curlew Wagtail and Coralie close together. Jean went off to windward like a witch fairly beating Tomtit at her own game. Lapwing drew up on Tomtit as long as the wind held but as they neared Middle Ground the breeze began to drop away altogether. Jean was still well in front but nothing could touch Tomtit in the light airs and she crawled right away. Jean made a splendid struggle and was close on Tomtit's heels right up to the finish and would have won if she had not failed to weather the mark boat at the finish and wasted ten minutes in fruitless endeavours to get round and across. Wagtail and Curlew having stood well up harbour, picked up a little breeze of their own and came up at the last with a rush cutting out the boatmen Lapwing Tomtit won an unexpected victory by a couple of minutes from Jean, Curlew being a bad third.

A CLASS HANDICAP RACE—Sailed at 3-45 p.m.

Name of Boats.	Time Allows.	Entered by	Start at	Time of Arrival.	Corrected Time.
	M S		H M	H M S	H M S
Sapphire ..	9 40	R B Hopkins & Capt Muter, R E	3 45	6 2 22	2 7 42
Melody ...	17 24	J B K Macbeth ...	3 45	6 5 27½	2 3 34
Eileen IV..	Scr	N N Wadia ...	3 45	5 48 17	2 1 17
Turquoise..	17 24	F J Preston	3 45	Did not finish	

Course No. 31 = 11·6 miles.—1st Prize won by Eileen IV. and 2nd Prize won by Melody above entrance, Wind WNW. Strength Light. Time-limit—7 p. m.

B CLASS HANDICAP RACE—Sailed at 4 p.m.

Name of Boats.	Time Allows.	Entered by	Start at	Time of Arrival.	Corrected Time
	M S		H M	H M S	H M S
Erin	Scr	J N Parker and R W Fisher...	4	5 57 3	1 57 9
Manikin ...	1 20	Officers, R. A.	4	5 54 45	1 53 25
Trixie	Scr	Officers Royal Scots	4	5 56 48	1 56 48
Peewit.....	2 40	F V Evans and D Fraser.....	4	5 55 14	1 52 34
Pixie	Scr	E Y Watson and J H Aspinwall.	4	5 56 7	1 56 9

Course No. 37 = 8 miles 1st Prize won by Pixie and 2nd Prize won by Peewit. Wind N W Strength Light. Time limit 7 p.m.

C CLASS HANDICAP RACE—Sailed at 4-15 p.m.

Name of Boats.	Time Allows.	Entered by	Start at	Time of Arrival.	Corrected Time
	M S.		H M	H M S	H M S
Lapwing..	1 20	Capt R S J Gillespie, R E	4 15	6 46 39	2 30 19
Maud	Scr	Officers, R. E.....	4 15	Not timed	
Coralie....	5 20	Major Mead and Major Anderson.	4 15	do	
Tomtit....	0 40	Dr F M Gibson ...	4 15	6 34 13	2 18 33
Meg	1 20	Lieut A C Trench R E	4 15	Not timed	
Curlew....	2 20	C A Wordsworth...	4 15	6 45 29	2 27 9
Wagtail ...	1 20	R Carruthers	4 15	Disqualified.	
Jean.....	9 20	O N Moberly	4 15	6 44 42	2 20 22

Course No. 37 = 8 miles 1st Prize won by Tomtit 2nd Prize won by Jean and 3rd Prize won by Curlew Wind W N W Strength Light, Time-limit 7 p.m.

SHIPS BOAT RACE—Sailed at 4-10 p.m.

Names of Boats.	Time All'ces.	Entered by	Start at	Time of Arrival.	Corrected Time.
	M S		H M	H M S	H M S
36' Pinnace	Scr	H M S Hyacinth	3 30	Not timed	
36' Pinnace	Scr	do	3 30	5 34 38	2 24 38
34' Cutter	1 0	do	3 30	5 10 48	2 10 48
32' Galley..	16 0	do	3 30	6 20 5	2 34 5
32' Galley..	16 0	S M Defence.....	3 30	Not timed	
30' Cutter	26 40	H M S Hyacinth	3 30	do	

Course No 37 = 8 miles—1st Prize won by 36' Pinnace 11 Hyacinth and 2nd Prize won by 30' Cutter. Wind WNW Strength Light. Time-limit—7 p. m.

THE DURHAMS.

Boxing Tournament.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, MARCH 28.

The Finals in the Durham's Boxing Tournament, last night, produced fighting of a splendid description. At the conclusion, Brigadier-General Sir J. Macdonald presented the cups and prizes to the victors and said he was impressed with the excellent boxing witnessed, and gratified to notice the large number of entries from regiments not stationed in Lucknow. The following are the winners:—

Feather-weights, Regimental—Private Robson.
Middle-weights Regimental—Private Smith.
Light-weights Regimental—Corporal Lowe.

Regimental Championships.

Light-weights—Private Crowther.
Middle-weights—Lance-Corporal Gorman.
Feather-weights—Private Smith.

Open to Northern Army.

Feather-weights—Private Horman of the Oxfords.
Light-weights—Gunner Green of S. Battery, R. H. A.
Middle-weights—Rifleman Smith of the Rifle Brigade.

Special Contest.

Private Sutling of the Royal Scots Fusiliers.

FLORILINE.—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops, of the liquid Floriline sprinkled on a wet tooth brush, produce a pleasant lather which thoroughly cleanth, the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens hese gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline" being composed of petals of honey and sweet herbs is delicious to the taste and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and perfumers. Wholesale Depot, 33, Kingsdown Road, London, England.

THE PARSEE CYCLING CLUB.

The following is the annual report of the year 1907-08 :—

Total number of members on the Roll on 31st December 1906, was as under :—

Billiard.	Tent.	Ordinary.	
42	24	67	= 133
Members resigned during the year		15	
Members defaulters during the year		2	= 17
Remaining number of members			116
New members enrolled during the year ...			14
			130

Total number of members on the Roll on 31st December 1907 was :—

Billiard.	Tent.	Ordinary.	
35	17	78	= 130

During the official year 1907-08, 10 regular meetings of the members of the Managing Committee were called and held.

Since the last Meeting in March 1907 no less than 10 runs were arranged, the average attendance being 17·4.

Mr. Dossabhoy D. Mody, carried of the prize for attending the largest number of runs during the season 1907-08.

The prize of Rs. 15 for attending the highest number of runs during 1906-7 was awarded to Mr. H. R. Kapadia, which amount was paid by the winner to the Parsee Sanskat Nivaran Fund.

In this year, the total number that took part in the Tournament was 24, and following was the result :—

1st Prize, the Naval Billiard Challenge Cup and 1 Silver Cup valued at Rs. 25 was won by Mr. F. F. Vasaigara.

2nd Prize, of Rs. 15 was won by Mr. E. P. Sakhidas, which amount was credited to the Parsee General Hospital Fund at the request of the winner.

3rd Prize, the use of the D. J. Mistry's Billiard Cue was won by Mr. R. F. Mistry.

The Club had to put on record the sad and untimely death of the beloved wife of its worthy President Dr. Sorab K. Nariman, M. D. for which a Special General Meeting of the members of the Club was called and held on the 3rd October 1907, when the following Resolution proposed by Mr. D. E. Patel, and seconded by Mr. M. R. Mdulkaka, was passed in solemn silence:—"That this meeting records its deep sense of sympathy towards their worthy President Dr. Sorab K. Nariman, M. D., for the irreparable loss sustained by him in the very untimely death of his beloved wife and offers on behalf of the members of the Club their heartfelt condolence in his sad bereavement."

A letter of condolence embodying the above Resolution was sent to Dr. Sorab K. Nariman, M. D., on the 4th October 1907.

The Committee begs to put on record with feelings of gratitude the donation of Rs. 50 paid by Dr. Sorab K. Nariman, M. D., towards the Club fund in memory of his beloved wife on the "Othanna" Ceremony Day.

The Committee begs to put on record some remarkable events as under :—1st. First and foremost A lady member's (Mrs. Kooverbai Pherozsha D. Palamkote) four attendance on cycle runs during the year. 2nd. That about 26 members went to Broach for a cycle run from Broach to Jambusar and performed nearly 49 miles during their stay there. 3rd. That some of the cyclist members performed a long and hardy special run of about 77 miles in a single day from Bombay to Vajrabai and back from Vajrabai to Thana.

The Managing Committee has great pleasure in recording the services rendered by Mr. Shapurji B. Billimoria in examining the Books and the Balance Sheet for the year ending 31st December 1907.

The Committee has to thank the several English and Vernacular papers for publishing in their widely circulating papers the notices and accounts of the cycle runs and thus encouraging all movements of the Club :—The "Times of India, Advocate of India, Bombay Gazette, Parsee, Bombay Samachar, Akbar-i-Soudagar, Sanj Vartaman."

Thanks are also due to the B. B. and C. I. Railway for having granted a concession to allow double journey for single fares including cycles during their runs of the last season on the lines. It also thanks the worthy Secretary Mr. Framroze H. Major, for entertaining the members during their run to Broach for 2 days and the worthy member Mr. Sorab Dadabhoy E. Pavri, for giving breakfast to the cycle members during their run to Andheri. It has also to thank Mr. Hormusji D. Guzdar, Mrs. Dosibai Ardeshir Daruwala, Mr. Sorabji E. Wacha, Mr. Erachsha D. Karanjia, and Mr. Dadabhoy E. Pavri, for allowing the free use of their bungalows at Andheri, Santa Cruz and Chimbore, to the members during their runs there. In conclusion the Secretary begs to thank the retiring members of the Committee for the valuable assistance rendered during their term of office and with this he couples the name of their worthy President Dr. Sorab K. Nariman, M. D., who is unremittingly been at the helm for years and the Secretary believes that he is echoing the voice of individual members when he says that Dr. Nariman, has endeared himself by the suavity of his manners and his courteous mingling.

Dr. S. K. Nariman, M. D., President, Messrs. R. S. Davar, C. N. Wadia, Vice-Presidents, D. D. Mody, Hon. Secretary, M. R. Edulkaka, Billiard Secretary, L. R. Sobedar, Treasurer, P. D. Palonconst, Captain, H. K. Harda, P. N. Grant, Vice-Captains, D. E. Patel, J. B. Major, D.S. Homeyar, J. S. Antia, Jal Nusservanji, H. R. Kapadia, members of the Managing Committee.

QUETTA STAFF COLLEGE.

Point to Point Meeting.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

QUETTA, MARCH 29.

The Quetta Staff College "Point to Point" Meeting took place yesterday afternoon, at Sariab. A special train conveyed most of the guests from Quetta to Sariab, where arrangements had been made for a most enjoyable afternoon. There was some good riding and the races were watched with great interest. The results are as follows :—

First Race—Horse Race, open to Staff College, catch-weights 12st 7lbs.

Major Shearman's ch aus g Pindi .....Owner 1
Capt Johnson's b aus g Postman .....Owner 2
Mr Syce's b aus g Kamar.....Owner 3

Second Race—Arabs and C B's Race, open to Staff College.

Capt Tyrell's dun ch m Viena .....Owner 1
Capt Alexander's ch ch g Cherub. Capt Godwin 2
Captain A E Henderson's b a g Flutterbye Owner 3

Third Race.—Pony Race, open to Quetta Arabs and C B's eleven stone, Walers twelve stone seven lbs.

Major Haines' b a g Punch .....Capt Thurnall 1
Major Trydell's ch w m La Glória. Capt Ingham 2
Mr K J McIver's g ch m Semolina 3

Fourth Race.—Waler Pony Race, open to Staff College.

Captain Ingham's b m Molly.....Owner 1
Captain Rice's b m Lottery.....Owner 2
Captain Muspratt's ch m Freda .....Owner 3

Fourth Race.—Professors' Race, Walers 12st 7lbs, Arabs and C B's 11st 7lbs.

Lt-Col Boileau's bay w m Godiva .....Owner 1
Major Waterfield's brown w m Game Girl... Owner 2
Brigdr-Genl. Capper's g a g Calverin...Owner 3

After the races, General Capper, Commandant, Indian Staff College, made a charming speech, which was received with great applause. In conclusion, the General asked Mrs. Montgomery to present the prizes, which were unusually handsome, the Staff College Point to Point race cups being almost too heavy to be carried by the winners, who will have the honour and glory of having their names inscribed on them. General Capper then proposed three cheers for Mrs. Montgomery, which were heartily given. Three cheers were then given for the Staff College. Sir Henry and Lady McMahon and the Misses McMahon were present.

It is reported from Florence that 68 original letters of Michael Angelo have been discovered there. All the letters, it is stated, are addressed to the celebrated writer, Giorgio Vasari. They were discovered among the papers of the Spinelli family.

The "Frankfurter Zeitung" learns from Tangier that the two German Officers who for the last two years have been acting as "technical advisers" to the Sultan have been recalled. According to the "North-German Gazette," a White Book upon recent events in Morocco is being prepared by the German Government.

LUXURY FOR THE SKIN.

"THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin," writes Lady Constance Howard. "Countess of Westmeath says :—"It gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial Luxury for the

BY THE WAY.

SHAKESPEARE NOT HIMSELF.

It is to "a reliable trance medium" that we owe this epoch-marking discovery. He rang up the spirit of Shakespeare put him in the witness-box, and made him confess right heartily. And this is what the spook of the Bard declared: "I was spiritually controlled, undoubtedly; I was never myself, either in acting or writing." Some of us have an uneasy conviction at times that the same remark describes our own efforts, but the result, unhappily, is not masterpieces. "Every word of "King Lear," continued the obliging spirit, "I wrote bearing the words clairaudiently." The 'Merry Wives of Windsor' was written through my hand, in nearly illegible characters. I had been with Drayton and Ben Jonson, having a social glass together, and after a carousal, for it finished with one, I stepped at the inn where it took place, and filled twenty-four sheets of manuscript between 2 a. m. and 4.36. This was the 'Merry Wives of Windsor.'" So they hustled history even in those days, it seems. The production of a Druce-Portland diary is tortoise-work by comparison.

WELL UNDER CONTROL.

For the credit of the triumphant spirit who made Shakespeare his amanuensis, it is satisfactory to hear from the latter: "I was thoroughly controlled when I wrote, and when anyone came in at any time before I was restored to consciousness they would be struck, and pass remarks about my want of attentiveness; they would charge me with an absence of conscientiousness." Under the circumstances it is surprising that they did not charge him with assault and battery. The editor delicately hinted, it seems, that certain critics mentioned Jonson and Bacon in connection with the authorship. The spirit was so complaisant as to explain that, "like all false theories, there was a modicum of truth therein; for, not being able, from want of education, to correct a single stanza of the poems written through his hands, he used to submit his writings either to his friend Bacon or his friend Jonson, to see if they were correct, before presenting them to public criticism." This is highly satisfactory. All that now remains to be done is to summon the manes of Bacon and Jonson, get the corrections of each man acknowledged and signed, then we can have a finally authenticated edition of Shakespeare and know exactly where we stand.

A ROYAL WHIM.

The visit of the Dowager Empress of Russia to this country has so far proved more pleasant to the officials responsible for her reception than was the case when the late Empress of Austria used to come among us. Though she would travel merely as the Countess Hohenembs, the steamship and railway companies made no pretence at not knowing her rank. By whatever name she travelled, here she was the Empress of Austria, and probably she would have been not a little piqued had the fact been forgotten. That being so, the good people who had to provide for her coming and going did their best to testify the pleasure which they felt at contributing to the success of her visits. On one occasion when she landed at Dover it was arranged to offer her a lovely bouquet. Her "intendent," however, "made a strong remonstrance." The flowers and all trace of scent must be removed, he said. Seeing the dismay of the officials, he assured them that he was quite serious, but addede good-naturedly, that if it had been the scent of th stable, then the Empress would have welcomed it.

THE GOOD OLD DAYS.

In one respect the good old days truly were better than ours. Their methods were simple, direct, and magnificently effective. They would not have bad language, and if a man used it they imposed a penalty which not seldom broke him. They would not have dishonesty, and enforced their views by the outlawry of the offender. They did not require contentious Acts of Parliament to show that it was the will of the people that adulteration should not be practised; they had their plain and simple ordinances, and acted up to them. Thus there was a gold-smith who sold salt-cellars as sterling gold which were not sterling gold. They plunged him into the stocks for the morning, then carried him before the Goldsmiths. What was his defence? He had none. What recompense could he make? None. Off with him, then, to New Gate, "there to remayne till his a-ts were better examyned—and there he dyed." So runs the simple story in the Livery's annals. In like case to-day we should let the man go free and appoint a Royal Commission to ask "What is gold?"

THE MIGHT-HAVE-BEENS.

In reading of the wonders and miracles which Lord Cromer has wrought in Egypt it is impossible not to feel glad that in early manhood he suffered a disappointment. It was only by chance that he did not quit Egypt for Turkey. The credit of the Porte was gone, more money was wanted, and Europe was unwilling to lend to a Power discredited and bankrupt. In the circumstances the Sultan listened willingly to the voice of the wise man who suggested that he should appoint a European Minister of Finance. That man was to have been Lord Cromer, who, even then, had given evidence of his genius. Lord Cromer was willing to go; the Sultan was anxious to have him. But Oriental methods made the negotiations hang fire; the time expired in which his adviser ruled English interests at Constantinople. Lord Cromer remained at Cairo to regenerate the land of the Pharaohs.

PLACE AND PAYMENT.

In days when Merrie Englanders never expected that their Empire would grow bigger there would have been spasms of horror had it been proposed to spend £60,000 on a visit of the Heir-Apparent. The spacious days of Queen Bess were really very little, niggardly days. Her servants did for her as much as the servants of the State do for us, but they lived on beggarly short commons. Thus when the post of Minister in Paris fell vacant the Queen offered it to Dr. Dale, the Master of her Court of Requests. The salary, she mentioned, would be twenty shillings per day. The man thus honoured profssed himself overwhelmed with gratitude. He could not, he answered, spend more then 19s. per day, and he would send home the remaining shilling for the support of his wife and family!

DREAMS.

Probably a keen disappointment to him then, it was best that events turned as they did. Had he gone to Turkey he would have dealt, it is true, with the head and heart of an Empire, of which Egypt was a paralysed limb. He might have succeeded at Constantinople; he must have succeeded, for if he had gone European influence would have been at his back. In that case Egypt would have benefited in her turn from the reforms which he would have instituted at Constantinople. But with the most brilliant of Turkish successes, Egypt must have remained immeasurably poorer than she has become as the result of his work in her midst. And then there is the possibility that this strong, resolute man might have failed to endure the abominations of Oriental diplomacy. It is said that when there was a possibility of his going, later, as Ambassador to Constantinople, he remarked that he and the Sultan would be at daggers drawn in a month, and that by that time he would have presented an ultimatum. Everything in his career has happened for the best, for himself, for Egypt, and for the rest of the civilised world.

INFLUENZA TO-DAY.

From the "Hospital": "Influenza has been so prevalent during the last few weeks in most parts of the country as to constitute a veritable epidemic, reminding one of those of some years back. To a certain extent it is an annual visitation, but the disease has shown during the last few years signs of diminution both in extent and virulence. It has been suggested that the community is gradually undergoing a process of immunisation. This may be so, but the disease is one which does not appear to confer much immunity upon its victims even by many attacks. It is, however, generally admitted that although the disease is widespread it has not assumed a very virulent form, but has for the most part conformed to the milder type, such as one is accustomed to meet at all times."

BOLTS FROM THE BLUE.

The aerolite which crashed through and sank the sailing-ship "Eclipse" on her recent voyage from Newcastle to San Francisco is surely entitled to rank amongst the most destructive of its kind. Fortunately very few of the seven and a half million aerolites encountered by the earth in a day reach us, except in the form of dust; and of those that do, the weight is usually expressed in grains or ounces. The average weight of nearly 1,000 specimens in the Paris Museum is less than 2 1-2 ounces. There is, however, in the same museum a monster, probably more than half a ton in weight, which fell in Mexico; and the Yale College Museum has a meteoric iron, found in Texas, which scales 1,635 pounds. These masses are, however, but pigmies compared with a number found by Baron Nordenskiold in the island of Disco, the largest of which weights twenty tons.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" to its original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN Hair Renewer," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale Depot: 33 Farringdon Road, London, England.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

INGENUE'S DRESSES.

Lent is essentially the season in Paris for young girls' dances, and the jeune fille has her engagement list very full of minor festivities just now, which almost suggests to her inexperience a whirl of dissipation. Sometimes these small functions commence early in the afternoon, and are known as these dansants, while in other cases it is the cotillion which engages her attention, and which invariably commences after dark. In either instance the girl still in her teens wears a simple frock, in white or some soft pale tone, a very pretty example being fashioned all in one, in pinafore style, snow white Liberty satin being chosen as the basis while the "bib" of the pinafore was cut low both back and front, and hung loosely away from the under guimpe of pure white tulle illusion, which was closely shirred, and defined a pretty rounded decolletage. Such a frock is never cut very low, the guimpe coming well up over the shoulder, while a rather plain sleeve covers the top of the arm, and is carried out in white tulle, hemmed with two bands of satin, which are sufficiently narrow to preserve a light and ephemeral effect. Embroideries worked out in sprays of wild roses with thorny stalks and close shut buds are looked upon as being sufficiently "young" in character to adorn the little dance frock of the ingenue.

ROSETTES OF NATTIER BLUE SATIN CENTRED WITH SLOE BERRIES

Utter annihilation seems to threaten the short woman at the present moment. The magic cap in the fairy tale could hardly have rendered the features of its wearer less conspicuous than could the hat of to-day, under which the little woman who is bold enough to essay a model is utterly eclipsed. The latest idea is to encircle the crown with an immensely wide plait of ribbon or straw—almost as impregnable in appearance as the walls of the Jericho—and fashioned of as many as 16 strands, which form a stout barrier, placed upright and entirely encircling the calotte. At the juncture where the two ends are brought to a meeting point three or four wide quills or conteaux—as they are termed in Paris—are thrust through the plait and provide the only additional decoration. Where straw plait is employed in lieu of the ribbon a number of different shades or harmonious tones of colour are used, which give a capital decorative effect, "while other curious concessions to what might be termed the cult of the unusual" is the huge soft rosette of nattier blue satin ribbon, a little cluster of deep purplish-black sloe-berries being placed in the centre of each rosette. These rosettes are arranged in an upright ring round the hat, entirely encircling the crown, the top of which is barely visible abovethem, while a large bunch of knife-pointed feathers, in the same rich, deep tint as the sloes, is reared on one side. The narrow bands, cut on the bias, which formed the trimming of so many of the striped frocks of last summer, have suggested to the Paris dressmakers an ornament which is figuring largely on afternoon gowns evening cloaks, ball frocks, and children's clothes. This trimming consists of a narrow band of taffetas or cloth tucked all the way in tiny horizontal lines, which provides a very attractive finish, and at a little distant suggest lines of soutache applied to the silk. A curious use was found for this particular decoration in the case of a gown recently made by Cheruit, and which was carried out in wide square-meshed white net, fine and soft, the jupe being made very full and trimmed at the foot with two flounces of white lace about eight inches in depth. The corsage was enriched with a square of pink taffetas, tucked in this fashion, and forming a small breast-plate, to which were attached similar bands on either side, which passed over the shoulders, and ended at the back in a mammoth butterfly made of six large loops of the same trimming. The arrangement of loops was laid flat against the back of the wearer, one against each shoulder blade, two protruding from either side about the height of the Empire waist line, and two which were turned down over the jupe. The arrangement suggested the spread wings of the lucky little bete de Dieu, or was even more reminiscent of the Japanese decoration worn by the little ladies of cherry blossom land, and which is part bow and part pillow.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

The following is the comparative statement of traffic earning for week ending 21st March.

	Coaching Traffic.	Goods Traffic.	Sundry Receipts.	Total for the week.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Approximate earnings for week ending 21st March 08.				
G I P Ry Section	2,64,280	5,27,199	5,368	7,97,147
I M R system	78,090	1,54,128	780	2,32,999
A D C Ry	11,600	12,907	41	24,548
Total	3,53,970	6,94,235	6,189	10,54,694
Actuals for corresponding week ending 23rd March 07.				
G I P R Section	2,61,661	9,33,971	5,004	12,00,636
I M R system	72,868	2,21,714	1,281	2,95,863
A D C Ry	18,303	15,337	100	33,740
Total	3,52,832	11,71,022	6,385	15,30,239
Increase or Decrease G I P R	+ 2,619	— 4,06,472	+ 364	— 4,03,489
Increase or Decrease I M R	+ 5,222	— 67,585	— 501	— 62,864
Increase or Decrease A D C R	— 6,703	— 2,430	— 59	— 9,192

NOTE.—Corrected with Audited figures up to 15th February, 1908.

PALANPUR-DEESA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 14th March on 17·28 Miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts	Other Earnings (Estimated)	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total Traffic for the week	500	302	....	800
Or per mile of Railway	29	17	....	46
For previous 10 weeks of half-year.	4,630	4,307	39	8,976
Total for 11 weeks	5,130	4,607	39	9,776
Comparison Total for corresponding week of previous year	452	522	29	1,003
Per mile of Ry. do.	26	30	2	58
Total to corresponding date do.	3,524	4,649	68	8,241

Decrease for the week .. Rs. 203
Increase to date .. " 1,535

RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 14th March on 1,768·25 Miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipt.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings estimated.	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total Traffic for the week	1,90,000	2,70,000	7,000	4,67,000
Or per mile of Railway	107	153	4	264
For previous 10 weeks of half-year	15,80,740	31,91,180	65,337	48,37,257
Total for 11 weeks	17,70,740	34,61,180	72,337	53,01,257
Comparison. Total forcorresponding Week of previous year	2,02,285	3,62,155	6,833	5,71,243
Per mile of Ry. do.	114	205	4	323
Total to corsp'g date do.	19 87,800	40,43,525	59,894	60,91,219

Decrease for the week .. Rs. 1,04,243
Do. to ate .. " 7,86,962

GODHRA-RUTLAM-NAGDA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 14th March on 141·14 Miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (estimated).	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total Traffic for the week	6,000	15,000	....	21,000
Or per mile of Railway	43	105	....	149
For previous 9 weeks of half-year	59,854	1,77,938	427	2,38,219
Total for 10 weeks	65,854	1,92,938	427	2,59,219
Comparison. Total for corresponding Week of previous year	6,851	23,354	122	40,327
Per mile of Ry. do.	49	236	1	286
Total to corsp'g date do.	61,366	3,39,957	2,366	3,92,689

Decrease for the week .. Rs. 18,130
Do. to date .. " 134,472

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Coulsdon, 2,789 tons, Captain G Turnbull, sailed yesterday for Calcutta, in ballast.

H. H. the Sultan of Muscat's, steamer Nour-el-Bahr, 178 tons, Nacoda, arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday, from Muscat, with a general cargo.

THE B. I. S. N. Co's., steamer Fultala, 2,702 tons, Captain W. W. Allan arrived in harbour yesterday from Moulmein with a cargo of rice.

THE steamer Caspian, 2,317 tons, Captain W W Chapman arrived in harbour on Friday from Calcutta, with a cargo of coal.

THE steamer Wearmouth, 2,339 tons, Captain W Catto arrived in harbour on Saturday from Calcutta, with a cargo of coal.

THE City Line steamer City of Glasgow, 4,111 tons, Captain W Greenhorn, arrived in harbour on Friday from Liverpool, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Bahadur, 2,936 tons, Captain H J Crebbin, arrived in harbour on the 27th instant from Calcutta, with a cargo of coal.

THE Asiatic S N Co's steamer Nurani, 2,870 tons, Captain B H Bullen, arrived in harbour on Friday from Calcutta, with a general cargo and 9 deck passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Nowshera, 1,961 tons, Captain H Maude, sailed on Saturday for Calcutta, via Coast ports with a general cargo and 3 passengers.

THE Hansa Line steamer Ockenfels, 2,233 tons, Captain Ottmann, sailed on the 28th instant for Hamburg via Kurachi with a general cargo.

THE A Lloyd's S. N. Co's steamer Austria, 4,879 tons, Captain G Gillhuber, sailed on Saturday for Trieste with a general cargo and passengers.

THE M Maritimes Co's steamer Ville-de-la-Ciotat 3,557 tons, Captain Barillon, sailed on Saturday for Noumea via Columbo, with a general cargo and passengers.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Linga, 943 tons, Captain H McDearmid, arrived in harbour on the 28th instant from Karachi, with a general cargo, and the following passengers:—Mrs Baker and infant, Mrs Rose and 2 Children, Miss Farmer, Mrs Thaker, Miss Robinson, Mr. Williamson, Mrs W Sugor, Miss Macnaughton, Mr Kidd Mr Khan, Mr Dower, Mr Vemon, Capt Hogkinson, Mr Smith, Mr D Honey Capt Leslie Subcondr Treed wife and 2 children, 3 natives and 60 deck.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN GOVERNMENT DOCKYARD.

H M S Perseus ..... Comdr H Christian ..... R Navy
H M S Sphinx ..... Comdr Lilleficld ..... R Navy
H M S Lapwing ..... Lt-Comdr A N Gouldsmith ..... R Navy
H M S Redbreast ..... Lt Comdr W Hose ..... R Navy
R I M S Dalhousie ..... Capt J C Horder ..... R I Marine

IN THE STREAM.

H M S Hyacinth ..... Capt A W Heneage ..... R Navy
R I M S Hardinge ..... Capt S D Vale ..... R I Marine

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR—MAR 28.

Africa	1302	Manley	M M & Co
Bahadur	2936	Crebbin	
Claverton	2441	Seldon	The Captain
City of Glasgow	4111	Greenhorn	R Nixon & Co
Caspian	2317	Capman	
Fife	2494	Harrison	The Bo Co
Firoozi	2903	Watson	B & P S N Co
Frankdale	3100	Kiddi	T M & Co
Ipswich	515	Pelling	Shah S N Co
Loch Tay	3416	Stephen	W & A Graham & Co
Monzoi	1735	Hanna	B & P S N Co
Norfolk	2956	Boney	G Cotton & Co
Nerbudda	1961	Williams	M M & Co
Newbridge	2397	Dally	W & A Graham & Co
Nurani	2870	Bullen	Turner Morrison & Co
Persia	4198	Powell	London 28-3 P & O Co
Shah Noojam	2741	Foster	H A Hassum
Shah Noor	2783	Harrison	H A H Hassum
Thornbeck	2345	Robson	Shaw Wallace & Co
Umzumbi	2139	Mitchell	R A Willis
Westfield	3192	Story	The Captain
Warcoogs	1609	Bamber	Russeh 30 3 M M & Co
Wearmouth	2329	Cutto	
Zima	146	Mahomed	Shah S N Co

VESSELS IN DOCK—MAR. 28.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agents.
A Kagoshima Maru	2781	Kori	Kobe	1-4	N YKaisha
B Chan Macintyre	3303	Weir	Dunkirk	19-4	F Muir & Co
B & E City of Vienna	4672	Miller	Hull, &c	19-4	K Nixon & Co
K Dido	3127	Pickering	Hull	10-4	F Muir & Co
M Delta	4780	Daniel	Shanghai	14-4	P & O S N Co
O Kaiser	1713	Von Holdt	Stream	28-3	A Strandes
P Clan Cumming	3107	Williamson	Antwerp	1-4	F Muir & Co

H W P D

Kaveri	553	Wallfil	B'nagar 31-3 Ho S N Co Ld
Sabarmati	524	Mahomed	M'galore 30-3 Ho S N Co Ld

Offside M

Peninsular	3947	Aden	13-16 P & O Co

H W V D

Linga	943	McDiarmid	K'chi 30-3 M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
27	City of Glasgow's	Greenhorn	Liverpool, Mar 3
	Bahadur's	Crebbin	Calcutta, Mar 17
	Nurani's	Bullen	Calcutta, Feb 27
	Caspian's	Chapman	Calcutta, Mar 16
28	Wearmouth's	Catto	Calcutta, Mar 17
	Linga's	McDiarmid	Karachi, Mar 26
29	Fullah's	Allen	Moulmein, Mar 8
	Nour-el-Bahr's	Nacoda	Muscat, Mar 24

DEPARTURES.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
28	Secotra's	Hickey	London
	Austria's	Gillhuber	Trieste
	Ville-de-la-Ciotat's	Barillon	Noumea &c
	Ockenfels's	Ottmann	Hamburg &c
	Persia's	Powell	London &c
	Nowshera's	Maude	Calcutta &c
	Coulsdon's	Turnbull	Calcutta &c

The following vessels began to load on Saturday:—
Steamer Egypt for London
" Nurani, for Calcutta &c

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B I S N Co's s s Matiana left Portsaid on the afternoon of the 27th instant.
The B I S N Co's steamer s s Chauda, arrived at Gibraltar on the evening of the 26th instant.
The B I S N Co's s s Matiana left Suez on the morning of the 26th instant.
The homeward bound Messageries Maritime Co's s s Nera from Bombay arrived at Suez on Saturday, the 28th instant at 4 p. m.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

March.	Vessel.	From
15	Nonsuch	Calcutta
20	Drachenfels	Antwerp
23	Bharata	Negapatam
23	Bezwada	Rangoon
24	Bancala	Rangoon
25	Merton Hall	Coast
25	Tara	Straits
26	Moyori Maru	Japan
26	Clan Grant	Cocanada

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

March.	Vessel	Names	From
25	Strithdee	L White	Cuddalore
	Kirby Bank	J J Kerr	Colombo
	Kapurthala	C H Sharp	Chittagong
	Bome	W J den Guy	Rangoon
	Tuscarora	F S Hollingshead	New York
	Brazalian	T H Tamlyn	Bombay

DEPARTURES.

26	Congella	H B Howes	Cape Ports
	Nairn	E Lassen	Cuddalore
	Zinnia	J R Clarke	Colombo
	Simla	C D Goldsmith	London
	Ranee	W S Cerran	Java Ports
	Lahnan	W H Ross	Bombay

DAILY EXPORTS.—MARCH 28.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Castalia s—3,500 cwt myrabollams, E. Oomersey.

FOR HULL.

Acara s—536 cwt castorseed, L. Dreyfus and Co.
Dido s—2,000 cwt cottonseed, Shaw Wallace and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Clan Cumming s—998 cwt gingellyseed, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Ockenfels s—23 bales hemp, E. Oomersey; 315 cwt myrabollams, G. Madhowji and Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

Castalia s—40 bales hemp, R Reeve and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

City of Vienna s—1,100 tons manganese ore, Killick Nixon and Co.

FOR CONSTANTINOPLE.

Africa s—20 bales twist, The Elphinstone Mill.

ALEXANDRIA.

Africa s—64 bales cotton, S. Bassons.

FOR HONGKONG.

Oceana s—15 cases condiments, M. M. Poonjraji and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Oceana s—120 cases opium, Sassoon J. David and Co.
Kagoshima Maru s—400 bales twist, The M. B. Kaisha; 100 bales twist, E. D. Sassoon and Co.

FOR MOJI.

Kagoshima Maru s—241 bales cotton, The M. B. Kaisha.

FOR KOBE.

Kagoshima Maru s—610 bales cotton, The M. B. Kaisha.

FOR OSAKA.

Kagoshima Maru s—250 bales cotton, Japan Cotton Trading Co.

THE MEMORY MAN

Brain Fag, Exhaustion, Neuralgia—

The man who *never* forgets! Is it possible there can be such a man—one who remembers everything? We suppose it does not ordinarily occur to readers what a tremendous advantage a *reliable* memory gives them, how even their very abilities, friendships, and attainments could not be continued *without a good memory*! That extraordinary "memory" man, Datas, who can instantly give the date of any notable occurrence in the history of the world, says he has been accustomed for the last six years to arm himself against loss of memory, and *prevent nervous exhaustion* and mental fatigue by a methodical use of Phosferine. *Nervous exhaustion*, says Datas, is always followed by loss of memory, and the only way to speedily remedy or prevent the condition is to *renew the nerve forces* with a course of Phosferine. As Datas is paid a very large income to demonstrate his marvellous feats of memory, his striking testimony to the efficacy of the great nerve specific, is just that *practical* evidence which every reasoning worker seeks for and instantly appreciates.

How Datas defies them.

Datas, the extraordinary "memory" man, writes:—"I find Phosferine the best tonic in the world—there is nothing like it for dispelling brain-fag. As you are probably aware, my income is derived from the exercise of an absolutely perfect memory, and after several hours of committing dates and facts to memory I naturally feel mentally exhausted, but Phosferine soon puts me right. I also consider Phosferine an excellent preventive of such nervous disorders as neuralgia and sciatica. You can publish my testimonial as much as you like and as long as you like. I have used Phosferine for the past six years and am quite convinced that there is not a better nerve tonic for the brain worker anywhere."—December 17, 1907.

PHOSFERINE

The Greatest of all Tonics.
A PROVEN REMEDY FOR

Nervous Debility	Neuralgia	Lassitude	Brain-Fag
Influenza	Premature Decay	Exhaustion	Rheumatism
Indigestion	Backache	Stomach Disorders	Headache
Sleeplessness	Mental Exhaustion	Faintness	Hysteria

and all disorders consequent upon a reduced state of the nervous system.

The Remedy of Kings
Phosferine has been supplied by Royal Commands

To the Royal Family
H.I.M. the Empress of Russia.
H.M. the King of Greece.
H.M. the Queen of Roumania.
H.I.M. the Dowager Empress of Russia
H.I.M. the Emperor of China
And the Principal Royalty and Aristocracy throughout the world.

Proprietors: Ashton & Parsons, Ltd., La Belle Sauvage, Ludgate Hill, London, England.
Price in Great Britain, bottles, 1/1½, 2/9 and 4/6. Sold by all Chemists, Stores, &c.
The 2/9 size contains nearly four times the 1/1½ size.

Wholesale Agents:—
Messrs. J. A. KIRKBRIDE & Co. 60, Tamarind Lane, BOMBAY.

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(WOLVERHAMPTON), LTD.,
CULWELL WORKS, **WOLVERHAMPTON,** ENG.
MAKERS OF
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STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.
MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.

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CODES: OWN & A B C (5TH EDITION).

A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.
The best **BLOOD** PURIFIER AND RESTORER of the System
WILKINSON'S
ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
Estd. since 1829. **SARSAPARILLA**
Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most
WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD
THE SAFEST AND MOST RELIABLE REMEDY FOR TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, WEAK AND LANGUID FEELINGS, &c.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.
Be sure you get **N.B.** the signature of the Proprietor and Trade Mark, thus *Thomas Wilkinson* are upon every GENUINE bottle.
WILKINSON'S
To avoid impositions the Public are respectfully asked to notice this. (Any imitation is a felony.)
Fortify the System against Disease with **PURE BLOOD.**
WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA CLEANSES THE BLOOD OF ALL DANGEROUS HUMOURS.
Has over 75 Years' World-Wide Reputation.
Sold by all Chemists and Dealers in Medicines.

AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co., Limited. KEMP & Co., &c., &c.

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INVALID'S PORT,
Gold Capsule, 1s
SECOND TO NONE.
Insist on having it.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
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11 YEARS OLD
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Does Residence Abroad tend to Deterioration of the Hair?

It is a remarkable and singular fact that in nine cases out of ten those whose lives have been spent in the Colonies suffer in a very evident manner from various forms of hair degeneration. Compare the average head of hair of the Colonist with that of the dweller in the British Isles, and you will find that bald heads are more prevalent, grey hair more abundant, and also that the scalp exhibits various degrees of hair deterioration rarely met with in the home country.

Extremes of heat and cold, changes of temperature, less settled habits of life, have all a more or less dominant influence in producing theseconditions; and both men and women alike are subject to the distressing and marring effects caused by lack of abundant and healthy heads of hair.

Scanty locks resulting from Colonial life can be avoided.

Whether regarded from a social, physical, or business point of view, unhealthy or neglected hair is nothing more or less than a calamity; and it behoves anyone so afflicted to take prompt and efficacious measures for the strengthening, preserving, and re-vitalising of such a prominent feature.

Yet, in the case of both women and men, what is generally done? There is either a total indifference or neglect of the hair, or an injudicious resort to doubtful methods of resuscitation. Generally speaking, apathy is the more pronounced.

It cannot be too well known that all weak hair conditions, all lack of hair virility, all form of hair disease can be remedied by the adoption of the "Harlene" treatment.

Edwards' "Harlene" is the greatest of all hair tonics and restoratives, and no matter whether you are bald or grey, whether your hair is patchy, falling out, brittle, lustreless, scurfy or greasy, it can be implicitly relied upon to renew all the former healthiness, abundance and good looks of the hair. Edwards' "Harlene" is the popular remedy, not only with the general public, but in all social circles—indeed "Harlene" may be termed the Royal hair restorer, for numbers of Royal families have used it with the greatest success.

To-day you may test its merits, fully and freely, for the proprietors are wishful that all sufferers from hair decay and weakness should be acquainted with its remarkable powers. Sign and send in the coupon below and a full supply will be willingly forwarded you.

Afterwards you can purchase "Harlene" from any Chemist or Stores.

FORM OF APPLICATION.

To EDWARDS' "HARLENE" Co.,
Dear Sirs, 95-6, High Holborn, London, W.C.

Please forward me booklet, directions and necessary supply of "HARLENE" *for one week's free test of this preparation as a hair drill.*
I enclose 3 penny stamps to cover carriage.

Name
Address

PLEASANT WORK THAT PAYS
JUST LOOK AT THIS
20 MINUTES
JUST LOOK AT THAT
AUTOMATIC KNITTING MACHINE.
KNITS GARMENTS, FANCY WORK AND SEAMLESS HOSIERY.
(PAIR OF SOCKS IN 20 MINUTES).
Reduced Price, £8 Cash.
CHEAPEST & BEST
Knitting Machine obtainable.
Made at the Company's own British Factory.
VALUABLE FOR FAMILY USE OR EARNING INCOME AT HOME. Write: BGA. Dept., 83, Southwark Street, LONDON, Eng.

SAINT-RAPHAËL
TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE
Very palatable.
Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of Anæmia, Debility and Convalescence, to young women, children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates.
DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.
Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL *bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:*
(1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS.
(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.
CLETEAS *is a* MELISSA *and* MINT *cordial which surpasses all others by its purity and faultless preparation.*
To be taken on a lump of sugar.
COMPAGNIE du VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL, Valence (Drôme-France).
SPENCER & Co., Sole Agents for Madras. — PHILLIPS & Co., Agents in Bombay.
MUNDKUR & Co., Agents in Pondicherry.

SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

BURIED ALIVE.

The fear of being buried alive is a very real one to a great many, and they will often endeavour to escape the danger of its occurrence by strange devices. They will make provision in their wills for a small surgical operation to be performed before they are committed to the earth, and may even make arrangements for a post-mortem to be performed. But wills are generally read after the funeral, and even if a post-mortem is sure to prevent one's being buried alive it is equally efficacious in preventing the recall to life if life is not yet extinct. In all the hundred and more Acts of Parliament connected with our duties to our dead there is not one clause that deals with the verification of death. To an increasing number of people this seems an intolerable state of things. For it is not as if there are not simple means of verification less dangerous than an autopsy. It will be at once admitted that there are cases in which there can be no manner of doubt as to the absence of life. Doubt arises in cases of sudden death, and particularly in the case of nervous subjects, for catalepsy in certain forms of asphyxia may result in a condition of apparent death. So in cases of old people whose respirations have got slower and more shallow the time of death can be ascertained with difficulty, and in cold weather, when other unmistakable signs do not for the moment appear, the friends are naturally nervous. And there have been instances of people with a hardly perceptible movement of respiration remaining in that condition for a long time and yet eventually recovering. The heart, the pulse, the respirations, may be tested, and so may the loss of muscular irritability. But the temperature of the body may rise after death some six or seven degrees above that which obtained in the last moments of life, and this phenomenon may occasionally give rise to ungrounded suspicions. It will be an enormous relief if a communication recently made to the Academic des Sciences should turn out to be based on fact. On applying the X-rays to a living subject of any age the stomach and intestines are not visible, for the organs are in continual motion, and are transparent to the rays. But if the subject is dead the organs at once become visible, provided the subject has ever lived at all and has taken food. A photographic reproduction of the abdominal organs would, therefore, according to this, be and absolutely unmistakable sign that all was over.

BALLOONS IN WAR.

Now that two Powers are devoting some of their energies to constructing fleets of air-ships, a particular interest attaches to the experiences of such practical aeronauts as M. Auguste Gaudron. He has made thousands of ascents, and from a parachute he has descended on the sea, on the land, on trees, and on houses. In his latest balloon, the "Mammoth," constructed by himself, he travelled in nineteen hours from the Crystal Palace to Bracken, in Sweden. The distance was 703 miles, 360 of which were over the sea. To him, as he remarkes in a paper read before the Society of Arts, and printed in the "Jonrnal" of February 7, one thing stands out clear, and that is probably the last thing that the men in the street would guess. It is that there is nothing else to invent. The French did not mind who saw the "Patrie" after its adventurous journey to Ireland, for there was no secret to hide. The only secret lay in the practial work done by the French aeronauts, and the knowledge they had gained. As far as the heavier-than air machine is concerned, M. Gaudron thinks that the aeroplane will count for little or nothing in war. The French have given up spending money on aeroplane experiments. The mere fact of weight carrying capacity keeps the present aeroplane out of practical politics as a war-ship. It was suggested in the course of the usual discussion that as a general rule the velocity of the surface wind will be found to be doubled at a height of 1,000ft., and trebled at 2,000ft. So that with a wind at the surface of eight miles an hour, a balloon well within range of guns would have to deal with a wind of about thirty miles an hour. This, however, would be nothing to a Lebaudy air ship, which, with a motor of only 70 c.p. did thirty eight miles an hour in 1906. Then the question was raised of the effect on the balloon of a shell exploded in its vicinity and of the result of dropping from the balloon a heavy weight of explosive even when suspended from a long wire. M. Gaudron was most reassuring to aeronauts who contemplate ever being placed under such conditions. To drop 100lbs. weight of explosive would have little or no effect on the balloon, and he did not think that if a dynamite shell exploded within 100ft. of the balloon it would cause the slightest damage. He himself had fired off by an electric current 2 wt. of fireworks suspended by a wire from his balloon, and was there to tell the tale. "Verb sap."

POLAR LIGHTS.

Part I. of the new volume of "Science Abstracts" contains a summary of Paulsen's new theory of Polar lights. It is generally agreed that the auroral rays are due to the presence caused by the absorption of kathode rays in the atmosphere. The principal theories are those connected respectively with the names of Arrhenius, Birkeland, and Nordmann; but, so far, none of them is able to explain all the phenomena. There are two classes of auroræ: the one, with no structure of rays, is slow moving, with a steady light, and producing little or no magnetic disturbance in polar regions; the other radiate structure, moving at times with great speed very high and narrow, moving closer to the earth than those of the first class, and having the lower part always the most luminous. These affect the earth's magnetic field strongly. They are akin to kathode rays, and their spectrum contains the krthode spectrum of nitrogen. At the height at which they occur above the surface of the earth the air is too rarefied to allow of discharge or electric luminescence. Paulsen urges that the aurora is due to an immense ionisation of the upper layers of the air above the zone of maximum auroral frequency. This is of such a nature that the alteration of the air is renewed each day from the limits of the air upwards. The solar kathode rays following the magnetic lines of force in the atmosphere will, near the magnetic poles, be drawn into the atmosphere. This causes enormous ionisation and a negative charge of the upper layers of the atmosphere. Hence an expansion of these layers far above their usual level, and the negative charge the increases until balanced by the loss of kathode rays into space. The mixture of negative corpuscles and molecules of air is called the auroral material. The nitrogen lines alluded to suggest that the light is of origin akin to that of the radium luminescence, Variations of potential cause, the changing shapes of the aurora, the radiate structure of which is produced by the kathode rays given off by the auroral material following the lines of force. Very rarefied layers of air insulate the auroral of the first class and no magnetic effect can be produced. In the other class great masses of electrified matter are brought into layers of air where electric currents can exist, and thus the disturbances of the needle are provoked.

AN ANTICIPATION.

Nietzsche admired Boscovitch because the latter had ventured to reduce matter to a mental conception. Both died mad—let us hasten to observe that this is not intended as an allegory. As long ago as the days of the Young Pretender, Boscovitch began what he thought at first would be a dissertatiuncula, but which eventually became a noble quarto—"Theoria Philosophiæ Naturalis redacta ad Unam Legem Virium in Natura Existentium." He urged that the first elements of matter are absolutely indivisible points scattered through space, in such a way that any two points whatever are always separated by a certain interval. The interval may be indefinitely increased, and it may diminish; but it will never entirely disappear, unless there is reciprocal penetration between the points. In other words, if the distance between the two points is zero, it is because the portion of space in which they are is occupied by each; their mutual penetration is perfect. The points are, moreover, attracted to or repelled from each other by forces which vary with the distance according to a given law a well-known example being the law of gravitation as laid down by Newton. But while the forces will repel when the points are very close together, as they separate they change progressively into forces of attraction as the distances increase. The repelling force undergoes successive states of increase and decrease, becomes evanescent, and then is changed into a force of attraction; and the like stages mark the changes of the attractive forces. And this law complicated as it may be seem, observes Boscovitch, may be exactly represented by a closed curve. By this law he claimed to be able to explain every natural phenomenon, and both the primary and secondary qualities of bodies. Extension and impenetrability are not properties of the corporeal substance, which must be considered as nothing but a force of resistance opposed to a force of compression. Boscovitch had gone a long way. According to Le Bon in his last book, matter probably owes its rigidity to the rapidity of the rotation of its elements and to nothing else; directly these movements are checked it instantaneously changes into either, and leaves no trace behind. Or let us quote Professor Oliver Lodge: "Throughout the greater part of space we find simple unmodified ether, elastic and massive, quivering and quivering with energy, but stationary as a whole. Here and there, however, we find specks of electrified ether, isolated and yet connected together by fields of force, and in a state of violent locomotion. These specks are what, in the form of prodigious aggregates, we know as 'matter.'"

THE SUN GAS LIQUEFIED.

The resources of modern experimental chemistry have at length triumphed, and the refractory gas helium has been reduced to the liquid state. Dr. Kamerlingh Onnes, Professor of Physics in the University of Leyden, announces that he has succeeded in producing liquid helium, and thus closes an interesting chapter in experimental chemistry. For helium was the sole remaining gas known to chemists which had not been liquefied.

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ENA' ALA, Rs. 6. YAKA, Rs. 3-12. SELAM, Rs. 2-4.

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A delicious beverage and tonic made from choice wines, Liebig's Extract of Meat, and Extract of Malt.

Over 8,000 Testimonials received from the Medical Profession of the United Kingdom.

WINCARNIS has an unrivalled reputation of over twenty years as the finest tonic and restorative in the world.

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SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 30th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell, by Public Auction, at No. 28, Farnham House, New Marine Lines, the very valuable and handsome, polished teakwood and blackwood household furniture by Benjamin, Roberts and others. Also English mahogany furniture such as mahogany telescopic, dining table, in 6 pieces, mahogany leather-cushioned dining chairs, mirrored sideboard and dinner waggon, chesterfield sofas, easy and light chairs, ottoman, chiffoniers with pier glasses, cabinets, marble-topped tables, large velvet piled carpets, gas wall and bracket lamps, tilted-top fancy teapoys, reclining sofas, bookcases, hatstand, writing tables, rich table ornaments and pictures, English bedsteads, mirror and panelled door single and double almyrahs, chest-of-drawers, marble-top dressing and wash-hand tables, clothes presses, real Chubb's safe and stand, clocks, large size English stove, rich glassware, crockeryware and platedware, elegant English built rubber-tyred park phaeton, "C" spring office brougham and double-seated brougham (all three carriages by Laurie and Marner), one pair handsome grey walar horses, etc., the property of S. M. Moses, Esq., of Messrs. David Sassoon & Co., proceeded to England.

The property of another gentleman going home.

1 Belsize 10-12—P. double cylinder motor car with cape, hood and accessories, complete, very little used.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 30th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following furniture such as writing, dressing and wash-hand tables, chairs, cupboards, almyrah, chest-of-drawers, bed stead, &c.

By order of the Administrator-General, the effects of the late Mr. Kaikhosroo Meherban Irani, consisting of blackwood cupboards, teapoys, boxes, cot, wearing apparels, dishes, matting, vases, copper pots, tea boiler, coats, lamp, filter, 1 silver tray in case and other sundries.

AT 3-30 P.M.

Several gent's bicycles by different makers.

The property of Captain B. C. Burke of Sangli:—

1 second hand 8 H. P. Renault 5 Seated Motor Car, in perfect order.

1 rubber-tyred Victoria.

1 " " Brougham.

1 " " Shigram.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 31st instant at 11 a.m (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Edward House, Merewether Road, Apollo Bunder, near the Saluting Battery, the valuable and handsome French-polished teak and blackwood household furniture, such as set of dining-table and chairs, mirrored sideboard, whatnots, dinner waggon, meat safe, drawing-room suite of sofas and chairs, handsome cabinets, chiffoniers and teapoys, English bedsteads, single and double mirror door almyrahs, clothes presses, chest-of-drawers, marble-top dressing and wash-hand tables, bedroom sofas, table ornaments, Deeksot lamps, rich carpets, glassware, crockery ware, etc., etc.

Catalogues will be published and the property is on view.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 31st instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Small Gibb's Road, opposite the Ladies' Gymkhana, Ridge, Malabar Hill, the valuable and handsome, polished teakwood and blackwood household furniture, made to order by Roberts and others, consisting of set of dining table and dining chairs, very elegant sideboard and cabinets, Chesterfield sofas and easychairs, drawing-room tables and teapoys, English made single and double bedsteads, mirror and panel doors, almyrahs, clothes and gown presses, chest-of-drawers, marble-topped dressing and wash-hand tables, bedroom sofas, sweet-toned ebonised cottage piano by Rose & Co., valuable engravings, wind proof lamps by Flinks, suitable ornaments, Indian and Persian Carpets, collection of choice plants in pots, etc., the property of A. F. Ferguson, Esq., and others.

Property of another gentleman.

1 handsome English "C" Spring rubber-tyred Victoria by Kesterton.

1 handsome rubber-tyred Victoria by Simpson.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE of valuable landed property, partly in Bake House Lane and partly in Rampart Road, Fort.

Under instructions from and by the order of Nowroji Manekji Wadia, Esq., C.I.E., Sir Harkisondas Narotamdas, Knight, and Messrs. Tribhowandas Varjiwandas and Nanabhoy Burjorjee, the surviving trustees of the properties of Dowager Lady Awabai Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., Auctioneers, will, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th day of April, 1908, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the undermentioned property:—

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at partly in Bake House Lane, and partly in Rampart Row, within the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 166 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue, under Old No. 34, New No. 1875, Old Survey No. 1392, and New Survey No. 2498, and bounded as follows:—That is to say, on or towards the east partly by the said Bake House Lane, and partly by the property of the P. and O. Steam Navigation Co., on or towards the west by the property of Dadabhoy Bomanji Jecjeebhoy, on or towards the north by the property of Nowrojee Manockjee Wadia and on or towards the south by Rampart Row, which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under A. Ward No. 1086 and 1173, and Street Nos. 8, 12, 23, 25 and 27, and are now in the occupation of the Western India Motor Co., and others.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application may be made to Messrs. Pestonji Rustim, Kola and Co., Solicitors, for the trustees, at 79, Meadow Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF THE GIRGAUM PAPER MILL, BOMBAY.

Under instructions from Merwanji Kaikhosroo, Esq. as the sole arbitrator appointed by the partners, Mr. Lalaybhoy Habibulla, administrator of the estate of Hiptulla Salaybhoy and Mr. Noorudin Shaekbadam (inter alia), to wind up the firm of Messrs. S. N. Shaik Adam and Co., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 2nd April, 1908, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), on the premises:—

First: All that piece or parcel of land (formerly consisting originally of 4 separate pieces or parcels of land admeasuring 3,348, 653, 235 and 25 square yards, respectively, whereof the piece admeasuring 3,248 square yards is of leasehold tenure and the remainders are believed to be of Pension and Tax tenure and are now made up into one) together with the several buildings, paper mills, iron foundry, factory, godowns and other tenements standing thereon with the appurtenances situate at Girgaum Road without the Fort and in the Registration District and Sub-district of Bombay, and fronting the Public Road, on the west side thereof containing by admeasurement in the aggregate 4160 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 61 and bounded on the north partly by the property belonging to Bowagar Kuwergar and partly by the property of Rev. S. B. A. Devaste and partly by the property of Mancherji Framji Cama, on or towards the south partly by the Cart belonging to the church of Nossa Senhora De Esperança and partly by the cart of Babaji Kashinath, on or towards the east partly by the public passage known as Paper Mills Lane and partly by the cart belonging to the said church of Nossa Senhora De Esperence and on the west partly by the property of Babaji Kashinath and partly by Girgaum Road and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and taxes under Ward D Nos. 450 and 451 and Girgaum Road, Street Nos. 1 and 2 and Ward No. 1432 and Paper Mill Lane Street No. 13 and which said premises have for very many years past been in the occupation of the Vendors.

Secondly: All the Paper Mill or Factory, Iron Foundery, boilers, engines, machinery, plant utensils and all other articles and things and all stores, materials, coal, fuel and all manufactured and unmanufactured and waste paper and all manufactured and incomplete hardware articles and things and all the stores, coal fuel and other meterials and also all bags of yellow clay papers and waste papers lying and being thereon and also all books of account exclusively belonging or relating to the said Girgaum Paper Mills.

For further particulars and printed copies of the conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Bicknell, Merwanji and Romer, Solicitors, at their office, 14 K. Hummum St., Fort, or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable Landed Property at Bank Street, Fort.

Under instructions from and by the order of Nowroji Manekji Wadia, Esq., C. I. E., Sir Harkisondas Narotumdas, Knight, and Messrs. Tribhowandas Varjiwandas and Nanabhoy Burjorji, the surviving trustees of the properties of Dowager Lady Avabai Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., Auctioneers, will, on FRIDAY, the 10th day of April, 1908, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at the premises, the undermentioned property:—

All that piece or parcel of quit and rent land or ground together with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY.—Contd.

being at Marine Street, now known as Bank Street, within the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 648 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue, under Old No. 18, New No. 4855, Old Survey Nos. 10, 1445, and New Survey No. 9539, and bounded as follows:—That is to say: On or towards the east by the said Marine Street, now known as Bank Street, on or towards the west by the property of the late Cawasji Merwanji Sheoff, on or towards the north by the property lately belonging to Burjorji Manekji and now to the Nawab of Bhopal, and on or towards the South by a public passage, which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under A Ward No. 1296 and Street No. 2-18 and 20 and were formerly and are now in the occupation of Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., Auctioneers, and others.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Pestonjee, Rustim Kola and Co., Solicitors for the trustees, at 79 Meadow Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General of Bombay Messrs. Crawford & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on Monday, the 13th Prox., at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), at their Rooms, the effects of the late Piaryjan alias Oomraojan Barodawalee, consisting of gold ornaments such as rings, necklets, chain, tora, patta, wristlets, ear-rings, silver ornaments, watch, wearing apparel, silver case, &c.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT SEWRI, Near the European Cemetery.

Under the directions of Bai Bhikibai and Thakubai, widows and administrices of Hari Dwarkji Thakur, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th April, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), on account and at the risk of the mortgagers, Moroba Vithoba, Mukund Moroba, and Damji Moroba, in pursuance of the power of sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage, dated 8th January, 1897, and made between the abovenamed mortgagers of the first part and the said Hari Dwarkji Thakur of the other part, the following batty fields, on the premises.

DESCRIPTION.

All that piece or parcel of Government Toka land of batty fields situate at Sewri, containing by admeasurement 11,548 square yards or thereabouts, registered in the Books of Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 177, 218-218, New No. 14358-14427 and New Survey No. 1-2368 in the name of Moroba Vithoba Patel in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, that is to say, on or towards the east by the public passage, on or towards the west and north by the ground of Narayen Vithoba Patel, on or towards the south by the ground of Haji Elias Haji Mahomed and Laxmi Nanaji.

For further particulars and the conditions of sale apply to the Undersigned or to Messrs. Madhavji, Kambdar and Chottubhai, Attorneys for the said Bai Bhikibai Thakubai, at their Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF THE VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT HOMJEE STREET, NEAR THE COMMISSARIAT OFFICES, FORT.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General of Bombay, as the administrator of the estate of the late Kalkhusroo Meherban Irance, Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on FRIDAY, the 24th day of April, 1908, at 4-30 p. m. (S.T.), the following valuable landed property on the premises:—

All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwellinghouse standing thereon, situate lying and being on the west side of the Homji Street in the Fort and Island of Bombay and containing by the admeasurement 195 square yards or thereabouts be the same little more or less situate in A Ward, bearing Ward No. 1583, Street No. 6-8-10-12-14-16, and which is bounded as follows: That is to say, on the east by the Byramji Homji Lane, on the south by the Military Store House, on the North by the public road, and on the west by the property of Dinshawjee Curseiji Golah.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to the Undersigned.

CRAWFORD & Co.

BOMBAY, 30TH MARCH, 1908.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

SALE OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT KAMATIPURA 2nd STREET.

MESSRS. SORABJEE COWASJI & Co. will, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 30th instant, sell by Public Auction, on the premises, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon (S. T.), the undermentioned property:—

All that piece of land, together with the messuage or dwellinghouse standing thereon situate at Kamatipura 2nd lane, out of Fort, Bombay, and admeasuring 66 square yards or thereabouts, bearing Collector's Old No. 3467, 3468, and New No. 10234, Old Survey No. 3048, 3049, and the premises are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under E. Ward No. 1172, 1058 and Street No. 28 and 29, and bounded on the east by the property of Jetha Vani, on the west by the property of Sayaji Falvell, on the north by Kamatipura 2nd Street, and on the south by Kamatipoora 1st Street.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from the undersigned.

SALE at 10 o'clock in the morning (S. T.), opposite Grant Road Station (Up Platform).

BONA FIDE SALE of Household Furniture, Pianos, Chubb's Safes, Cutlery, Glassware and Crockery.

Messrs. SORABJI COWASJI and Co. will, on MONDAY, the 30th day of March, 1908, sell by Public Auction, at the above address, at 10 o'clock in the morning, the entire stock of furniture, etc., of Mr. J. J. Collett, consisting of tapestry and velvet lined drawing-room sofas, chairs, easychairs, centre tables, teapoys, side tables, morocco leather lined chairs, cabinets, corner stands, sliding dining tables, dumb-waiters, side-boards, iron and brass bedsteads, Ditmar's lamps, cutlery cases, platedware, crockery, glassware and also a new Chubb's safe on stand, one cottage piano by Schidmyer and Sobennes, Persian and Indian carpets, one electric music figure and majolica flower-pots.

The goods are on view.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of knocking the lot to the purchaser and the balance shall be paid and goods cleared away next day after the sale.

SALE of IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT KAMATIPURA 7th AND 8th STREET out of FORT.

MESSRS. SORABJI CAWASJI & Co. will, by order of Marwadi Foolchand Khooba, Khooma, Mane, and Kevla Dhana, and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchasers, Vohra Abdoolhoosein Noorooddin and Eahbhoy Noorooddin, who have made an agreement to purchase the property on the 6th December, 1907, sell by Public Auction, TO MORROW, TUESDAY, the the 31st day of March, 1908, at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.), on the premises the undermentioned property:—

All those three pieces of Government land, now formed into one, situate at Kamatipoora 7th and 8th Street, out of Fort, Bombay, containing by admeasurement 226 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 10716, 10717, 10718, New Survey Nos. 6712, 6713, 6714, and assessed by the Municipal Assessor under E. Ward Nos. 1752, 1753, 1754-55 and Street Nos. 103, 104, 110, 108, 110, and 112, and bounded on the east by the property of Lingubai, on the west by the property of Damjee Dharmaji, on the north by the 8th Kamatipoora Street, and on the south by the 7th Kamatipoora Street.

Further particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

BOMBAY, 30TH MARCH, 1908.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No. 33, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE of iron and emery wheels.

Under instructions from the B. I. S. Navigation, Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 30th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), in the compound of the Company's Offices, Ballard Pier, Fort:

A quantity of steel joists, iron bars, plates, pipes, &c., 20 emery wheels.

AUCTION SALE of 150 Shares of the Berar Manufacturing Co., Ld.

On MONDAY, the 6th April, 1908, at 4 P. M. (Standard Time) Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, Hummum Street, Fort, by order of Dewan Bahadur Kasturchand Abirchand, and on account and at the risk of Mr. Pestonjee Jehangir Hormusjee:—

150 Shares of the Berar Manufacturing Coy., Ld.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Bhaishankar Kanga & Girdharlal, Solicitors, or to the undersigned.

MENESSE & Co.

BOMBAY, 30TH MARCH, 1908.

CONNAUGHT HOTEL,
POONA.

CUISINE OF THE VERY BEST.
Most Central Position.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE FINE WHITE PEARLS.

A good opportunity to pearl merchants and gentlemen wishing to purchase pearls for household purposes.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 31st instant, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, on account of the concerned, the following parcels of pearls, returned from London.

Parcel No. 330—1 Bunch, 7 strings, 241 pearls, 223 carats, about 142 chows.

Parcel No. 332—1 bunch, 9 strings, 340 pearls, 231 carats, about 110 chows.

Parcel No. 330—1 bunch, 11 strings, 466 pearls, 239 carats, about 95 chows.

Parcel No. 332—1 bunch, 11 strings, 583 pearls, 243 carats, about 80 chows.

Parcel No. 332—1 bunch, 16 strings, 909 pearls, 297 carats, about 69 chows.

Parcel No. 333—1 bunch, 4 strings, 110 pearls, 176 carats, about 191 chows.

Parcel No. 333—1 bunch, 4 strings, 122 pearls, 153 carats, 131 chows.

The above is now on view.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable white large undrilled round Pearls of best quality.

On WEDNESDAY, the 1st April, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, under instructions from Messrs. Killick Nixon and Co., and on account and risk of Mr. Gulabchand Hirabhai Ghelabhai, sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms:—

Parcel No. 36—1 Packet, 228 pearls, weighing about 345 chows.

Parcel No. 58—1 Packet, 34 pearls, weighing about 200 chows.

Parcel No. 60—1 Bunch, 24 strings, 1,508 pearls, about 125 chows.

Parcel No. 69—1 Packet, 3 fine very large button pearls, about 201 chows.

Parcel No. 70—1 Packet, 2 fine very large button pearls, about 125 chows.

The above is no won view.

BONA FIDE SALE.

Under instructions from R. D. Setna, Esqr., the Receiver appointed in suit No. 975 of 1907, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, on THURSDAY, the 2nd April next, at 2-30 p. m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, at Shaik Memon Street, in the house of the late Mr. Hirabhoy Ghellabhoy, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood plain and carved F. P. household furniture, such as large glass-door single and double almyrahs, iron, teakwood and blackwood double and single bedstead, officetable, chairs, chests-of-drawers, and large iron safe by Chubb and Son, on stand, wall clocks, gas lamps, hanging kerosine lamps, large looking glasses, benches, pictures, tiled top square teapoys, etc., etc., the property of the late Mr. Hirabhoy Ghellabhoy.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE S.S. "SHAH NAJAM" AND "SHAH NOOR."

Under instructions from Mr. Hajee Ahmed Hassan, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, on SATURDAY, the 4th April next, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, on account of the concerned:

The s.s. "Shah Najam," formerly the P. & O. Co.'s mail boat "Bengal," built at Greenock in the year 1885, official No. 87424, of 4652 gross tons, 2752 nett tons, about 400 feet long, 45 feet broad, 29 feet deep, of 800 H.P. with her mast, furniture and apparel, as she now lies in the harbour.

The s.s. "Shah Noor," formerly the P. & O. Co.'s mail boat, "Coromandel," built at Greenock in the year 1885, official No. 87418 of 4252 tons, nett tonnage 2783, about 400 feet long, 45 feet broad, and 29 feet deep, of 800 H. P. with her mast, furniture and apparel, as she now lies in the harbour.

Both the steamers have certificates to carry 1200 Hajees and are in good navigable condition.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of Sale.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO SECURE BROKEN AND SEASONED HORSES AT A CHEAP RATE.

ON TUESDAY, the 7th proximo, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Tramway Co.'s Stables at Colaba Causeway:—

About 80 horses of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramway Co., Ltd., consisting of Australians, Arabs, Persians and Country breds.

The horses are in good condition and are a useful batch.

The horses are sold in reduction of the Company's stud consequent of the electrification of the Tramway.

The horses will be on view four days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE of Very Valuable Building Plots at Ghamdevi Road.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th April, 1908, at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, on the site, the following very valuable building plots, for the term of 999 years.

Plots Nos.	Area Square Yards.
87	1,983
88	1,459
89	1,533
90	1,662

Plans for the sites, conditions of sale, building conditions, of form of lease and all further particulars, can be had on application from the Trust Engineer, Trust Building, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable Landed Property at Dharamsey Street, or Fulgally.

ON MONDAY, the 13th April next, at 4-30 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of Mr. Sakerlall Dalpatram Mehta, the surviving mortgagee and on account and risk of Messrs. Tyeb Ali Husan Ali, Jainabai Husan Ali and Fatmabai Husan Ali, the Mortagors the following very valuable landed property:

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent tenure land or ground with the messuage tenement or dwellinghouse standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Dharamsey Street or Fulgally on the East side of Balloo Doctor Street, in the Sub-District of Bhuleshwar in the town and island of Bombay, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 737 and New No. 7897 and Old Survey No. 1472 and New Survey No. 4583 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C. Ward No. 6932, and Street No. 9 and 15, and containing by admeasurement seventy-two and two-ninth of a square yard or thereabouts and bounded as follows: That is to say, on or towards the east by a sweeper's passage, on or towards the west by Balloo Doctor Street, on or towards the north by the house of Fidaaly Hyderally and on or towards the south by the house of Athabhoy Esmailji.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Bhaishanker Kanga and Girdharlal.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE BUILDING PLOTS AT PRINCESS AND SHAIK MEMON STREET.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th April, 1908, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, on the site the following very valuable building plots for the term of 999 years:

Plots No.	Approximate area.	Plots No.	Approximate area.
13	383 sq. yds.	18	567 sq. yds.
14	570 "	19	567 "
15	567 "	101	600 "
16	567 " Shaik	121	400 "
17	567 " Memon	122	270 "
	St. Plots	123	270 "

Plans for the sites, conditions of sale, building conditions, form of lease and all further particulars can be had on application from the Trust Engineer, Trust Building, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

BOMBAY, 30TH MARCH, 1908.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
19 BANK STREET.

BONA FIDE SALE,

Good opportunity to Ladies for securing fine Dress Materials.

THISDAY, MONDAY, the 30th instant, at 1-30 p.m., each day, Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on Hornby Road, Fort, next to "Alice Buildings," the remaining stock-in-trade of the ladies' department of Messrs. A. FREDOON & Co., vacating the premises, consisting of fine dress Muslins, Zephyrs, voiles, etc., of assorted designs, also ready made gents' suits, shirts, pieces of woollen goods, etc.

Also electric arch lamps, fittings, fan, etc.

The above will be sold in small lots to suit the purchasers and is on view.

J. S. MODY AND CO.

BOMBAY, 30TH MARCH, 1908.

ENGINE & BOILER.—For Sale.—A Portable Loco Type Boiler, with Engine, in good working order, by Ransomes Head & Jefferies. Open to any examination by intending purchasers. Apply Box No. 407, c/o "Bombay Gazette" Office.

Made with the same unfailing care for half-a-century.

Callard & Bowser's Butter-Scotch

You may enjoy Callard & Bowser's

For Street Lighting. **Useful for Municipalities**

STREET LAMP.

THE WASHINGTON COMPRESSED KEROSINE OIL INCANDESCENT LIGHT

IS THE CHEAPEST AND MOST BRILLIANT LIGHT OF THE DAY

Specially Suitable for

RAILWAY STATIONS, RAILWAY WORKSHOPS, RAILWAY PLATFORMS, CROSSINGS, SHUNTING YARDS, Etc., MILL COMPOUNDS, STREETS, PARKS CHURCHES, PALACES, MESSES, OFFICES, SHOPS, FACTORIES, Etc.

ADVANTAGES.

ONE charge of oil lasts for one month.

Enormous Saving in the Consumption of Kerosine Oil. Russian Kerosine Oil (Bulk Oil) can be used.

Each Burner consumes 3 ozs. of Oil, which costs 2 pies per hour per Burner. Especially adapted for up-country use where gas is not available.

Storm and rain proof lamps from 00 to 1,500 candle power.

The lamps are very safe and free from any danger.

Already largely used by Railways and Municipalities.

For further particulars apply to

A. MAHLER,

APOLLO STREET,

BOMBAY

AGENT—

A. DE SOUZA

BOMBAY

AND

CALCUTTA.

GRIMBLE'S MALT VINEGAR.

LONDON & EDINBURGH.

ESTABLISHED IN 1840.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

The Universal Remedy for Acidity of the Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, Indigestion, Sour Eructations, Bilious Affections.

The Physician's Cure for Gout, Rheumatic Gout and Gravel.

Safest and most Effective Aperient for Regular Use.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

Mellin's Food

UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

REQUIRES NO COOKING.

Is adapted for the use of all infants from birth

Send for sample and the valuable work for Mothers, entitled "THE CARE OF INFANTS IN INDIA," to—

Bombay: Messrs. Kemp & Co., Ltd. Karachee: Messrs. Ewart, Ryrie & Co.
Calcutta: Messrs. Mackenzie, Lyall & Co. Madras: Messrs. Oakes & Co., Ltd.
Cocanada: Messrs. Hall, Wilson, & Co. Rangoon: Messrs. Latham, Black & Co.
Colombo: Messrs. Cargill's, Ltd.

Mellin's Food is obtainable from all dealers throughout India, Burma, and Ceylon.

MAKES THE SKIN AS SOFT AS VELVET.

BEETHAM'S LAIT Larola Regd

KEEPS THE SKIN COOL AND REFRESHED IN HOT CLIMATES,

PREVENTS THE ATTACK OF MOSQUITOES, etc.

AND PREVENTS IT BECOMING PARCHED and DRIED UP from Exposure to the Sun.

When frequently used.

IT IS UNEQUALLED AS A DELIGHTFUL SKIN TONIC & EMOLLIENT.

M. BEETHAM & SON, Cheltenham, England.

Bombay Agents:—Messrs. TREACHER & Co., Bombay.
Messrs. THOMSON & TAYLOR, Bombay.
Messrs. KEMP & Co., Ltd., Bombay.

"CAUTION—The name of "PHOSPHODYNE is protected "under the Trade Marks Protection Act for the whole of India and "proceedings will be taken against the vendors of any colorable or other "imitation thereof

The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-4, open to all

REGISTERED **DR. LALOR'S** TRADE MARK.

PHOSPHODYNE

HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for Brain Wreckage, Paralysis, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney, and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

Its energizing effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon, by order of Her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY.

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY, HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENGLAND.

THE RECORD FOR RELIABILITY!

HAS ALWAYS BEEN HELD BY,

SIDDELEY AUTOCARS.

COME AND INSPECT OUR NEW STOCK.

Sole Agents:—

K. & S. MOTOR COY.,

TARDEO, BOMBAY.

A Durable, Washable, Sanitary Distemper

FOR THE INTERIOR OR EXTERIOR DECORATION OF

HOSPITALS, CHURCHES, RAILWAY STATIONS, THEATRES, | HOTELS, SCHOOLS, PRIVATE HOUSES, &c., &c.

Suitable for NEW or DAMP WALLS. ABSOLUTELY FREE from SMELL.

ASPINALL'S WAPICTI

Wapicti is a Powerful Antiseptic Paint, and does not furnish a culture ground for germs.

¶ WAPICTI covers twice the surface that is coated by an equal weight of Oil Paint. Contains no poisonous white lead. Dries much quicker yet equally as durable as oil paint at less cost. Suitable for all climates. Two coats of WAPICTI produce a superior effect to three coats of oil and one coat of flatted paint.

Manufactured by

ASPINALL'S ENAMEL, LTD., New Cross, LONDON.

Full Particulars and Samples from

TOTHILL SHARP & CO.,
TAMARIND LANE, FORT, BOMBAY.
SOLE AGENTS FOR BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.

TRY IT IN YOUR BATH

SCRUBB'S CLOUDY AMMONIA

MARVELLOUS PREPARATION

Refreshing as a Turkish Bath. Invaluable for all Toilet Purposes.
Splendid Cleansing Preparation for the Hair.
Removes Stains an Grease Spots from Clothing, Etc.
Restores the Colour to Carpets.
Allays the Irritation caused by Mosquito Bites.
Invigorating in Hot Climates.
Cleans Plate and Jewellery. Softens Hard Water.

For Sale by all Grocers and Chemists.

SCRUBB & CO., LTD., Guildford St., LONDON, S.E.

LET your choice of a TYPEWRITER be in favour of a VISIBLE WRITER, a good Manifolder and one which will not easily get out of order.

The

OLIVER Typewriter

MUST be the Machine of your choice. ITS VISIBLE WRITING Feature, great manifolding Power and Reliability have made it the SUCCESS that it is.

THERE can be no doubt about it.

SOLE AGENTS.

W. H. THORNS & Co.,
13-15, HORNBY ROW BOMBAY.

DR. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be *The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in*

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.

"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.

"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.

"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognized; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils, and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognised."

DR. R. C. CROFT,
Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."

"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is Supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BEITE Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures.

WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

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By Special Warrant

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Celebrated Oilmen's Stores

PICKLES, SOUPS, JAMS, JELLIES, POTTED MEATS, MALT VINEGAR.

Agents for LEA & PERRIN'S WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

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REDUCED PRICES. REDUCED PRICES. REDUCED PRICES. REDUCED PRICES. REDUCED PRICES REDUCED PRICES REDUCED PRICES. REDUCED PRICES. REDUCED PRICES. REDUCED PRICES REDUCED PRICES REDUCED PRICES REDUCED PRICES

REDUCTION IN PRICES.

TO REDUCE OUR LARGE STOCK OF

ENGLISH WALL CLOCKS.

SUITABLE FOR RAILWAYS, POST OFFICES, PUBLIC BUILDINGS GUARD-ROOMS, MESSES, CLUBS, HOSPITALS AND SCHOOLS.

IMPORTANT: Our usual guarantee, for a period of 2 years, will be provided with every clock. "CLOCK" signifies striking hours. "TIMEPIECE" signifies non-strike. These timekeepers are specially strongly made and of a special quality, best English manufacture throughout. They can be relied upon for accuracy under all conditions of climate. With reasonable care will last a century.

			Catalogue Price.	Reduced Price.
		English 8 day Wind Pendulum Timepiece, 12-in. dial, bold figures and hands, solid mahogany case of extra strength, bezels of solid brass, bevelled plate fronts. The movements are fitted with solid steel pinions, fusee, chain and all improvements	Rs. 85	Rs. 6
Do.	do	Clock (striker), 12-in. dial	160	12
Do.	do	Timepiece, 14-in. dial	115	8
Do.	do	Clock do.	165	13
Do.	do	Timepiece, 16-in. dial	165	132
Do.	do	Clock do.	280	224
Do.	do	Timepiece, 18-in. dial	280	224
Do.	do	Clock do.	375	300
Do.	do	Timepiece, 24-in. dial	345	276
Do.	do	Clock do.	485	388

The 24-in. dials can be wound at the back as well as the front and are specially suitable for a Mill Factory or over a gateway as a public clock.

We guarantee all the above Timekeepers as the best that can possibly be made.

USEFUL OFFICE CLOCKS.

			Catalogue Price.	Reduced Price.
		Anglo-American 8 day Lever Timepiece, in English made solid mahogany case, 12-in. dial, bold figures. Having a lever movement this Timekeeper will go in any position—like a watch	Rs. 75	Rs. 60
Do.	do.	Clock (strikers)	" 95	" 76
Do.	do.	Timepiece, pendulum movement	" 65	" 52
Do.	do.	Clock do.	" 75	" 60

ENGINE ROOM or SHIP'S CLOCK.

			Catalogue Price.	Reduced Price.
		In circular solid brass or oxidised metal cases. The movements are specially constructed to withstand the varying temperature of an engine room, 6-in white enamelled dial, bold figures, stout hands, and with seconds hand. Timepiece	Rs. 65	Rs. 52
Do.	do.	Clock	" 75	" 60

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

FAVRE LEUBA & CO.,

WATCH AND CLOCK SPECIALISTS AND MANUFACTURERS,

Alice Building, 31, Hornby Road,

BOMBAY.

THE RAILWAY REGULATOR WATCH.

Strong Nickel, Open-face, Keyless, Lever Watch, will stand plenty of rough wear, and keep good time. We can confidently recommend it as one of the best cheap Watches in the market.

Nickel Silver Case ... ... Rs. 10.

Solid Silver Case ... ... Rs. 15.

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